



IAAdvisor 529 Plan

Imagine. Educate. Achieve.

Program Description and Participation Agreement

April 1, 2019

Michael L. Fitzgerald
Iowa State Treasurer

Iowa Advisor 529 Plan
Supplement No. 9 dated March 31, 2021
To the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description
and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 as supplemented from time to time (the "Program Description"). You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

1. Effective April 30, 2021 VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio replaces Voya Small Company Fund as a Single Fund Option.
2. Effective April 30, 2021, Voya Floating Rate Fund, Voya Index Plus Large Cap Portfolio, Voya Large Cap Growth Portfolio, Voya Small Company Fund, Voya U.S. Bond Index Portfolio, Brookfield Global Listed Real Estate Fund, and Credit Suisse Commodity Return Strategy are removed as Underlying Options for the Age-Based and Static Allocation Options.
3. Effective April 30, 2021, Voya Global Bond Fund, Voya High Yield Bond Fund, Voya Large Cap Growth Fund, Voya Multi-Manager International Factors Fund, VY® Invesco Comstock Portfolio, VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio, and VY® T. Rowe Price Growth Equity Portfolio are added as Underlying Options for the Age-Based and Static Allocation Options.
4. Effective April 30, 2021 "Appendix A: Investment Options" is revised to update the investment strategies and principal risks as of April 30, 2021.
5. Effective April 30, 2021 "Appendix B: Allocations to Underlying Funds" is revised to update the allocations as of April 30, 2021.
6. Effective April 30, 2021 "Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options" is revised to update the risks as of April 30, 2021.
7. Effective April 30, 2021 "Appendix E: Total Estimated Annual Fees and Expenses" is revised to update the expenses.
8. Effective April 30, 2021 "Appendix F: Approximate Cost of A \$10,000 Contribution" is revised to update the information as of April 30, 2021.

CHANGES TO PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Program Description is revised as follows:

Changes to Appendix A

Effective April 30, 2021, "Appendix A: Investment Options – As Supplemented June 30, 2020" of the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description") is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix A: Investment Options – Effective April 30, 2021."

Changes to Appendix B

Effective April 30, 2021, "Appendix B: Allocations to Underlying Funds" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix B: Allocations to Underlying Funds – Effective April 30, 2021."

Changes to Appendix C

Effective April 30, 2021, "Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options – Effective April 30, 2021."

Changes to Appendix E

Effective April 30, 2021, "Appendix E: Total Estimated Annual Fees and Expenses – Effective January 1, 2020" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix E: Total Estimated Annual Fees and Expenses – Effective April 30, 2021."

Changes to Appendix F

Effective April 30, 2021, "Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution – effective January 1, 2020" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution – Effective April 30, 2021"

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

APPENDIX A: INVESTMENT OPTIONS – EFFECTIVE APRIL 30, 2021

The following Options are offered through the IAdvisor 529 Plan:

Age-Based Options	Single Fund Options
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Voya Government Money Market Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Voya Intermediate Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Voya International Index Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Voya Large Cap Growth Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Voya Large Cap Value Option
	Voya MidCap Opportunities Option
Static Allocation Options	Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Voya Short Term Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Voya U.S. Stock Index Option
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option
	VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Option

The table below includes a description of each Option’s investment strategy and principal investment risks. Each Option’s principal investment risks correspond to the principal investment risks of each Underlying Fund in which the Option seeks to invest at least 5% of its net assets. As such, you should understand that an Option may be subject to additional investment risks. Additional detail about the principal investment risks listed below may be found in “Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options.”

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 85% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 15% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Initial Public Offerings, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Repurchase Agreements, Small-Capitalization Company, Special Situations, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Focused Investing, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Initial Public Offerings, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
		Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Restricted Securities, Sovereign Debt, Special Situations, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing, Zero-Coupon and Pay-in-Kind Securities
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Initial Public Offerings, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Restricted Securities, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing, Zero-Coupon and Pay-in-Kind Securities
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 25% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 75% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Restricted Securities, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing, Zero-Coupon and Pay-in-Kind Securities

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in conservative investments seeking protection of principal. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 5% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 95% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage-and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Restricted Securities, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing, Zero-Coupon and Pay-in-Kind Securities

Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 95% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 5% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Initial Public Offerings, Interest Rate, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Repurchase Agreements, Small-Capitalization Company, Special Situations, Value Investing

Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 83% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 17% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developed and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Initial Public Offerings, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Restricted Securities, Repurchase Agreements, Small-Capitalization Company, Sovereign Debt, Special Situations, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developed and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Initial Public Offerings, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Restricted Securities, Sovereign Debt, Special Situations, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Bank Instruments, Borrowing, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage-and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Real Estate, Restricted Securities, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing, Zero-Coupon and Pay-in-Kind Securities,

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Government Money Market Option	Through its investments in Voya Government Money Market Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to provide investors with a high current return consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity. The portfolio invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in government securities, cash and repurchase agreements collateralized fully by government securities or cash. For purposes of this policy, "government securities" mean any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing. In addition, under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in government securities and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by government securities. The portfolio invests in a portfolio of securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) that will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The portfolio may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis. The securities purchased by the portfolio are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, and other rules adopted by the SEC. Portfolio investments of the portfolio are valued based on the amortized cost valuation method pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may maintain a rating from one or more rating agencies that provide ratings on money market funds. There can be no assurance that the portfolio will maintain any particular rating or maintain it with a particular rating agency. To maintain a rating, the sub-adviser may manage the portfolio more conservatively than if it was not rated. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies that are money market funds to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. You could lose money by investing in the portfolio. Although the portfolio seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the portfolio is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The portfolio's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the portfolio, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the portfolio at any time.	Cash/Cash Equivalents, Credit, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Money Market Regulatory, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Repurchase Agreements, U.S. Government Securities, When Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Intermediate Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to maximize total return through income and capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a portfolio of bonds, including but not limited to corporate, government and mortgage bonds, which, at the time of purchase, are rated investment-grade (for example, rated at least BBB- by S&P Global Ratings or Baa3 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or have an equivalent rating by a NRSRO, or are of comparable quality if unrated. Although the fund may invest a portion of its assets in high-yield (high risk) debt instruments rated below investment grade (commonly referred to as "junk bonds"), the fund will seek to maintain a minimum weighted average portfolio quality rating of at least investment-grade. Generally, the sub-adviser maintains a dollar-weighted average duration between three and ten years. The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; high quality money market instruments; municipal bonds; debt instruments of foreign issuers (including those located in emerging market countries); securities denominated in foreign currencies; foreign currencies; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; bank loans and floating rate secured loans ("Senior Loans"); and derivatives including futures, options, and swaps (including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps and total return swaps) involving securities, securities indices and interest rates, which may be denominated in the U.S. dollar or foreign currencies. The fund typically uses derivatives to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may seek to obtain exposure to the securities in which it invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or through other investment techniques such as buy backs and dollar rolls. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Bank Instruments, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investing through Bond Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage-and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya International Index Option ¹	<p>Through its investments in Voya International Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of a widely accepted international index ("Index"). The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies which are, at the time of purchase, included in the Index; convertible securities that are convertible into stocks included in the Index; other derivatives whose economic returns are, by design, closely equivalent to the returns of the Index or its components; and exchange-traded funds that track the index. Under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests all, or substantially all of its assets in these securities. The portfolio currently invests principally in common stocks and employs a "passive management" approach designed to track the performance of the Index (currently, the MSCI EAFE® Index). Because the portfolio's assets invested in common stocks will be allocated in approximately the same relative proportion as the Index, the portfolio may concentrate to approximately the same extent that the Index concentrates in the stock of a particular industry or group of industries. In seeking to track the performance of the Index, the portfolio may become "non-diversified," as defined in the 1940 Act, as a result of a change in relative market capitalizations or index weightings of one or more components of the Index. As a result, whether at any time the portfolio will be considered "diversified" or "non-diversified" will depend largely on the make-up of the Index at the time. The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio's cash position as well as forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge currency risk. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>

¹ Voya International Index Option is only available to account owners previously invested in the Vanguard FTSE All World ex-US ETF Portfolio, an option offered by the prior program manager, as of March 1, 2013.

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	Through its investments in Voya Large-Cap Growth Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of large-capitalization companies. For this fund, the sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations which fall within the range of companies in the Russell 1000® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in foreign securities. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, index futures and options to hedge against market risk or to enhance returns. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 30% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending
Voya Large Cap Value Option	Through its investments in Voya Large Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital and current income. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of dividend-paying, large-capitalization issuers. For this fund, the sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell 1000® Value Index at the time of purchase. Equity securities include common and preferred stocks, warrants, and convertible securities. The fund may invest in foreign securities, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may also invest up to 20% of its assets in small- and mid-capitalization companies. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Dividend, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	Through its investments in Voya MidCap Opportunities Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-sized U.S. companies. For this fund, the sub-adviser defines mid-sized companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the range of companies in the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may also invest in derivative instruments including futures or index futures that have a similar profile to the benchmark of the fund. The fund typically uses derivatives for the purpose of maintaining equity market exposure on its cash balance. The fund may also invest in foreign securities. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Fund (sub-advised by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. The fund invests at least 65% of its assets in equity securities of companies organized under the laws of, or with principal offices located in, a number of different countries outside of the United States, including companies in countries in emerging markets. The fund does not seek to focus its investments in a particular industry or country. The fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization. The equity securities in which the fund may invest include, but are not limited to, common stocks, preferred stocks, depositary receipts, rights and warrants to buy common stocks, privately placed securities, and IPOs. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including options, futures, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund typically uses derivatives to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying assets, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund invests its assets in foreign investments which are denominated in U.S. dollars, major reserve currencies and currencies of other countries and can be affected by fluctuations in exchange rates. To attempt to protect against adverse changes in currency exchange rates, the fund may, but will not necessarily use special techniques such as forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Growth Investing, Initial Public Offerings, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value investing</p>
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Hahn Capital Management, LLC; LSV Asset Management; and Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-capitalization companies. For this fund, the sub-advisers define mid-capitalization companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell Midcap® Index and the S&P MidCap 400® Index at the time of purchase. The fund focuses on securities that the sub-advisers believe are undervalued in the marketplace. The fund expects to invest primarily in securities of U.S.-based companies, but may also invest in securities of non-U.S. companies, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivatives, including futures, as a substitute for securities in which the fund can invest, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, Index Strategy, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Short Term Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Short Term Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks maximum total return. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a diversified portfolio of bonds or derivative instruments having economic characteristics similar to bonds. The average dollar-weighted maturity of the fund will not exceed 5 years. Because of the fund's holdings in amortizing and/or sinking fund securities such as, but not exclusively, asset-backed, commercial mortgage-backed, residential mortgage-backed, collateralized loan obligations, and corporate bonds, the fund's average dollar-weighted maturity is equivalent to the average weighted maturity of the cash flows in the securities held by the fund given certain prepayment assumptions (also known as weighted average life). The fund invests in non-government issued debt securities, issued by companies of all sizes, rated investment-grade, but may also invest up to 20% of its total assets in high yield securities, (commonly referred to as "junk bonds"). The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; U.S. government securities, securities of foreign governments, and supranational organizations; mortgage-backed and asset-backed debt securities; municipal bonds, notes, and commercial paper; and debt securities of foreign issuers. The fund may engage in dollar roll transactions and swap agreements, including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, and total return swaps. The fund may use options, options on swap agreements and futures contracts involving securities, securities indices and interest rates to hedge against market risk, to enhance returns, and as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset. In addition, private placements of debt securities (which are often restricted securities) are eligible for purchase along with other illiquid securities. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage-and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks total return. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies included in the S&P 500® Index ("Index") or equity securities of companies that are representative of the index (including derivatives). The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a "passive management" approach designed to track the performance of the Index, which is comprised of stocks of large U.S. companies. The portfolio usually attempts to replicate the performance of the Index by investing all, or substantially all, of its assets in stocks that make up the Index. In seeking to track the performance of the Index, the portfolio may become "non-diversified," as defined in the 1940 Act, as a result of a change in relative market capitalizations or index weightings of one or more components of the Index. As a result, whether at any time the portfolio will be considered "diversified" or "non-diversified" will depend largely on the make-up of the Index at the time. The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures and other derivatives as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio's cash position. In the event that the portfolio's market value is \$50 million or less, in order to replicate investment in stocks listed on the Index, the sub-adviser may invest the entire amount of the portfolio's assets in index futures, in exchange-traded funds, or in a combination of index futures and exchange-traded funds, subject to any limitation on the portfolio's investments in such securities. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Derivatives, Index Strategy, Liquidity Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Non-Diversification (Index), Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
<p>VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option:</p>	<p>Through its investments in VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Portfolio (sub-advised by BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.), the Option seeks to maximize real return, consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in inflation-indexed bonds of varying maturities issued by the U.S. and non-U.S. governments, their agencies or instrumentalities, and U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. Inflation-indexed bonds are debt instruments that are structured to provide protection against inflation. For purposes of satisfying the 80% requirement, the portfolio may also invest in derivative instruments that have economic characteristics similar to inflation-indexed bonds. The value of an inflation-indexed bond's principal or the interest income paid on the bond is adjusted to track changes in an official inflation measure. Inflation-indexed bonds issued by a foreign government are generally adjusted to reflect a comparable inflation index, calculated by the foreign government. "Real return" equals total return less the estimated cost of inflation, which is typically measured by the change in an official inflation measure. The portfolio maintains an average portfolio duration that is within ±20% of the duration of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index. The portfolio may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-investment-grade bonds (high-yield or "junk bonds") or debt securities of emerging market issuers. The portfolio also may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers, and may invest, without limit, in U.S. dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers. The portfolio may also purchase: U.S. Treasuries and agency securities, commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, investment-grade corporate bonds, and asset-backed securities. Non-investment-grade bonds acquired by the portfolio will generally be in the lower rating categories of the major rating agencies (BB or lower by S&P Global Ratings or Ba or lower by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or will be determined by the management team to be of similar quality. Split rated bonds will be considered to have the higher of the two credit ratings. The portfolio may buy or sell options or futures, or enter into swaps, interest rate, or forward foreign currency exchange transactions, (collectively, commonly known as "derivatives"). The portfolio typically uses derivatives as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset and/or as part of a strategy designed to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk. The portfolio may also use derivatives to enhance returns, in which case their use would involve leveraging risk. The portfolio may seek to obtain market exposure to the securities in which it primarily invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or by using other investment techniques. The portfolio may also invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets, High-Yield Securities, Inflation-Index Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Option	<p>Through its investments in VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio (sub-advised by J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.), the Option seeks capital growth over the long-term. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of small-capitalization companies. For this portfolio, the sub-adviser defines small-capitalization companies as companies with a market capitalization equal to those within a universe of Russell 2000® Index ("Index") stocks at the time of purchase. The portfolio may also invest up to 20% of its total assets in foreign securities. These investments may take the form of depositary receipts. Depositary receipts are receipts issued by a bank or a trust company reflecting ownership of underlying securities issued by foreign companies. The portfolio may also invest up to 20% of its total assets in convertible securities which generally pay interest or dividends and which can be converted into common or preferred stock. Although the portfolio intends to invest primarily in equity securities, under normal market conditions, it may invest up to 20% of its total assets in high-quality money market instruments and repurchase agreements. The portfolio's equity holdings may include real estate-related securities including real estate investment trusts, which are pools of investments consisting primarily of income-producing real estate or loans related to real estate. Derivatives, which are instruments that have a value based on another instrument, exchange rate or index, may be used as substitutes for securities in which the portfolio can invest. The portfolio may use derivatives, including but not limited to, futures contracts, options, and swaps, to more effectively gain targeted equity exposure from its cash positions, to hedge various investments, for risk management, and to increase the portfolio's return. The portfolio may also invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	Bank Instruments, Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Company, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investments, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Repurchase Agreements, Securities Lending, Small-Capitalization Company

APPENDIX B: ALLOCATIONS TO UNDERLYING FUNDS – EFFECTIVE APRIL 30, 2021

The following table includes each Option’s investment allocation among the Underlying Funds effective April 30, 2021. For more information about an Underlying Fund, please see the Underlying Fund’s prospectus and statement of additional information. You may obtain copies of the Voya and VY® Underlying Funds’ prospectuses, statements of additional information, and most recent semi-annual and annual shareholder reports by calling the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127. To obtain such documents for the Credit Suisse Commodity Return Strategy Fund, you may call 1-877-870-2874 or at www.credit-suisse.com/us/funds and for Brookfield Global Listed Real Estate Fund you may call 1-855-244-4859 or at <https://publicsecurities.brookfield.com/en>.

		Voya Global Bond Fund	Voya Government Money Market Portfolio	Voya High Yield Bond Fund	Voya Intermediate Bond Fund	Voya International Index Portfolio	Voya Large-Cap Growth Fund	Voya Large Cap Value Fund	Voya Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio	Voya MidCap Opportunities Fund	Voya Multi-Manager Emerging Markets Equity Fund	Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Fund	Voya Multi-Manager International Factors Fund	Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund	Voya Short Term Bond Fund	Voya US High Dividend Low Volatility Fund	Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio	VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Portfolio	VY® BrandywineGLOBAL - Bond Portfolio	VY® Invesco Comstock Portfolio	VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio	VY® T. Rowe Price Growth Equity Portfolio
Age-Based Option																						
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	%				11.0		9.0	9.0		2.0	7.0	15.0	4.0	2.0			20.0		4.0	4.0	5.0	8.0
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	%	5.0		5.0	16.0		7.0	8.0		1.5	6.0	11.0	4.0	1.5			14.0	4.0	5.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	%	5.0		5.0	26.0		6.0	5.0		1.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	1.0		3.0	10.0	5.0	13.0		3.0	4.0
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	%	5.0		5.0	22.0		5.5	2.0	5.0	1.0	2.0			1.0	20.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	18.0			
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	%	3.0		8.0	24.0		2.5		16.0						30.0	2.5			14.0			
Static Allocation Option																						
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	%	3.0		2.0			7.5	10.0		4.0	6.0	15.0	5.0	4.0			24.0			5.0	7.0	7.5
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	%	5.0		4.0	8.0		8.0	10.0		2.0	6.0	14.0	5.0	2.0			18.0		3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	%	5.0		4.0	15.0		8.0	10.0		1.5	5.0	7.0	6.0	1.5	3.0		14.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	%	5.0		5.0	21.0		7.0	6.0	3.0		4.0	3.0	5.0		6.0	4.0	10.0	3.0	12.0		3.0	3.0
Single Fund Option																						
Voya Government Money Market Option	%		100																			
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	%				100																	
Voya International Index Option	%					100																
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	%						100															
Voya Large Cap Value Option	%							100														
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	%								100													
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	%										100											
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	%													100								
Voya Short Term Bond Option	%														100							
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	%																100					
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	%																	100				
VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio	%																				100	

APPENDIX C: RISKS APPLICABLE TO THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – EFFECTIVE APRIL 30, 2021

Accounts are subject to a variety of investment risks that will vary depending upon the selected Option(s) and the applicable Underlying Funds. Provided below is a summary of the Underlying Funds' principal investment risks described in "Appendix A: Investment Options." Please note that the information provided below is only a summary of the Underlying Funds' principal investment risks. For more information about the investment risks of the Underlying Funds, please see their respective prospectuses and statements of additional information. You may obtain copies of the Underlying Funds' prospectuses and statements of additional information by calling the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127.

