

# 2019 MEDICARE REFERENCE SHEET

		PART A Hospital Insurance  PART B Medical Insurance			RT D Drug Insurance	PART C Medicare Advantage	MEDIGAP Medicare Supplement			
		Original Medicare					Alternative to Original Medicare	Supplement to Original Medicare		
	Administered directly through the federal government				Administered by private insurers with federal regulation			Administered by private insurers with state regulation and federal laws		
Covers	Skilled nursing	& inpatient services g after a hospital stay ed home health care	Doctor visits     Outpatient medical services     Preventative care     Clinical laboratory services		Prescriį	otion drugs	Covers all Part A & B services & generally includes prescription drug coverage. May also provide coverage for dental, vision, hearing & other health or wellness services.	Helps reduce out-of-pocket expenses for Parts A & B including deductibles, copays & coinsurance.		
Eligibility	Must	be 65 years old or hav			al conditio	n		ort A or B, cannot	Must have P	art A & B
		and be a	U.S. citizen or leg	gal resident			hav	e Part C		Cannot have Part C
	Aut	omatic enrollment a	age 65 if receivi	ng Social Security	benefits				Voluntary Enrollment	
		Initial Enrollment Period: 7-month window beginning 3 r					months before	month of 65th birt	Medigap Open Enrollment Period:	
Enrollment	General Enrollment Period: January - March 31						Annual Open Enrollment Period: October 15 – December 7			6-month window beginning month in which 65 or older and enrolled
	Special enrollment period: 8-month window after employment or coverage ends				Special enrollment period: 63-day window after employment or credible insurance coverage ends			in Part B. Cannot be denied coverage based on health condition during this period.		
	No annual premium if individual or spouse qualifies for Social Security benefits. Otherwise a maximum premium of \$437 per month.  Income-based premium ranging from \$135.50 to \$460.50 per month  Most new enrollees will pay \$135.50 per month, but those with higher income may pay more					month,	\$32.50 but can Those with hi	nthly premium is vary widely by plan igher income pay n surcharge	Costs vary widely by each plan Individual still pays	Costs vary widely by policy type, geography and insurer
	Hospital Stay	Individual Pays	Modified Adjusted G	iross Income in 2017	Part B F	Premiums	Part D Surcharge		premiums for Part B	10 nationally standardized plans
	Days 1-60	\$1,364 deductible	Single	Married (Joint)	Monthly	Annual	Monthly	Annual		labeled by letters A – N
	Days 61-90	\$341 daily copay	under \$85K	under \$170K	\$135.50	\$1,626	\$0	\$0	Plans generally have a limited network of providers that are covered	Massachusetts, Minnesota
Costs	Days 91-150 *	\$682 daily copay	\$85K to \$107K	\$170K to \$214K	\$189.60	\$2,275.20	\$12.40	\$148.80	·	and Wisconsin standardize
	*(60 lifetime reserve days)  Days 151+ All costs		\$107K to \$133.5K	\$214K to \$267K	\$270.90	\$3,250.80	\$31.90	\$382.80	Generally co-payment structure for services. Some plans utilize deductibles and co-insurance.	plans differently  Plans with the same letter must
			\$267K to \$320K			\$51.40	\$616.80			
	Skilled Nursing Indiv Facility Stay	g Individual Pays		\$320K to \$750K			\$70.90	\$850.80	Varies widely but out of pocket max is capped at \$6,700 annually	offer the same benefits, but will be
			over \$500K	\$750K	\$460.50	\$5,526.00	\$77.40	\$928.80		priced differently by providers
	Days 1-20	\$0	Annual Deductible \$185				Plan deductibles can range			
	Days 21-100 \$170.50 daily copay  Days 101+ All costs  Coinsurance 20% of Medicare			0% of Medicare ap	oproved amount		from \$0 to	\$415 annually		
Penalties	10% premium increase for each year enrollment is delayed. Only applies to those who must pay Part A premiums.  10% premium increase each 12-month period enrollment is delayed, unless covered by another creditable health insurance plan. Lifetime penalty.		month enroll unless cove credible presc	increase for each ment is delayed, red by another ription drug plan. ie penalty.						



## **2019 SOCIAL SECURITY REFERENCE SHEET**

FICA Tax	Employee	Self-Employed	
Social Security Tax (OASDI) on Earnings up to \$132,900	6.2%	12.4%	
Medicare Tax (HI) on all Earnings	1.45%	2.90%	
Plus 0.90% Tax on Earnings Over \$200K (Single) or \$250K (Joint)			

## **Primary Insurance Amount (PIA)**

- Eligible to collect at Full Retirement Age (FRA)
- · Determined by an individual's 35 highest earning years

Maximum PIA in 2019

\$2,861 per month

Earnings Limits & Withholding of Benefits if Collecting Prior to FRA					
Age	Earnings Limit	Benefits Withheld			
Under FRA in 2019	\$17,640/yr	\$1 of benefits withheld for every \$2 of earnings exceeding limit			
Reaching FRA in 2019	\$46,920/yr	\$1 of benefits withheld for every \$3 of earnings exceeding limit			

## Taxation of Benefits - Determined by Provisional Income

= Adjusted Gross Income + Tax-Exempt Interest + ½ SS Benefits

Single	Married	% of Benefits Taxed
Less than \$25K	Less than \$32K	0%
\$25K-\$34K	\$32K-\$44K	Up to 50%
More than \$34K	More than \$44K	Up to 85%

Breakeven Age by Filing Age & Annual Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)					
	62 vs 66	62 vs 70	66 vs 70		
No COLA	78	80	82		
1% COLA	77	79	81		
2% COLA	76	78	80		

Assumes FRA is 66

## **RAYMOND JAMES**®

Individual Benefits						
Birth Year	Age on Birthday	FRA	% of PIA Eligible to Receive			
	in 2019		At 62	At FRA	At 70	
1943 – 1954	65+	66	75%	100%	132%	
1955	64	66 & 2 months	74.2%	100%	130.7%	
1956	63	66 & 4 months	73.3%	100%	129.3%	
1957	62	66 & 6 months	72.5%	100%	128%	
1958	61	66 & 8 months	71.7%	100%	126.7%	
1959	60	66 & 10 months	70.8%	100%	125.3%	
1960 & later	59	67	70%	100%	124%	

## **Spousal Benefits**

Married individuals can collect benefits on their spouse's earning record if:

- Married for at least one year or parent of a qualifying child
- At least age 62 (unless caring for a child)
- The other spouse has started collecting their individual benefits

Age 62 32.5% – 35% of spouse's PIA FRA or later 50% of spouse's PIA

- If eligible for individual and spousal benefit, will receive larger of the two
- If born prior to 1954, can collect spousal benefit at 66 and switch to individual benefit up to age 70

#### **Survivor Benefits**

A surviving spouse can receive a deceased spouse's benefit or PIA if:

- Married for at least 9 months or parent of a qualifying child
- At least 60 years old, unless disabled (age 50) or caring for deceased spouse's child (any age)

			Greater of:
Age 60	71.5% of deceased spouse's	FRA or	• What the deceased spouse would receive
	benefit at death or PIA	later	if alive or
			• 82.5% of the deceased spouse's PIA

## **Benefits for Divorced Spouses**

An ex-spouse can receive divorced spousal or survivor benefits if:

- Marriage lasted for at least 10 years
- At least age 62 (60 for survivor benefits)
- Ex-spouse is age 62 and divorced for at least 2 years (if less than 2 years, spouse has to have filed)
- Currently unmarried (unless remarried after age 60 for survivor benefits)