Bank Instruments: Bank instruments include certificates of deposit, fixed time deposits, bankers' acceptances, and other debt and deposit-type obligations issued by banks. Changes in economic, regulatory or political conditions, or other events that affect the banking industry may have an adverse effect on bank instruments or banking institutions that serve as counterparties in transactions with an Underlying Fund.

Borrowing: Borrowing creates leverage, which may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in an Underlying Fund's net asset value causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile than a fund that does not borrow. Borrowing for investment purposes is considered to be speculative and may result in losses to an Underlying Fund.

Cash/Cash Equivalents: Investments in cash or cash equivalents may lower returns and result in potential lost opportunities to participate in market appreciation which could negatively impact an Underlying Fund's performance and ability to achieve its investment objective.

Company: The price of a company's stock could decline or underperform for many reasons including, among others, poor management, financial problems, reduced demand for company goods or services, regulatory fines and judgments, or business challenges. If a company declares bankruptcy or becomes insolvent, its stock could become worthless.

Convertible Securities: Convertible securities are securities that are convertible into or exercisable for common stocks at a stated price or rate. Convertible securities are subject to the usual risks associated with debt instruments, such as interest rate and credit risk. In addition, because convertible securities react to changes in the value of the stocks into which they convert, they are subject to market risk.

Counterparty: The entity with which an Underlying Fund conducts portfolio-related business (such as trading or securities lending), or that underwrites, distributes or guarantees investments or agreements that an Underlying Fund owns or is otherwise exposed to, may refuse or may become unable to honor its obligations under the terms of a transaction or agreement. As a result, that Underlying Fund may sustain losses and be less likely to achieve its investment objective. These risks may be greater when engaging in over-the-counter transactions or when an Underlying Fund conducts business with a limited number of counterparties.

Credit: The price of a bond or other debt instrument is likely to fall if the issuer's actual or perceived financial health deteriorates, whether because of broad economic or issuer-specific reasons. In certain cases, the issuer could be late in paying interest or principal, or could fail to pay its financial obligations altogether.

Credit Default Swaps: An Underlying Fund may enter into credit default swaps, either as a buyer or a seller of the swap. A buyer of a swap pays a fee to buy protection against the risk that a security will default. If no default occurs, an Underlying Fund will have paid the fee, but typically will recover nothing under the swap. A seller of a swap receives payment(s) in return for an obligation to pay the counterparty the full notional value of a security in the event of a default of the security issuer. As a seller of a swap, an Underlying Fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its total net assets, an Underlying Fund would be subject to investment exposure on the full notional value of the swap. Credit default swaps are particularly subject to counterparty, credit, valuation, liquidity and leveraging risks and the risk that the swap may not correlate with its underlying asset as expected. Certain standardized swaps are subject to mandatory central clearing. Central clearing is expected to reduce counterparty credit risk and increase liquidity; however, there is no assurance that central clearing will achieve that result, and in the meantime, central clearing and related requirements expose an Underlying Fund to new kinds of costs and risks. In addition, credit default swaps expose an Underlying Fund to the risk of improper valuation.

Currency: To the extent that an Underlying Fund invests directly or indirectly in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities denominated in, or that trade in, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies, it is subject to the risk that those foreign (non-U.S.) currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar or, in the case of hedging positions, that the U.S. dollar will decline in value relative to the currency being hedged by an Underlying Fund through foreign currency exchange transactions.

Deflation: Deflation occurs when prices throughout the economy decline over time - the opposite of inflation. When there is deflation, the principal and income of an inflation-protected bond will decline and could result in losses.

Derivatives: Derivative instruments are subject to a number of risks, including the risk of changes in the market price of the underlying securities, credit risk with respect to the counterparty, risk of loss due to changes in market interest rates and liquidity and volatility risk. The amounts required to purchase certain derivatives may be small relative to the magnitude of exposure assumed by an Underlying Fund. Therefore, the purchase of certain derivatives may have an economic leveraging effect on an Underlying Fund and exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so an Underlying Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging purposes, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the currency, security or other risk being hedged. When used as an alternative or substitute for direct cash investments, the return provided by the derivative may not provide the same return as direct cash investment. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose an Underlying Fund to the risk of improper valuation.

Dividend: Companies that issue dividend yielding equity securities are not required to continue to pay dividends on such securities. Therefore, there is the possibility that such companies could reduce or eliminate the payment of dividends in the future. As a result, an Underlying Fund's ability to execute its investment strategy may be limited.

Duration: One measure of risk for debt instruments is duration. Duration measures the sensitivity of a bond's price to market interest rate movements and is one of the tools used by a portfolio manager in selecting debt instruments. Duration is a measure of the average life of a bond on a present value basis which was developed to incorporate a bond's yield, coupons, final maturity and call features into one measure. As a point of reference, the duration of a non-callable 7% coupon bond with a remaining maturity of 5 years is approximately 4.5 years and the duration of a non-callable 7% coupon bond with a remaining maturity of 10 years is approximately 8 years. Material changes in market interest rates may impact the duration calculation. For example, the price of a bond with an average duration of 4.5 years would be expected to fall

approximately 4.5% if market interest rates rose by one percentage point. Conversely, the price of a bond with an average duration of 4.5 years would be expected to rise approximately 4.5% if market interest rates dropped by one percentage point.

Floating Rate Loans: In the event a borrower fails to pay scheduled interest or principal payments on a floating rate loan, an Underlying Fund will experience a reduction in its income and a decline in the market value of such investment. This will likely reduce the amount of dividends paid and may lead to a decline in the net asset value. If a floating rate loan is held by an Underlying Fund through another financial institution, or an Underlying Fund relies upon another financial institution to administer the loan, the receipt of scheduled interest or principal payments may be subject to the credit risk of such financial institution. Investors in floating rate loans may not be afforded the protections of the anti-fraud provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, because loans may not be considered “securities” under such laws. Additionally, the value of collateral, if any, securing a floating rate loan can decline or may be insufficient to meet the issuer’s obligations under the loan. Furthermore, such collateral may be difficult to liquidate. No active trading market may exist for many floating rate loans and many floating rate loans are subject to restrictions on resale. Transactions in loans typically settle on a delayed basis and may take longer than 7 days to settle. As a result, an Underlying Fund may not receive the proceeds from a sale of a floating rate loan for a significant period of time. Delay in the receipts of settlement proceeds may impact the ability of an Underlying Fund to meet its redemption obligations. It may also limit the ability of an Underlying Fund to repay debt, pay dividends, or to take advantage of new investment opportunities.

Focused Investing: To the extent that an Underlying Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities related to a particular industry, sector, market segment, or geographic area, its investments will be sensitive to developments in that industry, sector, market segment, or geographic area. An Underlying Fund is subject to the risk that changing economic conditions; changing political or regulatory conditions; or natural and other disasters affecting the particular industry, sector, market segment, or geographic area in which an Underlying Fund focuses its investments could have a significant impact on its investment performance and could ultimately cause an Underlying Fund to underperform, or its net asset value to be more volatile than, other funds that invest more broadly.

Foreign Investments/Developing and Emerging Markets: Investing in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may result in an Underlying Fund experiencing more rapid and extreme changes in value than a fund that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies due to: smaller markets; differing reporting, accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and practices; nationalization, expropriation, or confiscatory taxation; foreign currency fluctuations, currency blockage, or replacement; potential for default on sovereign debt; or political changes or diplomatic developments, which may include the imposition of economic sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments and supranational organizations. Markets and economies throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, and conditions or events in one market, country or region may adversely impact investments or issuers in another market, country or region. Foreign investment risks may be greater in developing and emerging markets than in developed markets.

Growth Investing: Prices of growth stocks are more sensitive to investor perceptions of the issuing company’s growth potential and may fall quickly and significantly if investors suspect that actual growth may be less than expected. There is a risk that funds that invest in growth-oriented stocks may underperform other funds that invest more broadly. Growth stocks tend to be more volatile than value stocks, and may underperform the market as a whole over any given time period.

High-Yield Securities: Lower quality securities (including securities that have fallen below investment-grade and are classified as “junk bonds” or “high yield securities”) have greater credit risk and liquidity risk than higher quality (investment-grade) securities, and their issuers’ long-term ability to make payments is considered speculative. Prices of lower quality bonds or other debt instruments are also more volatile, are more sensitive to negative news about the economy or the issuer, and have greater liquidity and price volatility risk.

Index Strategy: An Underlying Fund that seeks to track an index’s performance and does not use defensive strategies or attempt to reduce its exposure to poor performing securities in an index may underperform the overall market. To the extent an Underlying Fund’s investments track its target index, such Underlying Fund may underperform other funds that invest more broadly. The correlation between an Underlying Fund’s performance and index performance may be affected by an Underlying Fund’s expenses and the timing of purchases and redemptions of an Underlying Fund’s shares. In addition, an Underlying Fund’s actual holdings might not match the index and an Underlying Fund’s effective exposure to index securities at any given time may not precisely correlate.

Inflation-Indexed Bonds: If the index measuring inflation falls, the principal value of inflation-indexed bonds will be adjusted downward, and consequently the interest payable on these securities (calculated with respect to a smaller principal amount) will be reduced. In addition, inflation-indexed bonds are subject to the usual risks associated with debt instruments, such as interest rate and credit risk. Repayment of the original bond principal upon maturity (as adjusted for inflation) is guaranteed in the case of U.S. Treasury inflation-indexed bonds. For bonds that do not provide a similar guarantee, the adjusted principal value of the bond repaid at maturity may be less than the original principal.

Initial Public Offerings: Investments in initial public offerings (“IPOs”) and companies that have recently gone public have the potential to produce substantial gains for an Underlying Fund. However, there is no assurance that an Underlying Fund will have access to profitable IPOs or that the IPOs in which an Underlying Fund invests will rise in value. Furthermore, the value of securities of newly public companies may decline in value shortly after the IPO. When an Underlying Fund’s asset base is small, the impact of such investments on an Underlying Fund’s return will be magnified. If an Underlying Fund’s assets grow, it is likely that the effect of an Underlying Fund’s investment in IPOs on an Underlying Fund’s return will decline.

Interest in Loans: The value and the income streams of interests in loans (including participation interests in lease financings and assignments in secured variable or floating rate loans) will decline if borrowers delay payments or fail to pay altogether. A significant rise in market interest rates could increase this risk. Although loans may be fully collateralized when purchased, such collateral may become illiquid or decline in value.

Interest Rate: With bonds and other fixed rate debt instruments, a rise in market interest rates generally causes values to fall; conversely, values generally rise as market interest rates fall. The higher the credit quality of the instrument, and the longer its maturity or duration, the more sensitive it is likely to be to interest rate risk. In the case of inverse securities, the interest rate paid by the securities is a floating rate, which generally will decrease when the market rate of interest to which the inverse security is indexed increases and will increase when the market rate of interest to which the inverse security is indexed decreases. As of the date of this Program Description, the United States experiences a low interest rate environment., which may increase an Underlying Fund’s exposure to risks associated with rising market interest rates. Rising market interest rates could have unpredictable effects on the markets and may expose fixed-income and related markets to heightened volatility.

To the extent that an Underlying Fund invests in fixed-income securities, an increase in market interest rates may lead to increased redemptions and increased portfolio turnover, which could reduce liquidity for certain investments, adversely affect values, and increase costs. Increased redemptions may cause an Underlying Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so and may lower returns. If dealer capacity in fixed-income markets is insufficient for market conditions, it may further inhibit liquidity and increase volatility in the fixed-income markets. Further, recent and potential future changes in government policy may affect interest rates. Negative or very low interest rates could magnify the risks associated with changes in interest rates. In general, changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, could have unpredictable effects on markets and may expose fixed-income and related markets to heightened volatility. Changes to monetary policy by the Federal Reserve Board or other regulatory actions could expose fixed-income and related markets to heightened volatility, interest rate sensitivity and reduced liquidity, which may impact an Underlying Fund's operations and return potential.

Investing through Bond Connect: Chinese debt instruments trade on the China Interbank Bond Market ("CIBM") and may be purchased through a market access program that is designed to, among other things, enable foreign investment in the People's Republic of China ("Bond Connect"). There are significant risks inherent in investing in Chinese debt instruments, similar to the risks of other fixed-income securities markets in emerging markets. The prices of debt instruments traded on the CIBM may fluctuate significantly due to low trading volume and potential lack of liquidity. The rules to access debt instruments that trade on the CIBM through Bond Connect are relatively new and subject to change, which may adversely affect an Underlying Fund's ability to invest in these instruments and to enforce its rights as a beneficial owner of these instruments. Trading through Bond Connect is subject to a number of restrictions that may affect an Underlying Fund's investments and returns.

The Chinese economy is generally considered an emerging and volatile market. Although China has experienced a relatively stable political environment in recent years, there is no guarantee that such stability will be maintained in the future. Political, regulatory and diplomatic events, such as the U.S.-China "trade war" that intensified in 2018, could have an adverse effect on the Chinese or Hong Kong economies and on investments made through China Connect programs.

Investing through Stock Connect: Shares in mainland China-based companies that trade on Chinese stock exchanges such as the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange ("China A-Shares") may be purchased directly or indirectly through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect ("Stock Connect"), a mutual market access program designed to, among other things, enable foreign investment in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") via brokers in Hong Kong. There are significant risks inherent in investing in China A-Shares through Stock Connect. The underdeveloped state of PRC's investment and banking systems subjects the settlement, clearing, and registration of China A-Shares transactions to heightened risks. Stock Connect can only operate when both PRC and Hong Kong markets are open for trading and when banking services are available in both markets on the corresponding settlement days. As such, if either or both markets are closed on a U.S. trading day, an Underlying Fund may not be able to dispose of its China A-Shares in a timely manner, which could adversely affect an Underlying Fund's performance.

The Chinese economy is generally considered an emerging and volatile market. Although China has experienced a relatively stable political environment in recent years, there is no guarantee that such stability will be maintained in the future. Political, regulatory and diplomatic events, such as the U.S.-China "trade war" that intensified in 2018, could have an adverse effect on the Chinese or Hong Kong economies and on investments made through China Connect programs.

Investment Model: A manager's proprietary model may not adequately allow for existing or unforeseen market factors or the interplay between such factors. Underlying Funds that are actively managed, in whole or in part, according to a quantitative investment model can perform differently from the market as a whole based on the investment model and the factors used in the analysis, the weight placed on each factor, and changes from the factors' historical trends. Mistakes in the construction and implementation of the investment models (including, for example, data problems and/or software issues) may create errors or limitations that might go undetected or are discovered only after the errors or limitations have negatively impacted performance. There is no guarantee that the use of these investment models will result in effective investment decisions for an Underlying Fund. Volatility management techniques may not always be successful in reducing volatility, may not protect against market declines, and may limit the Underlying Fund's participation in market gains, negatively impacting performance even during periods when the market is rising. During sudden or significant market rallies, such underperformance may be significant. Moreover, volatility management strategies may increase portfolio transaction costs, which may increase losses or reduce gains. An Underlying Fund's volatility may not be lower than that of the Index during all market cycles due to market factors.

Investment by Other Funds: Various other mutual funds and/or funds-of-funds, including some Voya mutual funds, may be allowed to invest in the Underlying Funds. In some cases, an Underlying Fund may serve as a primary or significant investment vehicle for a fund-of-funds. If investments by these other funds result in large inflows of cash to or outflows of cash from the Underlying Fund, the Underlying Fund could be required to sell securities or invest cash at times, or in ways, that could negatively impact its performance, speed the realization of capital gains, or increase transaction costs. While it is very difficult to predict the overall impact of these transactions over time, there could be adverse effects on the Underlying Fund. These transactions also could increase transaction costs or portfolio turnover or affect the liquidity of the Underlying Fund's portfolio. So long as an Underlying Fund accepts investments by other investment companies, it will not purchase securities of other investment companies, except to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act or under the terms of an exemptive order granted by the SEC. To the extent that one or a few shareholders own a significant portion of the Underlying Fund, the risks described above will be greater.

Leverage: Certain transactions and investment strategies may give rise to leverage. Such transactions and investment strategies include, but are not limited to: borrowing, dollar rolls, reverse repurchase agreements, loans of portfolio securities, short sales, and the use of when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward-commitment transactions. The use of certain derivatives may also increase leveraging risk and adverse changes in the value or level of the underlying asset, rate, or index may result in a loss substantially greater than the amount paid for the derivative. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value, causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile. The use of leverage may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks. The use of leverage may cause an Underlying Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its obligations or to meet regulatory requirements resulting in increased volatility of returns. Leverage, including borrowing, may cause an Underlying Fund to be more volatile than if an Underlying Fund had not been leveraged.

Liquidity: If a security is illiquid, an Underlying Fund might be unable to sell the security at a time when an Underlying Fund's manager might wish to sell, or at all. Further, the lack of an established secondary market may make it more difficult to value illiquid securities, exposing an Underlying Fund to the risk that the price at which it sells illiquid securities will be less than the price at which they were valued when held by an Underlying Fund. The prices of illiquid securities may be more volatile than more liquid investments. The risks associated with illiquid securities may be greater in times of financial stress. An Underlying Fund could lose money if it cannot sell a security at the time and price that would be most beneficial to an Underlying Fund.

Manager: Each Underlying Fund, except index funds, is subject to manager risk because it is an actively managed investment portfolio. The adviser, the sub-adviser, or each individual portfolio manager will apply investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions, but there can be no guarantee that these will produce the desired results. The loss of their services could have an adverse impact on the adviser's or sub-adviser's ability to achieve the investment objectives.

Market: Stock prices may be volatile or have reduced liquidity in response to real or perceived impacts of factors including, but not limited to, economic conditions, changes in market interest rates, and political events. Stock markets tend to be cyclical, with periods when stock prices generally rise and periods when stock prices generally decline. Any given stock market segment may remain out of favor with investors for a short or long period of time, and stocks as an asset class may underperform bonds or other asset classes during some periods. Additionally, legislative, regulatory or tax policies or developments in these areas may adversely impact the investment techniques available to a manager, add to costs and impair the ability of an Underlying Fund to achieve its investment objectives.

Market Capitalization: Stocks fall into three broad market capitalization categories - large, mid, and small. Investing primarily in one category carries the risk that, due to current market conditions, that category may be out of favor with investors. If valuations of large-capitalization companies appear to be greatly out of proportion to the valuations of mid- or small-capitalization companies, investors may migrate to the stocks of mid- and small-sized companies causing a fund that invests in these companies to increase in value more rapidly than a fund that invests in larger companies. Investing in mid- and small-capitalization companies may be subject to special risks associated with narrower product lines, more limited financial resources, smaller management groups, more limited publicly available information, and a more limited trading market for their stocks as compared with larger companies. As a result, stocks of mid- and small-capitalization companies may be more volatile and may decline significantly in market downturns.

Market Disruption and Geopolitical: An Underlying Fund is subject to the risk that geopolitical events will disrupt securities markets and adversely affect global economies and markets. Due to the increasing interdependence among global economies and markets, conditions in one country, market, or region might adversely impact markets, issuers and/or foreign exchange rates in other countries, including the U.S. War, terrorism, global health crises and pandemics, and other geopolitical events have led, and in the future may lead, to increased market volatility and may have adverse short- or long-term effects on U.S. and world economies and markets generally. For example, the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted, and may continue to result, in significant market volatility, exchange trading suspensions and closures, declines in global financial markets, higher default rates, and a substantial economic downturn in economies throughout the world. Natural and environmental disasters and systemic market dislocations are also highly disruptive to economies and markets. Those events as well as other changes in non-U.S. and domestic economic, social, and political conditions also could adversely affect individual issuers or related groups of issuers, securities markets, interest rates, credit ratings, inflation, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the investments of an Underlying Fund and the Underlying Fund. Any of these occurrences could disrupt the operations of an Underlying Fund and of the Underlying Fund's service providers.

Mid-Capitalization Company: Investments in mid-capitalization companies may involve greater risk than is customarily associated with larger, more established companies due to the greater business risks of a limited operating history, smaller size, limited markets and financial resources, narrow product lines, less management depth, and more reliance on key personnel. Consequently, the securities of mid-capitalization companies may have limited market stability and may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than securities of larger, more established growth companies or the market averages in general.

Money Market Regulatory: Changes in government regulations may adversely affect the value of a security held by an Underlying Fund. In addition, the SEC has adopted amendments to money market fund regulation, which permit an Underlying Fund to impose discretionary or default liquidity fees or temporary suspensions of redemption due to declines in an Underlying Fund's weekly liquid assets. As of the date of this Program Description, the Board has elected not to subject an Underlying Fund to such liquidity fees or temporary suspensions of redemptions. These changes may result in reduced yields for money market funds, including an Underlying Fund, which may invest in other money market funds. The SEC or other regulators may adopt additional money market fund reforms, which may impact the structure and operation or performance of an Underlying Fund.

Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities: Defaults on, or low credit quality or liquidity of the underlying assets of the asset-backed (including mortgage-backed) securities may impair the value of these securities and result in losses. There may be limitations on the enforceability of any security interest or collateral granted with respect to those underlying assets and the value of collateral may not satisfy the obligation upon default. These securities also present a higher degree of prepayment and extension risk and interest rate risk than do other types of debt instruments.

Municipal Obligations: The municipal securities market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities. Among other risks, investments in municipal securities are subject to the risk that the issuer may delay payment, restructure its debt, or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its debt.

Non-Diversification (Index): Depending on the composition of the Index, an Underlying Fund may at any time, with respect to 75% of an Underlying Fund's total assets, invest more than 5% of the value of its total assets in the securities of any one issuer. As a result, an Underlying Fund would at that time be "non-diversified," as defined in the 1940 Act. A "non-diversified" mutual fund may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer than may a "diversified" mutual fund. A "non-diversified" investment company is subject to the risks of focusing investments in a small number of issuers, industries or foreign currencies, including being more susceptible to risks associated with a single economic, political or regulatory occurrence than a more diversified portfolio might be. An Underlying Fund may significantly underperform other mutual funds or investments due to the poor performance of relatively few stocks, or even a single stock, and an Underlying Fund's shares may experience significant fluctuations in value.

Operational: An Underlying Fund, its service providers, and other market participants increasingly depend on complex information technology and communications systems to conduct business functions. These systems are subject to a number of different threats or risks that could adversely affect an Underlying Fund and its shareholders, despite the efforts of an Underlying Fund and its service providers to adopt technologies, processes, and practices intended to mitigate these risks. Cyber-attacks, disruptions, or failures that affect an Underlying Fund's service providers, counterparties, market participants, or issuers of securities held by an Underlying Fund may adversely affect an Underlying Fund and its shareholders, including by causing losses or impairing the Underlying Fund's operations. Information relating to an Underlying Fund's investments has been and will in the future be delivered electronically. There are risks associated with electronic delivery including, but not limited to, that e-mail messages are not secure and may contain computer viruses or other defects, may not be accurately replicated on other systems, or may be intercepted, deleted or interfered with, without the knowledge of the sender or the intended recipient.

Other Investment Companies – Money Market Funds: A money market fund may only invest in other investment companies that qualify as money market funds under Rule 2a-7 of the 1940 Act. The risk of investing in such money market funds is that such money market funds may not comply with Rule 2a-7. You will pay a proportionate share of the expenses of those other investment companies (including management fees, administration fees, and custodial fees) in addition to the expenses of an Underlying Fund. The investment policies of the other investment companies may not be the same as those of an Underlying Fund; as a result, an investment in the other investment companies may be subject to additional or different risks than those to which an Underlying Fund is typically subject.

Other Investment Companies: The main risk of investing in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), is the risk that the value of the securities underlying an investment company might decrease. Shares of investment companies that are listed on an exchange may trade at a discount or premium from their net asset value. You will pay a proportionate share of the expenses of those other investment companies (including management fees, administration fees, and custodial fees) in addition to the expenses of an Underlying Fund. The investment policies of the other investment companies may not be the same as those of an Underlying Fund; as a result, an investment in the other investment companies may be subject to additional or different risks than those to which an Underlying Fund is typically subject.

Prepayment and Extension: Many types of debt instruments are subject to prepayment and extension risk. Prepayment risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt instrument will pay back the principal earlier than expected. This may occur when interest rates decline. Prepayment may expose an Underlying Fund to a lower rate of return upon reinvestment of principal. Also, if a debt instrument subject to prepayment has been purchased at a premium, the value of the premium would be lost in the event of prepayment. Extension risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt instrument will pay back the principal later than expected. This may occur when interest rates rise. This may negatively affect performance, as the value of the debt instrument decreases when principal payments are made later than expected. Additionally, an Underlying Fund may be prevented from investing proceeds it would have received at a given time at the higher prevailing interest rates.

Real Estate: Investing in real estate companies and REITs may subject an Underlying Fund to risks similar to those associated with the direct ownership of real estate, including losses from casualty or condemnation, changes in local and general economic conditions, supply and demand, market interest rates, zoning laws, regulatory limitations on rents, property taxes, and operating expenses in addition to terrorist attacks, war, or other acts that destroy real property. Investments in REITs are affected by the management skill and creditworthiness of the REIT. An Underlying Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests.

Repurchase Agreements: In the event that the other party to a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligations, an Underlying Fund would generally seek to sell the underlying security serving as collateral for the repurchase agreement. However, the value of collateral may be insufficient to satisfy the counterparty's obligation and/or an Underlying Fund may encounter delay and incur costs before being able to sell the security. Such a delay may involve loss of interest or a decline in price of the security, which could result in a loss. In addition, if an Underlying Fund is characterized by a court as an unsecured creditor, it would be at risk of losing some or all of the principal and interest involved in the transaction.

Restricted Securities: Securities that are not registered for sale to the public under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are referred to as "restricted securities." These securities may be sold in private placement transactions between issuers and their purchasers and may be neither listed on an exchange nor traded in other established markets. Many times these securities are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale. As a result of the absence of a public trading market, the prices of these securities may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to value than publicly traded securities. The price realized from the sale of these securities could be less than the amount originally paid or less than their fair value if they are resold in privately negotiated transactions. In addition, these securities may not be subject to disclosure and other investment protection requirements that are afforded to publicly traded securities. Certain investments may include investment in smaller, less seasoned issuers, which may involve greater risk.

Securities Lending: Securities lending involves two primary risks: "investment risk" and "borrower default risk." When lending securities, an Underlying Fund will receive cash or U.S. government securities as collateral. Investment risk is the risk that an Underlying Fund will lose money from the investment of the cash collateral received from the borrower. Borrower default risk is the risk that an Underlying Fund will lose money due to the failure of a borrower to return a borrowed security. Securities lending may result in leverage. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value, causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile. The use of leverage may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks.

Small-Capitalization Company: Investments in small-capitalization companies may involve greater risk than is customarily associated with larger, more established companies due to the greater business risks of a limited operating history, small size, limited markets and financial resources, narrow product lines, less management depth and more reliance on key personnel. The securities of smaller companies are subject to liquidity risk as they are often traded over-the-counter and may not be traded in volume typical on a national securities exchange.

Sovereign Debt: These securities are issued or guaranteed by foreign government entities. Investments in sovereign debt are subject to the risk that a government entity may delay payment, restructure its debt, or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its sovereign debt. Some of these reasons may include cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, political considerations, social changes, the relative size of its debt position to its economy or its failure to put in place economic reforms required by the International Monetary Fund or other multilateral

agencies. If a government entity defaults, it may ask for more time in which to pay or for further loans. There is no legal process for collecting sovereign debts that a government does not pay or bankruptcy proceeding by which all or part of sovereign debt that a government entity has not repaid may be collected.

Special Situations: A “special situation” arises when, in a manager’s opinion, securities of a particular company will appreciate in value within a reasonable period because of unique circumstances applicable to the company. Special situations investments often involve much greater risk than is inherent in ordinary investments. Investments in special situation companies may not appreciate and an Underlying Fund’s performance could suffer if an anticipated development does not occur or does not produce the anticipated result.

U.S. Government Securities: U.S. government securities are obligations of, or guaranteed by, the U.S. government, its agencies or government-sponsored enterprises. U.S. government securities are subject to market and interest rate risk, and may be subject to varying degrees of credit risk. Some U.S. government securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and are guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the U.S. Treasury. These include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury such as U.S. Treasury notes, bills and bonds, as well as indirect obligations including certain securities of the Government National Mortgage Association, the Small Business Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, among others. Other U.S. government securities are not direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, but rather are backed by the ability to borrow directly from the U.S. Treasury, including certain securities of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, and the U.S. Postal Service. Still other agencies and instrumentalities are supported solely by the credit of the agency or instrumentality itself and are neither guaranteed nor insured by the U.S. government and therefore involve greater risk. These include securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal Farm Credit Bank, among others. Consequently, the investor must look principally to the agency issuing or guaranteeing the obligation for ultimate repayment. No assurance can be given that the U.S. government would provide financial support to such agencies if it is not obligated to do so by law. The impact of greater governmental scrutiny into the operations of certain agencies and government-sponsored enterprises may adversely affect the value of securities issued by these entities. U.S. government securities may be subject to varying degrees of credit risk and all U.S. government securities may be subject to price declines due to changing market interest rates. Securities directly supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government have less credit risk.

Value Investing: Securities that appear to be undervalued may never appreciate to the extent expected. Further, because the prices of value-oriented securities tend to correlate more closely with economic cycles than growth-oriented securities, they generally are more sensitive to changing economic conditions, such as changes in market interest rates, corporate earnings and industrial production. The manager may be wrong in its assessment of a company’s value and the securities an Underlying Fund holds may not reach their full values. A particular risk of an Underlying Fund’s value approach is that some holdings may not recover and provide the capital growth anticipated or a security judged to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced. The market may not favor value-oriented securities and may not favor equities at all. During those periods, an Underlying Fund’s relative performance may suffer. There is a risk that funds that invest in value-oriented stocks may underperform other funds that invest more broadly.

When Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments: When issued securities, delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security an Underlying Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. These investments may result in leverage. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value, causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile. The use of leverage may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund’s other risks. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, an Underlying Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Zero-Coupon Bonds and Pay-in-Kind Securities: Zero-coupon bonds and pay-in-kind securities may be subject to greater fluctuations in price due to market interest rate changes than conventional interest-bearing securities. An Underlying Fund may have to pay out the imputed income on zero-coupon bonds without receiving the actual cash currency resulting in a loss

APPENDIX E: TOTAL ESTIMATED ANNUAL FEES AND EXPENSES – EFFECTIVE APRIL 30, 2021

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay when you purchase units in an Option. The Program Manager reserves the right to revise these fee arrangements at its discretion, subject to the approval of the Trustee.

Class A

Option	Annual Asset Based Fees ¹					Additional Investor Expenses	
	Estimated Underlying Investment Expenses	Program Manager Fee ²	Distribution and Service Fee ³	Iowa Admin Fee	Total Annual Asset-Based Fees ⁴	Maximum Initial Sales Charge ⁵	Annual Account Maintenance Fee
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	0.69%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.25%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	0.64%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.20%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	0.59%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.15%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	0.52%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.08%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	0.53%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.09%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	0.49%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.05%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	0.58%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.14%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	0.41%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.97%	3.50%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	0.35%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.91%	3.50%	\$25
Voya Government Money Market Option	0.34%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.90%	None	\$25
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	0.36%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.92%	3.50%	\$25
Voya International Index Option	0.45%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.01%	3.50%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	0.66%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.22%	3.50%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Value Option	0.76%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.32%	3.50%	\$25
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	0.95%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.51%	3.50%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	0.92%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.48%	3.50%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	0.78%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.34%	3.50%	\$25
Voya Short Term Bond Option	0.35%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.91%	3.50%	\$25
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	0.27%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.83%	3.50%	\$25
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	0.59%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.15%	3.50%	\$25
VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio	0.85%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.41%	3.50%	\$25

Class C

Option	Annual Asset Based Fees ¹					Additional Investor Expenses	
	Estimated Underlying Investment Expenses	Program Manager Fee ²	Distribution and Service Fee ³	Iowa Admin Fee	Total Annual Asset-Based Fees ⁴	Maximum Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ⁵	Annual Account Maintenance Fee
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	0.69%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.00%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	0.64%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.95%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	0.59%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.90%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	0.52%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.83%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	0.53%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.84%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	0.49%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.80%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	0.58%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.90%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	0.41%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.72%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	0.35%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.66%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Government Money Market Option	0.34%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.90%	None	\$25
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	0.36%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.67%	1.00%	\$25
Voya International Index Option	0.45%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.76%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	0.66%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.97%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Value Option	0.76%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.07%	1.00%	\$25
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	0.95%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.26%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	0.92%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.23%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	0.78%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.09%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Short Term Bond Option	0.35%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.66%	1.00%	\$25
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	0.27%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.58%	1.00%	\$25
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	0.59%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.90%	1.00%	\$25
VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio	0.85%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.16%	1.00%	\$25

1. Expressed as an annual percentage of the average daily net assets of each Option.
2. A breakpoint schedule was put in place for the Program Manager Fee as follows: 0.21% for assets of \$200 million to \$500 million; 0.19% for assets of \$500 million to \$750 million or after June 30, 2023, whichever comes first; 0.17% for assets of \$750 million to \$1 billion or after June 30, 2024, whichever comes first; 0.15% for assets of \$1 billion to \$1.5 billion; 0.12% for assets of \$1.5 billion to \$2 billion; and 0.08% for assets over \$2 billion.
3. Ongoing payments to dealers of the Annual Distribution and Service Fee will generally be made monthly at rates that are based on the average daily net assets held in an Account that designates a dealer of record. Rights to these ongoing payments generally begin in the 13th month following a purchase of Class A units and Class C units. Effective March 1, 2013, the Program Manager has agreed to waive the Annual Distribution and Service Fees for the Voya Government Money Market Option. This waiver may be terminated at any time without prior notice. Class C units automatically convert into Class A units after the 60th month of ownership (i.e., five years). Immediately following conversion, converted Class C units are subject to the fee structure applicable to Class A units. No CDSCs are imposed when Class C units convert to Class A units. Total Annual Asset Based Fees are the estimated total fees assessed against Accounts over the course of a year and do not include sales charges or the Annual Account Maintenance Fee. Please refer to Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution which shows the approximate cost of contribution in each of the Options over one-, three-, five-, and ten-year periods, including the \$25 Annual Account Maintenance Fee and sales charges.
4. There is no front-end sales charge if you purchase Class A units in an amount of \$1 million or more. If you purchased Class A units of the Voya Government Money Market Option and did not pay a sales charge, you must pay the applicable sales charge on an exchange into Class A units of another Option.
5. If you sell (redeem) your Class C units within 12 months of purchase, you will pay a CDSC of 1.00% of your purchase price. If you exchange units of an Option that are subject to a CDSC into the Voya Government Money Market Option, which is not subject to a CDSC, the CDSC will continue to apply to your new units at the same CDSC rate that was applicable to your original units. Your new units will continue to age for CDSC purposes from the date that the original units were purchased.

APPENDIX F: APPROXIMATE COST OF A \$10,000 CONTRIBUTION – EFFECTIVE APRIL 30, 2021

The following table compares the approximate cost of contribution in the different share classes under the IAdvisor 529 Plan over different periods of time. The examples show estimated costs if you sold (redeemed) your units at the end of the period or continued to hold them. Your actual cost may be higher or lower than the amounts shown. The examples are based on the following assumptions:

- A \$10,000 contribution invested for the time periods shown.
- A 5% annually compounded rate of return on the net amount contributed throughout the period.
- All units are either redeemed at the end of the period shown for Qualified Education Expenses (the tables do not consider the impact of any potential local, state, or federal taxes on the redemption) or held.
- Total annual asset-based fees, including underlying investment and fund expenses, remain the same as those shown in previous fee structure table.
- Expenses for each Option include the entire Annual Account Maintenance Fee of \$25.
- The investor pays the applicable maximum initial sales charge in the current Class A fee structure, and any CDSCs applicable to units invested for the applicable periods in the current Class C fee structures.

Investment Option	Class	Status		Number of Years You Own Your Units			
				1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	498	806	1,133	2,041
	Class C	Sold	\$	328	700	1,196	2,104
	Class C	Held	\$	228	700	1,196	2,104
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	493	791	1,108	1,987
	Class C	Sold	\$	323	685	1,171	2,050
	Class C	Held	\$	223	685	1,171	2,050
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	488	776	1,082	1,933
	Class C	Sold	\$	318	670	1,145	1,995
	Class C	Held	\$	218	670	1,145	1,995
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	481	755	1,046	1,856
	Class C	Sold	\$	311	648	1,109	1,919
	Class C	Held	\$	211	648	1,109	1,919
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	482	758	1,051	1,867
	Class C	Sold	\$	312	652	1,115	1,930
	Class C	Held	\$	212	652	1,115	1,930
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	478	746	1,031	1,823
	Class C	Sold	\$	308	639	1,094	1,886
	Class C	Held	\$	208	639	1,094	1,886
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	487	773	1,077	1,922
	Class C	Sold	\$	318	670	1,145	1,989
	Class C	Held	\$	218	670	1,145	1,989
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	470	722	989	1,734
	Class C	Sold	\$	300	615	1,053	1,798
	Class C	Held	\$	200	615	1,053	1,798
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	464	704	958	1,668
	Class C	Sold	\$	294	597	1,022	1,731
	Class C	Held	\$	194	597	1,022	1,731
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	465	707	963	1,679
	Class C	Sold	\$	295	600	1,027	1,742
	Class C	Held	\$	195	600	1,027	1,742
Voya International Index Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	474	734	1,010	1,779
	Class C	Sold	\$	304	627	1,073	1,842
	Class C	Held	\$	204	627	1,073	1,842
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	495	797	1,118	2,009
	Class C	Sold	\$	325	691	1,181	2,071
	Class C	Held	\$	225	691	1,181	2,071
Voya Large Cap Value Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	505	827	1,169	2,116
	Class C	Sold	\$	335	721	1,232	2,179
	Class C	Held	\$	225	721	1,232	2,179
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	523	884	1,265	2,318
	Class C	Sold	\$	354	779	1,328	2,380
	Class C	Held	\$	254	779	1,328	2,380
Voya Government Money Market Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	117	361	621	1,345
	Class C	Sold	\$	217	361	621	1,345
	Class C	Held	\$	117	361	621	1,345
	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	520	875	1,250	2,286

Investment Option	Class	Status		Number of Years You Own Your Units			
				1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	Class C	Sold	\$	351	770	1,313	2,348
	Class C	Held	\$	251	770	1,313	2,348
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	507	833	1,179	2,138
	Class C	Sold	\$	337	727	1,242	2,200
	Class C	Held	\$	237	727	1,242	2,200
Voya Short Term Bond Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	464	704	958	1,668
	Class C	Sold	\$	294	597	1,022	1,731
	Class C	Held	\$	194	597	1,022	1,731
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	457	680	917	1,578
	Class C	Sold	\$	286	572	980	1,641
	Class C	Held	\$	186	572	980	1,641
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	488	776	1,082	1,933
	Class C	Sold	\$	318	670	1,145	1,995
	Class C	Held	\$	218	670	1,145	1,995
VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	513	854	1,214	2,212
	Class C	Sold	\$	344	749	1,277	2,275
	Class C	Held	\$	244	749	1,277	2,275

Iowa Advisor 529 Plan
Supplement No. 8 dated January 22, 2021
To the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description
and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description") as from time to time supplemented. You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

1. The fifth paragraph in the section entitled "Choosing a Unit Class – Class C units" is corrected to reflect that, effective February 1, 2021, the automatic conversion of Class C units into Class A units is reduced from 6 years from the date of purchase to 5 years from the date of purchase. This revision supersedes the revision in the Supplement No. 7 dated December 31, 2020 which stated that the automatic conversion of Class C units into Class A units is reduced from 6 years from the date of purchase to 4 years from the date of purchase.

CHANGES TO THE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Program Description is revised as follows:

Changes to Choosing a Unit Class

1. Effective February 1, 2021, the fifth paragraph in the section entitled "Choosing a Unit Class – Class C units" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Class C units automatically convert into Class A units after 60 months of ownership (i.e. five years). On February 1, 2021, any Class C unit that has been held for more than five years will immediately convert to Class A unit. Immediately following conversion, converted Class C units are subject to the fee structure applicable to Class A units. No CDSCs are imposed when Class C units convert to Class A units.

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

Supplement No. 7 dated December 31, 2020
 To the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description
 and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the “Program Description”) as supplemented September 30, 2020. You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

1. Effective January 1, 2021, the lifetime estate and gift tax exemption increased to \$11,700,000 for each contributor (\$23,400,000 for married couples).
2. Effective January 1, 2021, contributions reduce Iowa taxable income up to a maximum of \$3,474 per beneficiary per taxable year.
3. Effective February 1, 2021, sales charges for Class A Units are reduced.
4. Effective February 1, 2021, the automatic conversion of Class C Units into Class A Units is reduced from 6 years from the date of purchase to 4 years from the date of purchase.
5. “Appendix D: Investment Results” is revised to update the Average Annual Total Returns table as of September 30, 2020.
6. “Appendix G: Financial Intermediary” is revised to reflect changes to information about Edward Jones.

CHANGES TO THE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Program Description is revised as follows:

Changes to Program Summary

Effective January 1, 2021, “Program Summary” of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised “Program Summary – As Supplemented January 1, 2021.”

Changes to Choosing a Unit Class

1. Effective February 1, 2021, the first paragraph and the table with corresponding footnotes immediately below it in the section entitled “Choosing a Unit Class – Class A units” are hereby deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

Class A units

You can buy Class A units at NAV per share plus any applicable initial sales charge, which is outlined in the table below. Out of the sales charge paid by an Account Owner, the Program Manager will pay to the applicable selling institution the commission also as shown in the table below:

Purchase Amount	Initial Sales Charge ¹	Selling Institution Commission ²
\$0 - \$49,999	3.50%	3.00%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3.00%	2.50%
\$100,000 - \$349,999	2.25%	1.75%
\$350,000 - \$499,999	1.75%	1.50%
\$500,000 - \$999,999	1.25%	1.00%
\$1,000,000 +	none	1.00%

1. Initial sales charges and selling institution commissions are not applicable to Accounts that purchase shares of the Voya Government Money Market Option.
2. For Class A units purchased in an amount of \$1,000,000 or more (excluding units of the Voya Government Money Market Option), the Distributor will pay, out of its own assets, a commission of 1.00% to your financial intermediary. In this case, if you sell (redeem) your units within 18 months of purchase, you will pay a CDSC of 1.00% of your original purchase price. If you exchange units of an Option that are subject to a CDSC into the Voya Government Money Market Option, which is not subject to a CDSC, the CDSC will continue to apply to your new units at the same CDSC rate that was applicable to your original units. Your new units will continue to age for CDSC purposes from the date that the original units were purchased.
2. Effective February 1, 2021, the second paragraph and the table immediately below it in the section entitled “Choosing a Unit Class – Class A units” are hereby deleted in their entirety.
3. Effective February 1, 2021, the fifth paragraph in the section entitled “Choosing a Unit Class – Class C Units” is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Class C units automatically convert into Class A units after 48 months of ownership (i.e. four years). On February 1, 2021, any Class C unit that has been held for more than four years will immediately convert to Class A unit. Immediately following conversion, converted Class C units are subject to the fee structure applicable to Class A units. No CDSCs are imposed when Class C units convert to Class A units.

Changes to Appendices

Changes to Appendix D

Effective immediately, “Appendix D: Investment Results” of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised “Appendix D: Investment Results – As of September 30, 2020.”

Changes to Appendix G

Effective January 1, 2021, “Appendix G: Financial Intermediary” is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised “Appendix G: Financial Intermediary – As Supplemented January 1, 2021.”

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

The following summary is intended only to highlight key features of the IAdvisor 529 Plan. It does not fully describe the IAdvisor 529 Plan. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the remainder of this Program Description.

PROGRAM SUMMARY – AS SUPPLEMENTED JANUARY 1, 2021

The Program	The IAdvisor 529 Plan of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust. The Treasurer of the State of Iowa serves as Trustee of the Trust.
Program Manager	Voya Funds Services, LLC; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Voya Investments Distributor, LLC, which collectively provide for the management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.
Choosing a share class	You can choose from among several unit classes, each with different sales charges and expenses. If no unit class is designated, Class A shares, which are subject to an initial sales charge, will be automatically selected. See “Choosing a Unit Class” on page 7 for details.
Minimum initial contribution	\$250 per Option. The minimum initial contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through AIPs or payroll direct deposits: \$50 per month per Option for AIPs; \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Minimum subsequent contribution	\$50 per Option (\$50 per month per Option for AIPs). The minimum subsequent contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through payroll direct deposits: \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Maximum contribution limit	\$420,000 (subject to periodic adjustment). See “Maximum Contributions” on page 12 for details.
Participation	An Account Owner and Beneficiary must be a U.S. citizen or resident alien with a valid Social Security number or taxpayer identification number. An Account Owner must be a minimum of 18 years of age and have a permanent U.S. address (not a P.O. box). There are no restrictions on state of residency or income. Certain other entities, including custodial accounts, with a valid taxpayer identification number, may participate. A Beneficiary may be any age. See “The Application Process” on page 10 for details.
Eligible Schools	For higher education, savings may be used at any eligible postsecondary school in the United States and certain institutions abroad. See “Eligible Educational Institutions” on page 13 for details. For K-12 education, savings may be used for tuition at elementary or secondary public, private or religious schools up to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “K-12 Institutions” on page 13 for details.
Federal tax benefits	Earnings accrue free of federal income tax. Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to federal income tax or an additional 10% tax. There is no federal gift tax on contributions of up to \$15,000 per year per Beneficiary (\$30,000 for married couples electing to split gifts); or on a lump sum gift of \$75,000 (single filer) and \$150,000 (married couples) that would be prorated over five taxable years. Contributions are generally considered completed gifts to the Beneficiary for federal gift and estate tax purposes. Each Account Owner has a lifetime exemption that may be applied to gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts referred to above or an individual’s gross estate. This lifetime exemption is adjusted for inflation and is currently \$11,700,000 for each Account Owner. A married couple may elect to split gifts and apply their combined exemption of \$23,400,000 to gifts by either of them. The top gift tax rate is 40%. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Iowa tax benefits	Iowa tax benefits related to the IAdvisor 529 Plan are available only to Iowa taxpayers. An Account Owner may reduce their Iowa taxable income up to a maximum of \$3,474 in 2021 (adjusted annually for inflation) per Beneficiary. This deduction applies to each Account Owner. For example, married Account Owners who contribute to separate accounts on behalf of their two children can deduct up to \$13,896 (4 x \$3,474). Accrued earnings and Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to Iowa income tax. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Qualified Withdrawals	Use the Account to pay for Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary at any Eligible Educational Institution. Use of the Account to pay for tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at any elementary or secondary public, private or religious school is subject to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “Qualified Withdrawals” on page 13 for details.
Investment Options	Account Owners can choose from among 21 Options, including 5 Static Allocation Options, 4 Age-Based Options, and 12 Single Fund Options. Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Options’ investments include shares in Voya mutual funds and mutual funds managed by a variety of other managers. See “Investment Options” on page 7 and “Appendix A: Investment Options” for details.
Program expenses and fees	Account Owners bear the fees charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan and the expenses of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. An Account Owner’s financial intermediary may also charge fees in addition to the fees and expenses described in this Program Description. See “Fee Structure” on page 10 for details.

PROGRAM SUMMARY – AS SUPPLEMENTED JANUARY 1, 2021

Program and investment risks	An investment in the IAdvisor 529 Plan is subject to investment risks, regardless of which Option(s) an Account Owner selects. An Account Owner may lose money, including any principal. Investments are not insured or guaranteed by the United States; the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the State; the Trust; the Trustee; any agency or instrumentality of the federal government or of the State. In addition, Account Owners are exposed to the risks of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. See “IAdvisor 529 Plan Risks and Considerations” on page 17 and “Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options” for details.
Investment performance	Account values can vary based on an Option’s performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Performance may be substantially affected over time by changes in an Option’s investment allocation and/or changes to an Option’s underlying investments. See “Appendix D: Investment Results” for details.
Changes in investment selection	Once an Option selection has been made, federal tax law allows an Account Owner to change the investment selection twice per calendar year and at any time a change in the Beneficiary is made to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. See “Investment Changes” on page 7 for details.
Contact information	<p><u>Regular Mail</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management P.O. Box 9659 Providence, RI 02940-9659</p> <p><u>Overnight/Courier</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581-1722</p> <p>1-800-774-5127 www.IAdvisor529.com</p>

APPENDIX D: INVESTMENT RESULTS – AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

The table below shows the average annual total returns after deducting ongoing fees for each Option as of September 30, 2020. The performance data reflects past performance with and without any applicable sales or redemption charges, but does not reflect the \$25 annual maintenance fee, which is waived in certain circumstances. If these amounts were reflected, returns would be less than those shown. For comparison purposes, the table also shows the returns for a benchmark index that, as of the date of this Program Description, applies to each Option. The indices are not available for investment and the returns for the indices do not reflect sales charges, fees, brokerage commissions, taxes, or other expenses of investing. To obtain up-to-date performance information for any Option, please visit the IAdvisor 529 Plan's website at www.iowaadvisor529.com or contact your financial advisor. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.**

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of September 30, 2020 ^{1,2}												
Option/Index	Classes	Without Sales Charges					With Sales Charges					
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	A	7.76	6.20	8.67	N/A	7.66	2.64	4.49	7.61	N/A	6.97	03/01/2013
	C	6.98	5.41	7.87	N/A	6.87	5.98	5.41	7.87	N/A	6.87	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 0-5 Composite Index		10.30	8.19	10.41	N/A	9.26	10.30	8.19	10.41	N/A	9.26	
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	A	7.02	5.73	7.51	N/A	6.54	1.95	4.04	6.47	N/A	5.86	03/01/2013
	C	6.25	4.96	6.74	N/A	5.78	5.25	4.96	6.74	N/A	5.78	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 6-10 Composite Index		9.79	7.71	9.14	N/A	8.01	9.79	7.71	9.14	N/A	8.01	
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	A	7.91	5.92	6.63	N/A	5.50	2.81	4.22	5.60	N/A	4.83	03/01/2013
	C	7.09	5.11	5.85	N/A	4.72	6.09	5.11	5.85	N/A	4.72	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 11-15 Composite Index		9.54	7.41	7.89	N/A	6.66	9.54	7.41	7.89	N/A	6.66	
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	A	6.52	5.01	5.10	N/A	4.26	1.48	3.32	4.09	N/A	3.59	03/01/2013
	C	5.79	4.21	4.34	N/A	3.49	4.79	4.21	4.34	N/A	3.49	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 16-17 Composite Index		8.37	6.31	6.15	N/A	5.19	8.37	6.31	6.15	N/A	5.19	
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	A	4.60	3.56	3.25	N/A	2.48	-0.33	1.90	2.25	N/A	1.82	03/01/2013
	C	3.83	2.78	2.50	N/A	1.72	2.83	2.78	2.50	N/A	1.72	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 18+ Composite Index		6.07	4.58	4.00	N/A	3.14	6.07	4.58	4.00	N/A	3.14	
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	A	6.09	5.48	8.35	N/A	7.46	1.05	3.79	7.30	N/A	6.77	03/01/2013
	C	5.30	4.70	7.55	N/A	6.66	4.30	4.70	7.55	N/A	6.66	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Aggressive Composite Index		8.34	7.47	10.11	N/A	9.06	8.34	7.47	10.11	N/A	9.06	
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	A	6.91	5.82	7.81	N/A	6.74	1.86	4.12	6.77	N/A	6.06	03/01/2013
	C	6.10	5.03	6.99	N/A	5.94	5.10	5.03	6.99	N/A	5.94	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Growth Composite Index		9.19	7.75	9.40	N/A	8.18	9.19	7.75	9.40	N/A	8.18	
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	A	7.16	5.71	6.77	N/A	5.60	2.09	4.01	5.74	N/A	4.92	03/01/2013
	C	6.41	4.96	5.98	N/A	4.81	5.41	4.96	5.98	N/A	4.81	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Moderate Composite Index		9.64	7.68	8.30	N/A	6.93	9.64	7.68	8.30	N/A	6.93	
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	A	6.89	5.55	5.69	N/A	4.65	1.80	3.84	4.67	N/A	3.98	03/01/2013
	C	6.13	4.77	4.91	N/A	3.86	5.13	4.77	4.91	N/A	3.86	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Conservative Composite Index		8.87	7.15	6.89	N/A	5.68	8.87	7.15	6.89	N/A	5.68	

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of September 30, 2020 ^{1,2}												
		Without Sales Charges					With Sales Charges					
Option/Index	Class	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	A	5.84	4.75	4.18	N/A	3.37	0.78	3.05	3.17	N/A	2.71	03/01/2013
	C	5.01	3.94	3.40	N/A	2.60	4.01	3.94	3.40	N/A	2.60	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index		6.98	5.24	4.18	N/A	3.41	6.98	5.24	4.18	N/A	3.41	
Voya International Index Option	A	-0.31	-0.28	4.23	N/A	3.34	-5.03	-1.90	3.22	N/A	2.68	03/01/2013
	C	-1.06	-1.05	3.43	N/A	2.56	-2.05	-1.05	3.43	N/A	2.56	03/01/2013
MSCI EAFE® Index		0.49	0.62	5.26	N/A	4.36	0.49	0.62	5.26	N/A	4.36	
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	A	26.17	17.22	16.52	N/A	15.04	20.19	15.33	15.39	N/A	14.30	03/01/2013
	C	25.22	16.35	15.65	N/A	14.17	24.22	16.35	15.65	N/A	14.17	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Growth Index		37.53	21.67	20.10	N/A	18.01	37.53	21.67	20.10	N/A	18.01	
Voya Large Cap Value Option	A	-5.89	1.64	6.15	N/A	6.51	-10.34	0.00	5.11	N/A	5.83	03/01/2013
	C	-6.63	0.91	5.38	N/A	5.70	-7.56	0.91	5.38	N/A	5.70	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Value Index		-5.03	2.63	7.66	N/A	8.30	-5.03	2.63	7.66	N/A	8.30	
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	A	24.51	13.64	13.44	N/A	12.04	18.59	11.82	12.34	N/A	11.32	03/01/2013
	C	23.60	12.80	12.59	N/A	11.20	22.60	12.80	12.59	N/A	11.20	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Growth Index		23.23	16.23	15.53	N/A	14.49	23.23	16.23	15.53	N/A	14.49	
Voya Government Money Market Option	A	0.29	0.83	0.50	N/A	0.33	0.29	0.83	0.50	N/A	0.33	03/01/2013
	C	0.29	0.83	0.50	N/A	0.33	0.29	0.83	0.50	N/A	0.33	03/01/2013
iMoney Net Government Institutional Index		0.67	1.31	0.88	N/A	0.63	0.67	1.31	0.88	N/A	0.63	
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	A	5.25	1.02	4.65	N/A	2.27	0.26	-0.60	3.64	N/A	1.53	01/24/2014
	C	4.44	0.24	3.87	N/A	1.50	3.44	0.24	3.87	N/A	1.50	01/24/2014
MSCI EAFE® Index		0.49	0.62	5.26	N/A	2.57	0.49	0.62	5.26	N/A	2.57	
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	A	-10.20	-1.96	3.65	N/A	5.86	-14.49	-3.52	2.65	N/A	5.18	03/01/2013
	C	-10.87	-2.70	2.88	N/A	5.03	-11.76	-2.70	2.88	N/A	5.03	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Value Index		-7.30	0.82	6.38	N/A	7.76	-7.30	0.82	6.38	N/A	7.76	
Voya Short Term Bond Option	A	2.71	2.09	1.58	N/A	1.24	-2.14	0.46	0.59	N/A	0.59	03/01/2013
	C	1.87	1.29	0.81	N/A	0.48	0.87	1.29	0.81	N/A	0.48	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-3 Year Government/Credit Bond Index		3.73	2.84	2.09	N/A	1.68	3.73	2.84	2.09	N/A	1.68	
Voya Small Company Option	A	-7.38	-2.94	4.53	N/A	6.23	-11.77	-4.50	3.52	N/A	5.55	03/01/2013
	C	-8.13	-3.69	3.74	N/A	5.42	-9.05	-3.69	3.74	N/A	5.42	03/01/2013
Russell 2000® Index		0.39	1.77	8.00	N/A	8.30	0.39	1.77	8.00	N/A	8.30	
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	A	14.21	11.25	13.09	N/A	12.26	8.78	9.47	11.99	N/A	11.54	03/01/2013
	C	13.39	10.42	12.23	N/A	11.42	12.39	10.42	12.23	N/A	11.42	03/01/2013

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of September 30, 2020 ^{1,2}												
Option/Index	Class	Without Sales Charges					With Sales Charges					
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
S&P 500® Index		15.15	12.28	14.15	N/A	13.35	15.15	12.28	14.15	N/A	13.35	
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	A	9.83	4.90	3.52	N/A	1.07	4.63	3.21	2.52	N/A	0.42	03/01/2013
	C	8.94	4.13	2.73	N/A	0.31	7.94	4.13	2.73	N/A	0.31	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. TIPS Index		10.08	5.79	4.61	N/A	2.23	10.08	5.79	4.61	N/A	2.23	

1. Updated performance information is available online at www.iowaadvisor529.com
2. The performance data shown represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment returns and principal value will fluctuate, so that investor's units, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance data cited.
3. Performance results for Class A units reflect a maximum initial sales charge of 4.75% imposed at the time of purchase.
4. Performance results for Class C units reflect a CDSC of 1.00% imposed at the end of year one.

FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY SPECIFIC SALES CHARGE WAIVERS AND RELATED DISCOUNT POLICY INFORMATION

Intermediary-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies

The availability of certain initial or deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold units in the 529 Plan.

Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load ("CDSC") waivers, which are discussed below. In all instances, it is the purchaser's responsibility to notify the 529 Plan or the purchaser's financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular intermediary, account owners will have to purchase units directly from the 529 Plan or through another intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts if applicable.

EDWARD D. JONES & CO., L.P. ("EDWARD JONES")

The following information has been furnished by Edward Jones. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor Tomorrow's Scholar 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Policies Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones

Effective on or after January 1, 2021, the following information supersedes prior information with respect to transactions and positions held in 529 Plan units through an Edward Jones account. Clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "account owners") purchasing 529 Plan units on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from discounts and waivers described elsewhere in the 529 Plan Description or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the account owner's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of 529 Plans where Voya serves as the primary distributor and Voya funds or other facts qualifying the purchaser for discounts or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance. Account owners should contact Edward Jones if they have questions regarding their eligibility for these discounts and waivers.

Breakpoints

- Breakpoint pricing, otherwise known as volume pricing, will be at dollar thresholds as described in the 529 Plan Description.

Rights of Accumulation (ROA)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A units is determined by taking into account all classes of the 529 Plans where Voya serves as the primary distributor and Voya funds (except certain money market funds and any assets held in group retirement plans) held by the account owner or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). This includes all units held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible assets in the ROA calculation is dependent on the account owner notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Money market funds are included only if such shares were sold with a sales charge at the time of purchase or acquired in exchange for shares purchased with a sales charge.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost minus redemptions or market value (current units x NAV).

Letter of Intent ("LOI")

- Through a LOI, account owners can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases account owner intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the account owner intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the account owner makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the account owner notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not adjusted under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if LOI is not met.

Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following account owners and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing and remains in good standing pursuant to Edward Jones' policies and procedures.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redeemed units of the same 529 Plan so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of units within 60 days of the purchase; and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same Option and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual account.
- Units exchanged into Class A units from another class so long as the exchange is into the same Option and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the 529 Plan, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in the Program Description.
- Exchanges from Class C units to Class A units of the same 529 Plan, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones. This waiver does not apply to Class C units which, consistent with the 529 Plan Description, automatically convert at an earlier date.
- Purchases of Class A units through a rollover from another 529 Plan.
- Purchases made for recontribution of refunded amounts.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) Waivers

If the account owner purchases units that are subject to a CDSC and those units are redeemed before the CDSC expires, the account owner is responsible for paying the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the account owner or beneficiary.
- Units acquired through NAV reinstatement.

Other Important Information Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones

Minimum Purchase Amounts

- Initial purchase minimum: \$250
- Subsequent purchase minimum: none

Exchanging Share Classes

- At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV an account owner's holdings in an Option to Class A.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through an Edward Jones platform or account

- For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Edward Jones platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, during the month following the month of the Beneficiary's birth date.

Account Maintenance Fees

- For accounts held in omnibus by Edward Jones, the annual account maintenance fees are waived.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC., RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. and each entity's affiliates ("RAYMOND JAMES")

The following information has been furnished by Raymond James. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor Tomorrow's Scholar 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Account owners purchasing units through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this 529 Plan's Program Description.

Front-end sales load waivers on Class A units available at Raymond James

- Units purchased in an investment advisory program.

- Units purchased within the same 529 Plan through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same 529 Plan, provided: (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption; (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account; and (3) redeemed units were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- An account owner in the 529 Plan's Class C units will have their units converted at net asset value to Class A units (or the appropriate unit class) of the 529 Plan if the units are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

CDSC Waivers on Classes A, and C units available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the account owner.
- Units sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the 529 Plan's Program Description.
- Units sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Units acquired through a Right of Reinstatement.
- Front-end load discounts available at Raymond James: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, Breakpoints as described in this 529 Plan's Program Description Rights of accumulation which entitle account owners to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of 529 Plan assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible 529 Plan assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the account owner notifies his or her financial intermediary about such assets.

MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED ("MERRILL")

The following information has been furnished by Merrill. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor Tomorrow's Scholar 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

If you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, the features and policies related to unit class sales charges (including CDSC), unit class sales charge waiver eligibility, and C unit and C1 unit conversion period likely will be different than referenced in this document and will be governed by the Merrill Terms and Conditions provided to you by Merrill prior to establishing your account.

Importantly, if you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, then the Unit Class your account will purchase will generally be based on your eligible assets or meeting other eligibility criteria as set forth in the Merrill Terms and Conditions. 529 plans offered by Merrill on its omnibus platform generally will have three unit classes – A Unit Class, C Unit Class, and Class C1 Unit Class – each with its own fee and expense structure. Each account will purchase a specific unit class when an initial or subsequent contribution is credited to the account. The unit class will be automatically determined at the time of the contribution based on the participant's eligible assets and/or meeting other eligibility criteria. You will not be able to select the unit class. Among other things, C units and C1 units generally will be automatically converted to A units (not subject to an initial sales charge) after four years from their respective dates of purchase.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through a Merrill platform or account

For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Merrill platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, on the day following the day of the Beneficiary's birth date.

Please contact your Merrill advisor with any questions or to request a copy of the Merrill Terms and Conditions.

IADVISOR 529 PLAN

Supplement No. 6 dated September 30, 2020 To the IAdvisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description") as previously amended. You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

1. On June 29, 2020, Iowa enacted legislation to conform to the federal tax law treatment of qualified apprenticeship expenses and qualified loan repayments as Qualified Education Expenses effective as of the start of the 2020 calendar year. Multiple sections of the Program Description are revised accordingly.
2. Effective July 1, 2020, the sub-section entitled "Withdrawals – Qualified Withdrawals – Recontributions" is added to the Program Description.
3. The sub-section entitled "Changes to an Account – Change of an Account Owner" is revised.
4. Appendix G: Financial Intermediary" is revised to reflect changes to information about Edward Jones.

CHANGES TO THE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Program Description is revised as follows:

Changes to Key Terms

The last two paragraphs under "Key Terms – Qualified Education Expenses" (as added on March 31, 2020) are deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

Additionally, for federal and Iowa tax purposes, any reference to Qualified Education Expenses also includes: (i) expenses for fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for the participation of a Beneficiary in an apprenticeship program registered and certified with the Secretary of Labor under the National Apprenticeship Act ("Apprenticeship Expenses"); and (ii) amounts paid as principal or interest on any qualified education loan of either the Beneficiary or a sibling of the Beneficiary, up to a lifetime limit of \$10,000 per individual ("Loan Repayments"). Loan Repayments may impact student loan interest deductibility.

State tax treatment of withdrawals for K-12 tuition expenses, apprenticeship expenses, and payment of qualified education loans is determined by the state where you file state income tax. Please consult with a tax advisor before withdrawing funds for any such expenses.

Changes to Withdrawals

1. The following paragraph is added as a second paragraph in the section entitled "Withdrawals:"

To be a Qualified Withdrawal for federal or state tax purposes, the proceeds must be used for Qualified Education Expenses, which may include qualified higher-education expenses, qualified K-12 education expenses, Apprenticeship Expenses, or Loan Repayments (all as discussed below).

2. The last two paragraphs of the sub-section entitled "Withdrawals – Qualified Education Expenses" (as added on March 31, 2020) are deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

For federal and Iowa tax purposes, any reference to Qualified Education Expenses also includes: (i) expenses for fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for the participation of a Beneficiary in an apprenticeship program registered and certified with the Secretary of Labor under the National Apprenticeship Act; and (ii) amounts paid as principal or interest on any qualified education loan of either the Beneficiary or a sibling of the Beneficiary, up to a lifetime limit of \$10,000 per individual. Distributions treated as Qualified Education Expenses with respect to the loans of a sibling of a Beneficiary will count towards the limit of the sibling, not the Beneficiary. Loan Repayments may impact student loan interest deductibility. Participants will be responsible for tracking their Loan Repayments in accordance with the \$10,000 per individual limit.

State tax treatment of withdrawals for Qualified Education Expenses, including those for K-12 tuition expenses, apprenticeship expenses, and payment of qualified education loans is determined by the state where you file state income tax. Please consult with a tax advisor before withdrawing funds for any such expenses.

3. The following sub-section entitled "Withdrawals – Qualified Withdrawals – Recontributions" is added to the Program Description.

Recontributions

In the event a Beneficiary receives from an Eligible Educational Institution a refund of funds originally withdrawn from an Account to pay for Qualified Education Expenses, such funds, up to the amount of the refund, will not be subject to adverse Iowa state tax consequences provided the funds are recontributed to the same Account from which the withdrawal was made and the recontribution occurs within sixty days of the refund.

The state tax treatment of any withdrawals will be determined by the Account Owner's state of residence and will vary from state to state. Each state will ultimately determine the treatment of these withdrawals independently. Account Owners should consult their tax advisors for further guidance.

Changes to Changes to an Account

The second paragraph in the sub-section entitled "Changes to an Account – Change of an Account Owner" is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Upon the death of an Account Owner, the successor Account Owner must notify IAdvisor 529 Plan by submitting a completed Participant Agreement and a certified copy of the death certificate. The change in ownership of the Account will become effective for the successor Account Owner once this paperwork has been received and processed.

Changes to Iowa State Tax Considerations

The information under the sub-section entitled "Tax Treatment - Iowa state tax considerations -Apprenticeship Expenses and Loan Repayments" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

For Iowa tax purposes, any reference to Qualified Education Expenses includes (i) expenses for fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for the participation of a Beneficiary in an apprenticeship program registered and certified with the Secretary of Labor under the National Apprenticeship Act, and (ii) amounts paid as principal or interest on any qualified education loan of either the Beneficiary or a sibling of the Beneficiary, up to a lifetime limit of \$10,000 per individual. Loan Repayments may impact student loan interest deductibility. Participants will be responsible for tracking their Loan Repayments in accordance with the \$10,000 per individual limit.

Changes to Appendices

1. "Appendix G: Financial Intermediary" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix G: Financial Intermediary – As Supplemented September 30, 2020."

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY SPECIFIC SALES CHARGE WAIVERS AND RELATED DISCOUNT POLICY INFORMATION

Intermediary-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies

The availability of certain initial or deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold units in the 529 Plan.

Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load ("CDSC") waivers, which are discussed below. In all instances, it is the purchaser's responsibility to notify the 529 Plan or the purchaser's financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular intermediary, account owners will have to purchase units directly from the 529 Plan or through another intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts if applicable.

EDWARD D. JONES & CO. ("EDWARD JONES")

The following information has been furnished by Edward Jones. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor IAdvisor 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Sales Waivers and Reductions in Sales Charges

Clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "account owners") purchasing 529 Plan units on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from breakpoints and waivers described elsewhere in the 529 Plan Description or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the account owner's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of 529 Plan or other facts qualifying the purchaser for breakpoints or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance.

Breakpoints

Rights of Accumulation (ROA)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A units is determined by taking into account all classes of the 529 Plan held by the account owner or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). This includes all units held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible 529 Plan assets in the rights of accumulation calculation is dependent on the account owner notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value (current units x NAV).

Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following account owners and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redeemed units of the same 529 Plan so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of units within 60 days of the purchase; and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same Option and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual account.
- Units exchanged into Class A units from another class so long as the exchange is into the same Option and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the 529 Plan, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in the Program Description.
- Exchanges from Class C units to Class A units of the same 529 Plan, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones. This waiver does not apply to Class C units which, consistent with the 529 Plan Description, automatically convert at an earlier date.
- Purchase of Class A units through a rollover from another 529 Plan.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) Waivers

If the account owner purchases units that are subject to a CDSC and those units are redeemed before the CDSC expires, the account owner is responsible for paying the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the account owner.
- Units acquired through NAV reinstatement.

Other Important Information

Minimum Purchase Amounts

- \$250 initial purchase minimum
- \$50 subsequent purchase minimum

Changing Share Classes

- At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV an account owners holdings in an Option to Class A.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through an Edward Jones platform or account

- For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Edward Jones platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, during the month following the month of the Beneficiary's birth date.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC., RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. and each entity's affiliates ("RAYMOND JAMES")

The following information has been furnished by Raymond James. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor IAdvisor 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Account owners purchasing units through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this 529 Plan's Program Description.

Front-end sales load waivers on Class A units available at Raymond James

- Units purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Units purchased within the same 529 Plan through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same 529 Plan, provided: (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption; (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account; and (3) redeemed units were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- An account owner in the 529 Plan's Class C units will have their units converted at net asset value to Class A units (or the appropriate unit class) of the 529 Plan if the units are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

CDSC Waivers on Classes A, and C units available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the account owner.
- Units sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the 529 Plan's Program Description.
- Units sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Units acquired through a Right of Reinstatement.

- Front-end load discounts available at Raymond James: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, Breakpoints as described in this 529 Plan's Program Description Rights of accumulation which entitle account owners to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of 529 Plan assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible 529 Plan assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the account owner notifies his or her financial intermediary about such assets.

MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED ("MERRILL")

The following information has been furnished by Merrill. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor IAdvisor 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

If you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, the features and policies related to unit class sales charges (including CDSC), unit class sales charge waiver eligibility, and C unit conversion period likely will be different than referenced in this document and will be governed by the Merrill Terms and Conditions provided to you by Merrill prior to establishing your account.

Importantly, if you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, then the Unit Class your account will purchase will generally be based on your eligible assets or meeting other eligibility criteria as set forth in the Merrill Terms and Conditions. 529 plans offered by Merrill on its omnibus platform generally will have two unit classes – A Unit Class and C Unit Class – each with its own fee and expense structure. Each account will purchase a specific unit class when an initial or subsequent contribution is credited to the account. The unit class will be automatically determined at the time of the contribution based on the participant's eligible assets and/or meeting other eligibility criteria. You will not be able to select the unit class. Among other things, C units generally will be automatically converted to A units (not subject to an initial sales charge) after four years from their respective dates of purchase.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through a Merrill platform or account

For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Merrill platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, on the day following the day of the Beneficiary's birth date.

Please contact your Merrill advisor with any questions or to request a copy of the Merrill Terms and Conditions.

IADVISOR 529 PLAN

Supplement No. 5 dated June 30, 2020 To the IAdvisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description"). You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

1. Effective July 27, 2020, Lazard Asset Management LLC will no longer serve as one of the sub-advisers to Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option.
2. Effective July 17, 2020, information for account owners who purchase units through the financial intermediary, Edward D. Jones & Co, is added to the Program Description.

CHANGES TO THE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Program Description is revised as follows:

Changes to the Program Summary

The section entitled "Program Summary" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Program Summary – As Supplemented June 30, 2020."

Changes to Appendices

1. "Appendix A: Investment Options" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix A: Investment Options – As Supplemented June 30, 2020."
2. "Appendix G: Financial Intermediary" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix G: Financial Intermediary – As Supplemented June 30, 2020."

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

The following summary is intended only to highlight key features of the IAdvisor 529 Plan. It does not fully describe the IAdvisor 529 Plan. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the remainder of this Program Description.

PROGRAM SUMMARY – AS SUPPLEMENTED JUNE 30, 2020

The Program	The IAdvisor 529 Plan of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust. The Treasurer of the State of Iowa serves as Trustee of the Trust.
Program Manager	Voya Funds Services, LLC; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Voya Investments Distributor, LLC, which collectively provide for the management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.
Choosing a share class	You can choose from among several unit classes, each with different sales charges and expenses. If no unit class is designated, Class A shares, which are subject to an initial sales charge, will be automatically selected. See “Choosing a Unit Class” on page 7 for details.
Minimum initial contribution	\$250 per Option. The minimum initial contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through AIPs or payroll direct deposits: \$50 per month per Option for AIPs; \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Minimum subsequent contribution	\$50 per Option (\$50 per month per Option for AIPs). The minimum subsequent contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through payroll direct deposits: \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Maximum contribution limit	\$420,000 (subject to periodic adjustment). See “Maximum Contributions” on page 12 for details.
Participation	An Account Owner and Beneficiary must be a U.S. citizen or resident alien with a valid Social Security number or taxpayer identification number. An Account Owner must be a minimum of 18 years of age and have a permanent U.S. address (not a P.O. box). There are no restrictions on state of residency or income. Certain other entities, including custodial accounts, with a valid taxpayer identification number, may participate. A Beneficiary may be any age. See “The Application Process” on page 10 for details.
Eligible Schools	For higher education, savings may be used at any eligible postsecondary school in the United States and certain institutions abroad. See “Eligible Educational Institutions” on page 13 for details. For K-12 education, savings may be used for tuition at elementary or secondary public, private or religious schools up to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “K-12 Institutions” on page 13 for details.
Federal tax benefits	Earnings accrue free of federal income tax. Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to federal income tax or an additional 10% tax. There is no federal gift tax on contributions of up to \$15,000 per year per Beneficiary (\$30,000 for married couples electing to split gifts); or on a lump sum gift of \$75,000 (single filer) and \$150,000 (married couples) that would be prorated over five taxable years. Contributions are generally considered completed gifts to the Beneficiary for federal gift and estate tax purposes. Each Account Owner has a lifetime exemption that may be applied to gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts referred to above or an individual’s gross estate. This lifetime exemption is adjusted for inflation and is currently \$11,580,000 for each Account Owner. A married couple may elect to split gifts and apply their combined exemption of \$23,160,000 to gifts by either of them. The top gift tax rate is 40%. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Iowa tax benefits	Iowa tax benefits related to the IAdvisor 529 Plan are available only to Iowa taxpayers. An Account Owner may reduce their Iowa taxable income up to a maximum of \$3,439 in 2020 (adjusted annually for inflation) per Beneficiary. This deduction applies to each Account Owner. For example, married Account Owners who contribute to separate accounts on behalf of their two children can deduct up to \$13,756 (4 x \$3,439). Accrued earnings and Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to Iowa income tax. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Qualified Withdrawals	Use the Account to pay for Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary at any Eligible Educational Institution. Use of the Account to pay for tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at any elementary or secondary public, private or religious school is subject to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “Qualified Withdrawals” on page 13 for details.

PROGRAM SUMMARY – AS SUPPLEMENTED JUNE 30, 2020

<p>Investment Options</p>	<p>Account Owners can choose from among 21 Options, including 5 Static Allocation Options, 4 Age-Based Options, and 12 Single Fund Options. Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Options’ investments include shares in Voya mutual funds and other mutual funds managed by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.; Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC; Brookfield Investment Funds; Credit Suisse Asset Management, LLC; Delaware Investments Fund Advisers; Hahn Capital Management, LLC; Lazard Asset Management LLC; LSV Asset Management; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; Van Eck Associates Corporation; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP. See “Investment Options” on page 7 and “Appendix A: Investment Options” for details.</p> <p>Effective July 27, 2020</p> <p>Account Owners can choose from among 21 Options, including 5 Static Allocation Options, 4 Age-Based Options, and 12 Single Fund Options. Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Options’ investments include shares in Voya mutual funds and other mutual funds managed by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.; Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC; Brookfield Investment Funds; Credit Suisse Asset Management, LLC; Delaware Investments Fund Advisers; Hahn Capital Management, LLC; LSV Asset Management; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; Van Eck Associates Corporation; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP. See “Investment Options” on page 7 and “Appendix A: Investment Options” for details.</p>
<p>Program expenses and fees</p>	<p>Account Owners bear the fees charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan and the expenses of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. An Account Owner’s financial intermediary may also charge fees in addition to the fees and expenses described in this Program Description. See “Fee Structure” on page 10 for details.</p>
<p>Program and investment risks</p>	<p>An investment in the IAdvisor 529 Plan is subject to investment risks, regardless of which Option(s) an Account Owner selects. An Account Owner may lose money, including any principal. Investments are not insured or guaranteed by the United States; the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the State; the Trust; the Trustee; any agency or instrumentality of the federal government or of the State. In addition, Account Owners are exposed to the risks of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. See “IAdvisor 529 Plan Risks and Considerations” on page 17 and “Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options” for details.</p>
<p>Investment performance</p>	<p>Account values can vary based on an Option’s performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Performance may be substantially affected over time by changes in an Option’s investment allocation and/or changes to an Option’s underlying investments. See “Appendix D: Investment Results” for details.</p>
<p>Changes in investment selection</p>	<p>Once an Option selection has been made, federal tax law allows an Account Owner to change the investment selection twice per calendar year and at any time a change in the Beneficiary is made to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. See “Investment Changes” on page 7 for details.</p>
<p>Contact information</p>	<p><u>Regular Mail</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management P.O. Box 9659 Providence, RI 02940-9659</p> <p><u>Overnight/Courier</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581-1722</p> <p>1-800-774-5127 www.IAdvisor529.com</p>

APPENDIX A: INVESTMENT OPTIONS – AS SUPPLEMENTED JUNE 30, 2020

The following Options are offered through the IAdvisor 529 Plan:

Age-Based Options	Single Fund Options
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Voya Government Money Market Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Voya Intermediate Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Voya International Index Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Voya Large Cap Growth Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Voya Large Cap Value Option
	Voya MidCap Opportunities Option
Static Allocation Options	Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Voya Short Term Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Voya Small Company Option
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Voya U.S. Stock Index Option
	VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option

The table below includes a description of each Option's investment strategy and principal investment risks. Each Option's principal investment risks correspond to the principal investment risks of each Underlying Fund in which the Option seeks to invest at least 5% of its net assets. As such, you should understand that an Option may be subject to additional investment risks. Additional detail about the principal investment risks listed below may be found in "Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options."

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 85% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 15% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing,

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
	Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Index Strategy, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 25% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 75% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalent, Company, Credit, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Growth Investing, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in conservative investments seeking protection of principal. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 5% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 95% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalent, Credit, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities
Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 95% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 5% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investments, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Other Investment Companies, Value Investing

Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 83% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 17% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investments, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Government Money Market Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Government Money Market Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to provide investors with a high level of current income consistent with the preservation of capital and liquidity. The portfolio invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in government securities, cash and repurchase agreements collateralized fully by government securities or cash. For purposes of this policy, "government securities" mean any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing. In addition, under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in government securities and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by government securities. The portfolio invests in a portfolio of securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) that will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The portfolio may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis. The securities purchased by the portfolio are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, and other rules adopted by the SEC. Portfolio investments of the portfolio are valued based on the amortized cost valuation method pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may maintain a rating from one or more rating agencies that provide ratings on money market funds. There can be no assurance that the portfolio will maintain any particular rating or maintain it with a particular rating agency. To maintain a rating, the sub-adviser may manage the portfolio more conservatively than if it was not rated. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies that are money market funds to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. You could lose money by investing in the portfolio. Although the portfolio seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the portfolio is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The portfolio's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the portfolio, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the portfolio at any time.</p>	<p>Cash/Cash Equivalents, Credit, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Money Market Regulatory, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Repurchase Agreements, U.S. Government Securities, When Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Intermediate Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to maximize total return through income and capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a portfolio of bonds, including but not limited to corporate, government and mortgage bonds, which, at the time of purchase, are rated investment-grade (for example, rated at least BBB- by S&P Global Ratings or Baa3 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or have an equivalent rating by a NRSRO, or are of comparable quality if unrated. Although the fund may invest a portion of its assets in high-yield (high risk) debt instruments, commonly referred to as "junk bonds," rated below investment-grade, the fund will seek to maintain a minimum weighted average portfolio quality rating of at least investment-grade. Generally, the sub-adviser maintains a dollar-weighted average duration between three and ten years. The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; high quality money market instruments; municipal bonds; debt instruments of foreign issuers (including those located in emerging market countries); securities denominated in foreign currencies; foreign currencies; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; bank loans and floating rate secured loans ("Senior Loans"); and derivatives including futures, options, and swaps (including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps and total return swaps) involving securities, securities indices and interest rates, which may be denominated in the U.S. dollar or foreign currencies. The fund typically uses derivatives to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may seek to obtain exposure to the securities in which it invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or through other investment techniques such as buy backs and dollar rolls. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Bank Instruments, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, U.S. Government Securities</p> <p>Effective July 31, 2020</p> <p>Bank Instruments, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya International Index Option ¹	<p>Through its investments in Voya International Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of a widely accepted international index ("Index"). The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies which are, at the time of purchase, included in the Index; convertible securities that are convertible into stocks included in the Index; other derivatives whose economic returns are, by design, closely equivalent to the returns of the Index or its components; and exchange-traded funds that track the index. Under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests all, or substantially all of its assets in these securities. The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a "passive management" approach designed to track the performance of the Index (currently, the MSCI EAFE® Index). The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio's cash position as well as forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge currency risk. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>

¹ Voya International Index Option is only available to account owners previously invested in the Vanguard FTSE All World ex-US ETF Portfolio, an option offered by the prior program manager, as of March 1, 2013.

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Large-Cap Growth Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of large-capitalization companies. For this fund, the sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations which fall within the range of companies in the Russell 1000® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in foreign securities. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, index futures and options to hedge against market risk or to enhance returns. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 30% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending</p>
Voya Large Cap Value Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Large Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital and current income. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of dividend-paying, large-capitalization issuers. The sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell 1000® Value Index at the time of purchase. Equity securities include common and preferred stocks, warrants, and convertible securities. The fund may invest in foreign securities, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may also invest up to 20% of its assets in small- and mid-capitalization companies. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing</p>
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya MidCap Opportunities Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-sized U.S. companies. The sub-adviser defines mid-sized companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the range of companies in the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may also invest in derivative instruments including futures or index futures that have a similar profile to the benchmark of the fund. The fund typically uses derivatives for the purpose of maintaining equity market exposure on its cash balance. The fund may also invest in foreign securities. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Fund (currently sub-advised by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; Lazard Asset Management LLC; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital. Effective July 27, 2020, the fund will be sub-advised by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. The fund invests at least 65% of its assets in equity securities of companies organized under the laws of, or with principal offices located in, a number of different countries outside of the United States, including companies in countries in emerging markets. The fund does not seek to focus its investments in a particular industry or country. The fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization. The equity securities in which the fund may invest include, but are not limited to, common stocks, preferred stocks, depository receipts, rights and warrants to buy common stocks, privately placed securities, and IPOs. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including options, futures, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund typically uses derivatives to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying assets, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund invests its assets in foreign investments which are denominated in U.S. dollars, major reserve currencies and currencies of other countries and can be affected by fluctuations in exchange rates. To attempt to protect against adverse changes in currency exchange rates, the fund may, but will not necessarily use special techniques such as forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Initial Public Offerings, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value investing</p> <p>Effective July 27, 2020</p> <p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Initial Public Offerings, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value investing</p>
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Hahn Capital Management, LLC; LSV Asset Management; and Voya Investment Management CO. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-capitalization companies. The sub-advisers define mid-capitalization companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell Midcap® Index and the S&P MidCap 400® Index at the time of purchase. The fund focuses on securities that the sub-advisers believe are undervalued in the marketplace. The fund expects to invest primarily in securities of U.S.-based companies, but may also invest in securities of non-U.S. companies, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivatives, including futures, as a substitute for securities in which the fund can invest, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investing, Index Strategy, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Short Term Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Short Term Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks maximum total return. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a diversified portfolio of bonds or derivative instruments having economic characteristics similar to bonds. The average dollar-weighted maturity of the fund will not exceed 3 years. Because of the fund's holdings in asset-backed, mortgage-backed, and similar securities, the fund's average dollar-weighted maturity is equivalent to the average weighted maturity of the cash flows in the securities held by the fund given certain prepayment assumptions (also known as weighted average life). The fund invests in non-government issued debt securities, issued by companies of all sizes, rated investment-grade, but may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in high yield securities, (commonly referred to as "junk bonds"). The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; U.S. government securities, securities of foreign governments, and supranational organizations; mortgage-backed and asset-backed debt securities; municipal bonds, notes, and commercial paper; and debt securities of foreign issuers. The fund may engage in dollar roll transactions and swap agreements, including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, and total return swaps. The fund may use options, options on swap agreements and futures contracts involving securities, securities indices and interest rates to hedge against market risk, to enhance returns, and as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset. In addition, private placements of debt securities (which are often restricted securities) are eligible for purchase along with other illiquid securities. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage-and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p> <p>Effective July 31, 2020</p> <p>Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya Small Company Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Small Company Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks growth of capital primarily through investment in a diversified portfolio of common stock of companies with smaller market capitalizations. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of small-capitalization companies. The sub-adviser defines small-capitalization companies as those companies included in the S&P SmallCap 600® Index or the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase, or if not included in either index, have a market capitalization that falls within the range of the market capitalizations of companies included in the S&P SmallCap 600® Index or the Russell 2000® Index. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, put and call options. The fund typically uses derivative instruments to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest, to a limited extent, in foreign stocks. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Small-Capitalization Company, Value Investing</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks total return. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies included in the S&P 500® Index (“Index”) or equity securities of companies that are representative of the index (including derivatives). The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a “passive management” approach designed to track the performance of the Index, which is comprised of stocks of large U.S. companies. The portfolio usually attempts to replicate the performance of the Index by investing all, or substantially all, of its assets in stocks that make up the Index. The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures and other derivatives as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio’s cash position. In the event that the portfolio’s market value is \$50 million or less, in order to replicate investment in stocks listed on the Index, the sub-adviser may invest the entire amount of the portfolio’s assets in index futures, in exchange-traded funds, or in a combination of index futures and exchange-traded funds, subject to any limitation on the portfolio’s investments in such securities. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Derivatives, Index Strategy, Market, Liquidity, Market Capitalization, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
<p>VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option</p>	<p>Through its investments in VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Portfolio (sub-advised by BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.), the Option seeks to maximize real return, consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in inflation-indexed bonds of varying maturities issued by the U.S. and non-U.S. governments, their agencies or instrumentalities, and U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. Inflation-indexed bonds are debt instruments that are structured to provide protection against inflation. For purposes of satisfying the 80% requirement, the portfolio may also invest in derivative instruments that have economic characteristics similar to inflation-indexed bonds. The value of an inflation-indexed bond's principal or the interest income paid on the bond is adjusted to track changes in an official inflation measure. Inflation-indexed bonds issued by a foreign government are generally adjusted to reflect a comparable inflation index, calculated by the foreign government. "Real return" equals total return less the estimated cost of inflation, which is typically measured by the change in an official inflation measure. The portfolio maintains an average portfolio duration that is within ±20% of the duration of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index. The portfolio may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-investment-grade bonds (high-yield or "junk bonds") or debt securities of emerging market issuers. The portfolio also may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers, and may invest, without limit, in U.S. dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers. The portfolio may also purchase: U.S. Treasuries and agency securities, commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, investment-grade corporate bonds, and asset-backed securities. Non-investment-grade bonds acquired by the portfolio will generally be in the lower rating categories of the major rating agencies (BB or lower by S&P Global Ratings or Ba or lower by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or will be determined by the management team to be of similar quality. Split rated bonds will be considered to have the higher of the two credit ratings. The portfolio may buy or sell options or futures, or enter into swaps, interest rate, or foreign currency exchange transactions, (collectively, commonly known as "derivatives"). The portfolio typically uses derivatives as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset and/or as part of a strategy designed to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk. The portfolio may also use derivatives to enhance returns, in which case their use would involve leveraging risk. The portfolio may seek to obtain market exposure to the securities in which it primarily invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or by using other investment techniques. The portfolio may also invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Inflation-Index Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market Disruption and Geopolitical, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>

FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY SPECIFIC SALES CHARGE WAIVERS AND RELATED DISCOUNT POLICY INFORMATION

Intermediary-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies

The availability of certain initial or deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold units in the 529 Plan.

Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load (“CDSC”) waivers, which are discussed below. In all instances, it is the purchaser’s responsibility to notify the 529 Plan or the purchaser’s financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular intermediary, account owners will have to purchase units directly from the 529 Plan or through another intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts if applicable.

EDWARD D. JONES & CO. (“EDWARD JONES”)

The following information has been furnished by Edward Jones. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor IAdvisor 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Sales Waivers and Reductions in Sales Charges

Effective on or after July 17, 2020, clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "account owners") purchasing 529 Plan units on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from breakpoints and waivers described elsewhere in the 529 Plan Description or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the account owner’s responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of 529 Plan or other facts qualifying the purchaser for breakpoints or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through an Edward Jones platform or account

For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Edward Jones platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, during the month following the month of the Beneficiary’s birth date.

Breakpoints

Rights of Accumulation (ROA)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A units is determined by taking into account all classes of the 529 Plan held by the account owner or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). This includes all units held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible 529 Plan assets in the rights of accumulation calculation is dependent on the account owner notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value (current shares x NAV).

Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following account owners and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing.
- Units purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redeemed units of the same 529 Plan so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of units within 60 days of the purchase; and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same Option and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual account.
- Units exchanged into class A shares from another class so long as the exchange is into the same Option and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the 529 Plan, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in the Program Description.
- Exchanges from class C shares to class A shares of the same 529 Plan, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) Waivers

If the account owner purchases units that are subject to a CDSC and those units are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the account owner is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the account owner.
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value.
- Units sold to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones.
- Units exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Units acquired through NAV reinstatement.

Other Important Information

Minimum Purchase Amounts

- \$250 initial purchase minimum
- \$50 subsequent purchase minimum

Minimum Balances

- Edward Jones has the right to redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following are examples of accounts that are not included in this policy:
 - A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
 - A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform
 - An account with an active systematic investment plan

Changing Share Classes

- At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV an account owners holdings in an Option to Class A.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC., RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. and each entity's affiliates ("RAYMOND JAMES")

The following information has been furnished by Raymond James. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor IAdvisor 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Account owners purchasing units through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this 529 Plan's Program Description.

Front-end sales load waivers on Class A units available at Raymond James

- Units purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Units purchased within the same 529 Plan through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same 529 Plan, provided: (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption; (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account; and (3) redeemed units were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- An account owner in the 529 Plan's Class C units will have their units converted at net asset value to Class A units (or the appropriate unit class) of the 529 Plan if the units are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

CDSC Waivers on Classes A, and C units available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the account owner.
- Units sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the 529 Plan's Program Description.
- Units sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Units acquired through a Right of Reinstatement.
- Front-end load discounts available at Raymond James: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, Breakpoints as described in this 529 Plan's Program Description Rights of accumulation which entitle account owners to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of 529 Plan assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible 529 Plan assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the account owner notifies his or her financial intermediary about such assets.

MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED ("MERRILL")

The following information has been furnished by Merrill. Neither Voya Investments Distributor, LLC nor IAdvisor 529 Plan has independently verified such information.

Effective June 30, 2020, if you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, the features and policies related to unit class sales charges (including CDSC), unit class sales charge waiver eligibility, and C unit conversion period likely will be different than referenced in this document and will be governed by the Merrill Terms and Conditions provided to you by Merrill prior to establishing your account.

Importantly, if you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, then the Unit Class your account will purchase will generally be based on your eligible assets or meeting other eligibility criteria as set forth in the Merrill Terms and Conditions. 529 plans offered by Merrill on its omnibus platform generally will have two unit classes – A Unit Class and C Unit Class – each with its own fee and expense structure. Each account will purchase a specific unit class when an initial or subsequent contribution is credited to the account. The unit class will be automatically determined at the time of the contribution based on the participant's eligible assets and/or meeting other eligibility criteria. You will not be able to select the unit class. Among other things, C units generally will be automatically converted to A units (not subject to an initial sales charge) after four years from their respective dates of purchase.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through a Merrill platform or account

For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Merrill platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, on the day following the day of the Beneficiary's birth date.

Please contact your Merrill advisor with any questions or to request a copy of the Merrill Terms and Conditions.

IADVISOR 529 PLAN

Supplement No. 4 dated March 31, 2020 To the IAdvisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019, as supplemented December 31, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description"), as supplemented December 31, 2019. You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

CHANGES TO THE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

1. The following paragraphs are added at the end of the sub-section entitled "Key Terms – Qualified Education Expenses" beginning on page 2 of the Program Description:

For federal tax purposes, any reference to Qualified Education Expenses also includes: (i) expenses for fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for the participation of a Beneficiary in an apprenticeship program registered and certified with the Secretary of Labor under the National Apprenticeship Act; and (ii) amounts paid as principal or interest on any qualified education loan of either the Beneficiary, or a sibling of the Beneficiary, up to a lifetime limit of \$10,000 per individual. Distributions treated as Qualified Education Expenses with respect to the loans of a sibling of a Beneficiary will count towards the limit of the sibling, not the Beneficiary. Such loan repayments may impact student loan interest deductibility.

State tax treatment of withdrawals for K-12 tuition expenses, apprenticeship expenses, and payment of qualified education loans is determined by the state where you file state income tax. Please consult with a tax advisor before withdrawing funds for any such expenses.

2. The seventh paragraph in the section entitled "Investment Options" on page 7 of the Program Description is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

If an Account Owner selects an Age-Based Option, contributions are invested in the Age-Based Option corresponding to the actual or hypothetical age of the Beneficiary indicated on the Account Application or later provided to the Program Manager. The Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Age-Based Options constitute separate age-bands designed for Beneficiaries of different ages. An Account for a younger Beneficiary will be invested in an Age-Based Option that primarily invests in equity Underlying Funds in order to maximize return potential and to capitalize on the longer investment time frame. An Account for an older Beneficiary will be invested in an Age-Based Option that primarily invests in fixed income Underlying Funds in order to preserve capital as the Beneficiary approaches college age. As the Beneficiary ages, the Account is automatically reinvested in the Age-Based Option corresponding to the age of the Beneficiary. These automatic reinvestments, when applicable, occur during August, except for certain Accounts established or held on an omnibus platform (please see Appendix G for more information). You have the flexibility to purchase an Age-Based Option based on your Beneficiary's actual age or a hypothetical age if you wish to be invested in more aggressive or conservative age-bands than have been designed for Beneficiaries of certain ages.

3. The sub-section entitled "Choosing a Unit Class – Sales charge waivers" beginning on page 8 of the Program Description is hereby revised to include the following paragraph at the end of the section:

In addition to the sales charge waivers above, additional sales load and CDSC waivers maybe available through specific financial intermediaries. Please see Appendix G for further information.

4. The first paragraph in sub-section entitled "Fee Structure – Service and transaction fees" on page 10 of the Program Description is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

An annual maintenance fee of \$25, payable to the Program Manager, may be charged to all Accounts that do not qualify for a fee waiver. The fee is paid in arrears on a date agreed to by the Trustee and the Program Manager (currently in December) and is non-refundable. The annual fee will be waived: (1) if the Account balance in each selected Option is greater than \$25,000; (2) if there is an AIP or payroll direct deposit of \$100 per month in each selected Option (active for the 12 previous months without interruption); (3) for Accounts established by employees of the Program Manager and its affiliates; or (4) for certain Accounts established or held on an omnibus platform. Should you withdraw your entire Account balance prior to the annual fee being paid, the fee will be deducted at the time of withdrawal.

5. The second sentence in the second paragraph in the section entitled "Withdrawal" on page 13 of the Program Description is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

As part of this determination, Account Owners are responsible for monitoring and complying with the aggregate limit per tax year applicable to withdrawals used to pay for tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at K-12

Institutions and the applicable lifetime limit applicable to withdrawals used for the payment of qualified education loans.

6. The following paragraphs are added at the end of the sub-section entitled “Withdrawals – Qualified Education Expenses” beginning on page 13 of the Program Description:

For federal tax purposes, any reference to Qualified Education Expenses also includes: (i) expenses for fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for the participation of a Beneficiary in an apprenticeship program registered and certified with the Secretary of Labor under the National Apprenticeship Act; and (ii) amounts paid as principal or interest on any qualified education loan of either the Beneficiary, or a sibling of the Beneficiary, up to a lifetime limit of \$10,000 per individual. Distributions treated as Qualified Education Expenses with respect to the loans of a sibling of a Beneficiary will count towards the limit of the sibling, not the Beneficiary. Such loan repayments may impact student loan interest deductibility.

State tax treatment of withdrawals for K-12 tuition expenses, apprenticeship expenses, and payment of qualified education loans is determined by the state where you file state income tax. Please consult with a tax advisor before withdrawing funds for any such expenses.

7. The following is added as a new sub-section to the section entitled “Tax Treatment – Iowa state tax considerations” beginning on page 16 of the Program Description:

Apprenticeship Expenses and Loan Repayments

Iowa Taxpayers should consult their tax advisors before making a withdrawal for apprenticeship expenses or loan repayments and before making a contribution which they intend to ultimately withdraw for apprenticeship expenses or loan repayments. It will take an act of the Iowa legislature to extend the favorable Iowa state tax treatment to withdrawals for apprenticeship expenses or loan repayments. If a withdrawal is not qualified for state tax purposes, it would be taxed as income for Iowa state tax purposes to the extent previously deducted as a contribution to an Iowa 529 college savings account.

8. “Appendix G: Financial Intermediary” is added to the Program Description detailing the policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred sales load waivers when investing through specific financial intermediaries.

APPENDIX G: FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY

FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY SPECIFIC SALES CHARGE WAIVERS AND RELATED DISCOUNT POLICY INFORMATION

Intermediary-Defined Sales Charge Waiver Policies

The availability of certain initial or deferred sales charge waivers and discounts may depend on the particular financial intermediary or type of account through which you purchase or hold units in the 529 Plan.

Intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load (“CDSC”) waivers, which are discussed below. In all instances, it is the purchaser’s responsibility to notify the 529 Plan or the purchaser’s financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular intermediary, account owners will have to purchase units directly from the 529 Plan or through another intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts if applicable.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC., RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. and each entity’s affiliates (“RAYMOND JAMES”)

Effective May 14, 2020, account owners purchasing units through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this 529 Plan’s Program Description.

Front-end sales load waivers on Class A units available at Raymond James

- Units purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Units purchased within the same 529 Plan through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Units purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same 529 Plan, provided: (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption; (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account; and (3) redeemed units were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- An account owner in the 529 Plan’s Class C units will have their units converted at net asset value to Class A units (or the appropriate unit class) of the 529 Plan if the units are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

CDSC Waivers on Classes A, and C units available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the account owner.
- Units sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the 529 Plan’s Program Description.
- Units sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Units acquired through a Right of Reinstatement.
- Front-end load discounts available at Raymond James: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, Breakpoints as described in this 529 Plan’s Program Description Rights of accumulation which entitle account owners to breakpoint discounts will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of 529 Plan assets held by accounts within the purchaser’s household at Raymond James. Eligible 529 Plan assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the account owner notifies his or her financial intermediary about such assets.

MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED (“MERRILL”)

Effective June 30, 2020, if you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, the features and policies related to unit class sales charges (including CDSC), unit class sales charge waiver eligibility, and C unit conversion period likely will be different than referenced in this document and will be governed by the Merrill Terms and Conditions provided to you by Merrill prior to establishing your account.

Importantly, if you establish or hold your 529 Plan account on the Merrill omnibus platform, then the Unit Class your account will purchase will generally be based on your eligible assets or meeting other eligibility criteria as set forth in the Merrill Terms and Conditions. 529 plans offered by Merrill on its omnibus platform generally will have two unit classes – A Unit Class and C Unit Class – each with its own fee and expense structure. Each account will purchase a specific unit class when an initial or subsequent contribution is credited to the account. The unit class will be automatically determined at the time of the contribution based on the participant’s eligible assets and/or meeting other eligibility criteria. You will not be able to select the unit class. Among other things, C units generally will be automatically converted to A units (not subject to an initial sales charge) after four years from their respective dates of purchase.

Age-Based Option reinvestments for account owners purchasing units through a Merrill platform or account

For account owners investing in Age-Based Options through the Merrill platform, the automatic reinvestments which occur as the Beneficiary ages to the next age band, will occur, when applicable, on the day following the day of the Beneficiary's birth date.

Please contact your Merrill advisor with any questions or to request a copy of the Merrill Terms and Conditions.

Supplement No. 3 dated December 31, 2019
To the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description
and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description") as supplemented September 30, 2019. You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Effective January 1, 2020, the lifetime estate and gift tax exemption increased to \$11,580,000 for each contributor (\$23,160,000 for married couples).

Effective January 1, 2020, contributions reduce Iowa taxable income up to a maximum of \$3,439 per beneficiary per taxable year.

Effective January 1, 2020, the Advisory Fee has been eliminated and will no longer be charged on Program assets.

Effective January 1, 2020, the Program Manager Fee was revised to lower breakpoints on assets in the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Effective January 1, 2020, the Iowa Administration Fee, which was previously based on asset levels, became a flat fee of 0.10%.

Changes to Fee Structure

Effective January 1, 2020, the first paragraph in the section entitled "Fee Structure – Annual asset-based fees," on page 10 of the Program Description, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Each Option charges an annual asset-based fee. This is an ongoing fee calculated at an annualized rate based on the average daily net assets of the Option. The annual asset-based fee for each Option is made up of different components consisting of the expenses of its Underlying Fund(s), as discussed further below; a program manager administration and management fee payable to the Program Manager (the "Program Manager Fee"), which may be reduced or waived from time to time; and an administrative fee payable to the Trustee (the "Iowa Administration Fee") that is used by the State to offset expenses the Trustee deems appropriate in connection with the Trust. The Trustee or the Program Manager may, from time to time, voluntarily agree to reduce or waive fees. Voluntary waivers may be modified or terminated at any time.

Changes to Program Summary

Effective January 1, 2020, the "Program Summary" section of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Program Summary – Effective January 1, 2020."

Changes to Appendix D

Effective September 30, 2019, "Appendix D: Investment Results" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix D: Investment Results."

Changes to Appendix E

Effective January 1, 2020, "Appendix E: Total Estimated Annual Fees and Expenses" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix E: Total Estimated Annual Fees and Expenses – Effective January 1, 2020."

Changes to Appendix F

Effective January 1, 2020, "Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution" of the Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the attached revised "Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution – Effective January 1, 2020."

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

The following summary is intended only to highlight key features of the IAdvisor 529 Plan. It does not fully describe the IAdvisor 529 Plan. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the remainder of this Program Description.

PROGRAM SUMMARY – EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020

The Program	The IAdvisor 529 Plan of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust. The Treasurer of the State of Iowa serves as Trustee of the Trust.
Program Manager	Voya Funds Services, LLC; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Voya Investments Distributor, LLC, which collectively provide for the management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.
Choosing a share class	You can choose from among several unit classes, each with different sales charges and expenses. If no unit class is designated, Class A shares, which are subject to an initial sales charge, will be automatically selected. See “Choosing a Unit Class” on page 7 for details.
Minimum initial contribution	\$250 per Option. The minimum initial contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through AIPs or payroll direct deposits: \$50 per month per Option for AIPs; \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Minimum subsequent contribution	\$50 per Option (\$50 per month per Option for AIPs). The minimum subsequent contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through payroll direct deposits: \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Maximum contribution limit	\$420,000 (subject to periodic adjustment). See “Maximum Contributions” on page 12 for details.
Participation	An Account Owner and Beneficiary must be a U.S. citizen or resident alien with a valid Social Security number or taxpayer identification number. An Account Owner must be a minimum of 18 years of age and have a permanent U.S. address (not a P.O. box). There are no restrictions on state of residency or income. Certain other entities, including custodial accounts, with a valid taxpayer identification number, may participate. A Beneficiary may be any age. See “The Application Process” on page 10 for details.
Eligible Schools	For higher education, savings may be used at any eligible postsecondary school in the United States and certain institutions abroad. See “Eligible Educational Institutions” on page 13 for details. For K-12 education, savings may be used for tuition at elementary or secondary public, private or religious schools up to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “K-12 Institutions” on page 13 for details.
Federal tax benefits	Earnings accrue free of federal income tax. Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to federal income tax or an additional 10% tax. There is no federal gift tax on contributions of up to \$15,000 per year per Beneficiary (\$30,000 for married couples electing to split gifts); or on a lump sum gift of \$75,000 (single filer) and \$150,000 (married couples) that would be prorated over five taxable years. Contributions are generally considered completed gifts to the Beneficiary for federal gift and estate tax purposes. Each Account Owner has a lifetime exemption that may be applied to gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts referred to above or an individual’s gross estate. This lifetime exemption is adjusted for inflation and is currently \$11,580,000 for each Account Owner. A married couple may elect to split gifts and apply their combined exemption of \$23,160,000 to gifts by either of them. The top gift tax rate is 40%. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Iowa tax benefits	Iowa tax benefits related to the IAdvisor 529 Plan are available only to Iowa taxpayers. An Account Owner may reduce their Iowa taxable income up to a maximum of \$3,439 in 2020 (adjusted annually for inflation) per Beneficiary. This deduction applies to each Account Owner. For example, married Account Owners who contribute to separate accounts on behalf of their two children can deduct up to \$13,756 (4 x \$3,439). Accrued earnings and Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to Iowa income tax. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Qualified Withdrawals	Use the Account to pay for Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary at any Eligible Educational Institution. Use of the Account to pay for tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at any elementary or secondary public, private or religious school is subject to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “Qualified Withdrawals” on page 13 for details.
Investment Options	Account Owners can choose from among 21 Options, including 5 Static Allocation Options, 4 Age-Based Options, and 12 Single Fund Options. Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Options’ investments include shares in Voya mutual funds and other mutual funds managed by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.; Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC; Brookfield Investment Funds; Credit Suisse Asset Management, LLC; Delaware Investments Fund Advisers; Hahn Capital Management, LLC; Lazard Asset Management LLC; LSV Asset Management; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; Van Eck Associates Corporation; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP. See “Investment Options” on page 7 and “Appendix A: Investment Options” for details.
Program expenses and fees	Account Owners bear the fees charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan and the expenses of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. An Account Owner’s financial intermediary may also charge fees in addition to the fees and expenses described in this Program Description. See “Fee Structure” on page 10 for details.

PROGRAM SUMMARY – EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020

Program and investment risks	An investment in the IAdvisor 529 Plan is subject to investment risks, regardless of which Option(s) an Account Owner selects. An Account Owner may lose money, including any principal. Investments are not insured or guaranteed by the United States; the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the State; the Trust; the Trustee; any agency or instrumentality of the federal government or of the State. In addition, Account Owners are exposed to the risks of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. See “IAdvisor 529 Plan Risks and Considerations” on page 17 and “Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options” for details.
Investment performance	Account values can vary based on an Option’s performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Performance may be substantially affected over time by changes in an Option’s investment allocation and/or changes to an Option’s underlying investments. See “Appendix D: Investment Results” for details.
Changes in investment selection	Once an Option selection has been made, federal tax law allows an Account Owner to change the investment selection twice per calendar year and at any time a change in the Beneficiary is made to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. See “Investment Changes” on page 7 for details.
Contact information	<p><u>Regular Mail</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management P.O. Box 9659 Providence, RI 02940-9659</p> <p><u>Overnight/Courier</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581-1722</p> <p>1-800-774-5127 www.IAdvisor529.com</p>

APPENDIX D: INVESTMENT RESULTS

The table below shows the average annual total returns after deducting ongoing fees for each Option as of September 30, 2019. The performance data reflects past performance with and without any applicable sales or redemption charges, but does not reflect the \$25 annual maintenance fee, which is waived in certain circumstances. If these amounts were reflected, returns would be less than those shown. For comparison purposes, the table also shows the returns for a benchmark index that, as of the date of this Program Description, applies to each Option. The indices are not available for investment and the returns for the indices do not reflect sales charges, fees, brokerage commissions, taxes, or other expenses of investing. To obtain up-to-date performance information for any Option, please visit the IAdvisor 529 Plan's website at www.iowaadvisor529.com or contact your financial advisor. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.**

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of September 30, 2019 ^{1,2}												
Option/Index	Class	Without Sales Charges					With Sales Charges					
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	A	2.59	8.29	6.31	N/A	7.65	-2.29	6.54	5.27	N/A	6.85	03/01/2013
	C	1.84	7.48	5.53	N/A	6.86	0.84	7.48	5.53	N/A	6.86	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 0-5 Composite Index		3.84	9.76	7.73	N/A	9.10	3.84	9.76	7.73	N/A	9.10	
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	A	4.06	7.01	5.58	N/A	6.47	-0.85	5.30	4.56	N/A	5.69	03/01/2013
	C	3.30	6.26	4.83	N/A	5.71	2.30	6.26	4.83	N/A	5.71	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 6-10 Composite Index		5.29	8.33	6.84	N/A	7.74	5.29	8.33	6.84	N/A	7.74	
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	A	5.70	5.82	4.75	N/A	5.14	0.65	4.10	3.73	N/A	4.37	03/01/2013
	C	4.91	5.02	3.98	N/A	4.37	3.91	5.02	3.98	N/A	4.37	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 11-15 Composite Index		7.05	6.94	5.85	N/A	6.22	7.05	6.94	5.85	N/A	6.22	
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	A	5.83	4.40	3.70	N/A	3.92	0.78	2.73	2.69	N/A	3.15	03/01/2013
	C	4.97	3.62	2.91	N/A	3.14	3.97	3.62	2.91	N/A	3.14	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 16-17 Composite Index		6.80	5.20	4.55	N/A	4.72	6.80	5.20	4.55	N/A	4.72	
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	A	6.18	2.46	2.39	N/A	2.16	1.14	0.82	1.39	N/A	1.41	03/01/2013
	C	5.38	1.73	1.63	N/A	1.40	4.38	1.73	1.63	N/A	1.40	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 18+ Composite Index		6.91	3.02	3.02	N/A	2.70	6.91	3.02	3.02	N/A	2.70	
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	A	1.31	8.33	6.34	N/A	7.67	-3.50	6.58	5.30	N/A	6.87	03/01/2013
	C	0.58	7.53	5.54	N/A	6.87	-0.42	7.53	5.54	N/A	6.87	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Aggressive Composite Index		2.49	9.92	7.83	N/A	9.17	2.49	9.92	7.83	N/A	9.17	
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	A	2.33	7.55	5.89	N/A	6.72	-2.54	5.84	4.88	N/A	5.93	03/01/2013
	C	1.53	6.76	5.11	N/A	5.92	0.53	6.76	5.11	N/A	5.92	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Growth Composite Index		3.58	8.96	7.22	N/A	8.03	3.58	8.96	7.22	N/A	8.03	
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	A	3.68	6.27	5.03	N/A	5.36	-1.26	4.54	4.02	N/A	4.58	03/01/2013
	C	2.91	5.47	4.25	N/A	4.57	1.91	5.47	4.25	N/A	4.57	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Moderate Composite Index		5.14	7.59	6.24	N/A	6.52	5.14	7.59	6.24	N/A	6.52	
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	A	5.10	5.25	4.21	N/A	4.31	0.08	3.57	3.19	N/A	3.54	03/01/2013
	C	4.32	4.46	3.41	N/A	3.52	3.32	4.46	3.41	N/A	3.52	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Conservative Composite Index		6.52	6.28	5.19	N/A	5.20	6.52	6.28	5.19	N/A	5.20	

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of September 30, 2019 ^{1,2}												
		Without Sales Charges						With Sales Charges				
Option/Index	Class	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	A	10.35	3.12	3.34	N/A	3.00	5.10	1.47	2.35	N/A	2.24	03/01/2013
	C	9.56	2.35	2.57	N/A	2.24	8.56	2.35	2.57	N/A	2.24	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index		10.30	2.92	3.38	N/A	2.88	10.30	2.92	3.38	N/A	2.88	
Voya International Index Option	A	-2.05	5.40	2.35	N/A	3.91	-6.74	3.70	1.36	N/A	3.14	03/01/2013
	C	-2.86	4.58	1.58	N/A	3.12	-3.83	4.58	1.58	N/A	3.12	03/01/2013
MSCI EAFE® Index		-1.34	6.48	3.27	N/A	4.96	-1.34	6.48	3.27	N/A	4.96	
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	A	3.33	14.97	11.71	N/A	13.44	-1.59	13.12	10.63	N/A	12.60	03/01/2013
	C	2.54	14.13	10.85	N/A	12.58	1.54	14.13	10.85	N/A	12.58	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Growth Index		3.71	16.89	13.39	N/A	15.29	3.71	16.89	13.39	N/A	15.29	
Voya Large Cap Value Option	A	3.32	8.99	5.86	N/A	8.53	-1.61	7.23	4.84	N/A	7.73	03/01/2013
	C	2.58	8.22	5.05	N/A	7.71	1.58	8.22	5.05	N/A	7.71	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Value Index		4.00	9.43	7.79	N/A	10.48	4.00	9.43	7.79	N/A	10.48	
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	A	-0.42	10.66	8.97	N/A	10.25	-5.14	8.87	7.91	N/A	9.44	03/01/2013
	C	-1.20	9.82	8.14	N/A	9.43	-2.19	9.82	8.14	N/A	9.43	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Growth Index		5.20	14.50	11.12	N/A	13.21	5.20	14.50	11.12	N/A	13.21	
Voya Government Money Market Option	A	1.49	0.73	0.44	N/A	0.33	1.49	0.73	0.44	N/A	0.33	03/01/2013
	C	1.39	0.73	0.44	N/A	0.33	1.39	0.73	0.44	N/A	0.33	03/01/2013
iMoney Net Government Institutional Index		2.03	1.23	0.75	N/A	0.63	2.03	1.23	0.75	N/A	0.63	
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	A	-3.83	3.98	2.10	N/A	1.76	-8.38	2.31	1.10	N/A	0.89	01/24/2014
	C	-4.51	3.22	1.34	N/A	1.00	-5.47	3.22	1.34	N/A	1.00	01/24/2014
MSCI EAFE® Index		-1.34	6.48	3.27	N/A	2.94	-1.34	6.48	3.27	N/A	2.94	
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	A	-2.11	6.77	5.62	N/A	8.54	-6.74	5.06	4.59	N/A	7.74	03/01/2013
	C	-2.86	5.95	4.76	N/A	7.69	-3.84	5.95	4.76	N/A	7.69	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Value Index		1.60	7.82	7.55	N/A	10.26	1.60	7.82	7.55	N/A	10.26	
Voya Short Term Bond Option	A	3.89	1.41	1.12	N/A	1.02	-1.02	-0.22	0.15	N/A	0.27	03/01/2013
	C	3.14	0.66	0.38	N/A	0.27	2.14	0.66	0.38	N/A	0.27	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-3 Year Government/Credit Bond Index		4.64	1.82	1.59	N/A	1.37	4.64	1.82	1.59	N/A	1.37	
Voya Small Company Option	A	-7.13	5.11	6.84	N/A	8.47	-11.55	3.42	5.81	N/A	7.66	03/01/2013
	C	-7.88	4.31	6.03	N/A	7.65	-8.81	4.31	6.03	N/A	7.65	03/01/2013
Russell 2000® Index		-8.89	8.23	8.19	N/A	9.56	-8.89	8.23	8.19	N/A	9.56	
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	A	3.29	12.32	9.76	N/A	11.97	-1.64	10.51	8.69	N/A	11.14	03/01/2013
	C	2.46	11.45	8.94	N/A	11.12	1.46	11.45	8.94	N/A	11.12	03/01/2013
S&P 500® Index		4.25	13.39	10.84	N/A	13.08	4.25	13.39	10.84	N/A	13.08	

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of September 30, 2019 ^{1,2}												
Without Sales Charges							With Sales Charges					
Option/Index	Class	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	A	5.11	1.03	1.07	N/A	-0.20	0.10	-0.60	0.08	N/A	-0.94	03/01/2013
	C	4.44	0.32	0.32	N/A	-0.94	3.44	0.32	0.32	N/A	-0.94	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. TIPS Index		7.13	2.21	2.45	N/A	1.08	7.13	2.21	2.45	N/A	1.08	

1. Updated performance information is available online at www.iowaadvisor529.com
2. The performance data shown represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment returns and principal value will fluctuate, so that investor's units, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance data cited.
3. Performance results for Class A units reflect a maximum initial sales charge of 4.75% imposed at the time of purchase.
4. Performance results for Class C units reflect a CDSC of 1.00% imposed at the end of year one.

APPENDIX E: TOTAL ESTIMATED ANNUAL FEES AND EXPENSES – EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay when you purchase units in an Option. The Program Manager reserves the right to revise these fee arrangements at its discretion, subject to the approval of the Trustee.

Class A

Option	Annual Asset Based Fees ¹					Additional Investor Expenses	
	Estimated Underlying Investment Expenses	Program Manager Fee ²	Distribution and Service Fee ³	Iowa Admin Fee ⁴	Total Annual Asset-Based Fees ⁵	Maximum Initial Sales Charge ⁶	Annual Account Maintenance Fee
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	0.73%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.29%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	0.67%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.23%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	0.63%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.19%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	0.55%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.11%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	0.67%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.23%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	0.61%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.17%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	0.56%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.12%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	0.48%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.04%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	0.41%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.97%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Government Money Market Option	0.34%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.90%	None	\$25
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	0.36%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.92%	4.75%	\$25
Voya International Index Option	0.45%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.01%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	0.66%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.22%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Value Option	0.76%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.32%	4.75%	\$25
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	0.97%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.53%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	0.97%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.53%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	0.78%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.34%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Short Term Bond Option	0.35%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.91%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Small Company Option	1.05%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.61%	4.75%	\$25
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	0.27%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.83%	4.75%	\$25
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	0.54%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	1.10%	4.75%	\$25

Class C

Option	Annual Asset Based Fees ¹					Additional Investor Expenses	
	Estimated Underlying Investment Expenses	Program Manager Fee ²	Distribution and Service Fee ³	Iowa Admin Fee ⁴	Total Annual Asset-Based Fees ⁵	Maximum Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ⁶	Annual Account Maintenance Fee
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	0.73%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.04%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	0.67%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.98%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	0.63%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.94%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	0.55%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.86%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	0.67%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.98%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	0.61%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.92%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	0.56%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.87%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	0.48%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.79%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	0.41%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.72%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Government Money Market Option	0.34%	0.21%	0.25%	0.10%	0.90%	None	\$25
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	0.36%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.67%	1.00%	\$25
Voya International Index Option	0.45%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.76%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	0.66%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.97%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Value Option	0.76%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.07%	1.00%	\$25
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	0.97%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.28%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	0.97%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.28%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	0.78%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.09%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Short Term Bond Option	0.35%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.66%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Small Company Option	1.05%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	2.36%	1.00%	\$25
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	0.27%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.58%	1.00%	\$25
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	0.54%	0.21%	1.00%	0.10%	1.85%	1.00%	\$25

1. Expressed as an annual percentage of the average daily net assets of each Option.

2. Effective January 1, 2020, a lower breakpoint schedule was put in place for the Program Manager Fee as follows: 0.21% for assets from \$200 million to \$500 million; 0.19% for assets from \$500 million to \$750 million or after June 30, 2023, whichever comes first; 0.17% for assets from \$750 million to \$1 billion or after June 30, 2024, whichever comes first; 0.15% for assets from \$1 billion to \$1.5 billion; 0.12% for assets from \$1.5 billion to \$2 billion; and 0.08% for assets over \$2 billion. Prior to January 1, 2020, the 529 Plan paid a Program Manager Fee as follows: 0.325% on assets up to \$200 million; 0.300% on assets from \$200 million to \$500 million or after January 1, 2015, whichever came first; 0.275% on assets from \$500 million to \$1 billion; and 0.250% on assets over \$1 billion.
3. Ongoing payments to dealers of the Annual Distribution and Service Fee will generally be made monthly at rates that are based on the average daily net assets held in an Account that designates a dealer of record. Rights to these ongoing payments generally begin in the 13th month following a purchase of Class A units and Class C units. Effective March 1, 2013, the Program Manager has agreed to waive the Annual Distribution and Service Fees for the Voya Government Money Market Option. This waiver may be terminated at any time without prior notice. Class C units automatically convert into Class A units after being owned for a certain period of time. For Class C units purchased prior to March 2013, the Class C units convert into Class A units in April 2019. For Class C units purchased during or after March 2013, the Class C units convert into Class A units after the 73rd month of ownership (i.e., six years and one month). Immediately following conversion, converted Class C units are subject to the fee structure applicable to Class A units. No CDSCs are imposed when Class C units convert to Class A units. Total Annual Asset Based Fees are the estimated total fees assessed against Accounts over the course of a year and do not include sales charges or the Annual Account Maintenance Fee. Please refer to Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution which shows the approximate cost of contribution in each of the Options over one-, three-, five-, and ten-year periods, including the \$25 Annual Account Maintenance Fee and sales charges.
4. Effective January 1, 2020, the Iowa Administration Fee was revised as follows: 0.10% on all assets. Prior to January 1, 2020, the 529 Plan paid Iowa an Administration Fee as follows: 0.075% on assets up to \$200 million; 0.10% on assets from \$200 million to \$500 million or after January 1, 2015, whichever came first; 0.125% on assets from \$500 million to \$1 billion; and 0.125% on assets over \$1 billion.
5. There is no front-end sales charge if you purchase Class A units in an amount of \$1 million or more. For Accounts opened prior to March 1, 2013, the maximum sales charge for Class A units will be 3.75%, and Class A units purchased by such Accounts may qualify for initial sales charge discounts under rights of accumulation. See "Rights of Accumulation." If you purchased Class A units of the Voya Government Money Market Option and did not pay a sales charge, you must pay the applicable sales charge on an exchange into Class A units of another Option.
6. If you sell (redeem) your Class C units within 12 months of purchase, you will pay a CDSC of 1.00% of your purchase price. If you exchange units of an Option that are subject to a CDSC into the Voya Government Money Market Option, which is not subject to a CDSC, the CDSC will continue to apply to your new units at the same CDSC rate that was applicable to your original units. Your new units will continue to age for CDSC purposes from the date that the original units were purchased.

APPENDIX F: APPROXIMATE COST OF A \$10,000 CONTRIBUTION – EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020

The following table compares the approximate cost of contribution in the different share classes under the IAdvisor 529 Plan over different periods of time. The examples show estimated costs if you sold (redeemed) your units at the end of the period or continued to hold them. Your actual cost may be higher or lower than the amounts shown. The examples are based on the following assumptions:

- A \$10,000 contribution invested for the time periods shown.
- A 5% annually compounded rate of return on the net amount contributed throughout the period.
- All units are either redeemed at the end of the period shown for Qualified Education Expenses (the tables do not consider the impact of any potential local, state, or federal taxes on the redemption) or held.
- Total annual asset-based fees, including underlying investment and fund expenses, remain the same as those shown in previous fee structure table.
- Expenses for each Option include the entire Annual Account Maintenance Fee of \$25.
- The investor pays the applicable maximum initial sales charge in the current Class A fee structure, and any CDSCs applicable to units invested for the applicable periods in the current Class C fee structures.

Investment Option	Class	Status		Number of Years You Own Your Units			
				1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	625	938	1,270	2,190
	Class C	Sold	\$	332	712	1,217	2,228
	Class C	Held	\$	232	712	1,217	2,228
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	619	920	1,240	2,126
	Class C	Sold	\$	326	694	1,186	2,164
	Class C	Held	\$	226	694	1,186	2,164
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	615	909	1,219	2,083
	Class C	Sold	\$	322	682	1,166	2,121
	Class C	Held	\$	222	682	1,166	2,121
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	608	885	1,179	1,997
	Class C	Sold	\$	314	658	1,125	2,035
	Class C	Held	\$	214	658	1,125	2,035
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	619	920	1,240	2,126
	Class C	Sold	\$	326	694	1,186	2,164
	Class C	Held	\$	226	694	1,186	2,164
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	613	903	1,209	2,062
	Class C	Sold	\$	320	676	1,155	2,100
	Class C	Held	\$	220	676	1,155	2,100
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	609	888	1,184	2,008
	Class C	Sold	\$	315	661	1,130	2,046
	Class C	Held	\$	215	661	1,130	2,046
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	601	864	1,143	1,921
	Class C	Sold	\$	307	636	1,089	1,959
	Class C	Held	\$	207	636	1,089	1,959
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	594	843	1,108	1,845
	Class C	Sold	\$	300	615	1,053	1,882
	Class C	Held	\$	200	615	1,053	1,882
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	589	828	1,082	1,790
	Class C	Sold	\$	295	600	1,027	1,827
	Class C	Held	\$	195	600	1,027	1,827
Voya International Index Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	598	855	1,128	1,888
	Class C	Sold	\$	304	627	1,073	1,926
	Class C	Held	\$	204	627	1,073	1,926
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	618	917	1,234	2,115
	Class C	Sold	\$	325	691	1,181	2,154
	Class C	Held	\$	225	691	1,181	2,154
Voya Large Cap Value Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	628	947	1,285	2,221
	Class C	Sold	\$	335	721	1,232	2,260
	Class C	Held	\$	235	721	1,232	2,260
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	648	1,009	1,390	2,441
	Class C	Sold	\$	356	785	1,338	2,480
	Class C	Held	\$	256	785	1,338	2,480
Voya Government Money Market Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	587	822	1,072	1,768
	Class C	Sold	\$	217	361	621	1,345
	Class C	Held	\$	117	361	621	1,345
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	648	1,009	1,390	2,441
	Class C	Sold	\$	356	785	1,338	2,480
	Class C	Held	\$	256	785	1,338	2,480
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	630	953	1,295	2,242
	Class C	Sold	\$	337	727	1,242	2,281

Investment Option	Class	Status		Number of Years You Own Your Units			
				1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Voya Short Term Bond Option	Class C	Held	\$	237	727	1,242	2,281
	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	588	825	1,077	1,779
	Class C	Sold	\$	294	597	1,022	1,816
Voya Small Company Option	Class C	Held	\$	194	597	1,022	1,816
	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	656	1,032	1,429	2,523
	Class C	Sold	\$	364	809	1,378	2,563
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	Class C	Held	\$	264	809	1,378	2,563
	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	581	801	1,036	1,690
	Class C	Sold	\$	286	572	980	1,727
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	Class C	Held	\$	186	572	980	1,727
	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	607	882	1,174	1,986
	Class C	Sold	\$	313	655	1,120	2,024
	Class C	Held	\$	213	655	1,120	2,024

Supplement No. 2 dated September 30, 2019
To the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description
and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the “Program Description”) as supplemented June 30, 2019. You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Effective November 15, 2019, Voya Investment Management Co. LLC will replace Wellington Management Company LLC as one of the sub-advisers to Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund.

With respect to Voya International Index Option, footnote #1 is added to notify shareholders of a restriction on who may invest in the Option.

Changes to Appendix A

Effective November 15, 2019, “Appendix A: Investment Options” of the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the “Program Description”) is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the revised “Appendix A: Investment Options” to replace all references of Wellington Management Company LLC with Voya Investment Management Co. LLC as one of the sub-advisers to Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option and to add footnote #1 to Voya International Index Option.

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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APPENDIX A: INVESTMENT OPTIONS – AS SUPPLEMENTD SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The following Options are offered through the IAdvisor 529 Plan:

Age-Based Options	Single Fund Options
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Voya Government Money Market Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Voya Intermediate Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Voya International Index Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Voya Large Cap Growth Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Voya Large Cap Value Option
	Voya MidCap Opportunities Option
Static Allocation Options	Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Voya Short Term Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Voya Small Company Option
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Voya U.S. Stock Index Option
	VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option

The table below includes a description of each Option’s investment strategy and principal investment risks. Each Option’s principal investment risks correspond to the principal investment risks of each Underlying Fund in which the Option seeks to invest at least 5% of its net assets. As such, you should understand that an Option may be subject to additional investment risks. Additional detail about the principal investment risks listed below may be found in “Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options.”

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 85% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 15% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 25% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 75% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalent, Company, Credit, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Growth Investing, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in conservative investments seeking protection of principal. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 5% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 95% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalent, Credit, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities
Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 95% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 5% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Other Investment Companies, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 83% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 17% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Government Money Market Option	Through its investments in Voya Government Money Market Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to provide investors with a high level of current income consistent with the preservation of capital and liquidity. The portfolio invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in government securities, cash and repurchase agreements collateralized fully by government securities or cash. For purposes of this policy, "government securities" mean any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing. In addition, under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in government securities and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by government securities. The portfolio invests in a portfolio of securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) that will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The portfolio may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis. The securities purchased by the portfolio are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, and other rules adopted by the SEC. Portfolio investments of the portfolio are valued based on the amortized cost valuation method pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may maintain a rating from one or more rating agencies that provide ratings on money market funds. There can be no assurance that the portfolio will maintain any particular rating or maintain it with a particular rating agency. To maintain a rating, the sub-adviser may manage the portfolio more conservatively than if it was not rated. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies that are money market funds to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. You could lose money by investing in the portfolio. Although the portfolio seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the portfolio is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The portfolio's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the portfolio, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the portfolio at any time.	Cash/Cash Equivalents, Credit, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Money Market Regulatory, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Repurchase Agreements, U.S. Government Securities, When Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Intermediate Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to maximize total return through income and capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a portfolio of bonds, including but not limited to corporate, government and mortgage bonds, which, at the time of purchase, are rated investment-grade (for example, rated at least BBB- by S&P Global Ratings or Baa3 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or have an equivalent rating by a NRSRO, or are of comparable quality if unrated. Although the fund may invest a portion of its assets in high-yield (high risk) debt instruments, commonly referred to as "junk bonds," rated below investment-grade, the fund will seek to maintain a minimum weighted average portfolio quality rating of at least investment-grade. Generally, the sub-adviser maintains a dollar-weighted average duration between three and ten years. The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; high quality money market instruments; municipal bonds; debt instruments of foreign issuers (including those located in emerging market countries); securities denominated in foreign currencies; foreign currencies; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; bank loans and floating rate secured loans ("Senior Loans"); and derivatives including futures, options, and swaps (including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps and total return swaps) involving securities, securities indices and interest rates, which may be denominated in the U.S. dollar or foreign currencies. The fund typically uses derivatives to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may seek to obtain exposure to the securities in which it invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or through other investment techniques such as buy backs and dollar rolls. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Bank Instruments, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya International Index Option 1	<p>Through its investments in Voya International Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of a widely accepted international index ("Index"). The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies which are, at the time of purchase, included in the Index; convertible securities that are convertible into stocks included in the Index; other derivatives whose economic returns are, by design, closely equivalent to the returns of the Index or its components; and exchange-traded funds that track the index. Under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests all, or substantially all of its assets in these securities. The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a "passive management" approach designed to track the performance of the Index (currently, the MSCI EAFE® Index). The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio's cash position as well as forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge currency risk. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Large-Cap Growth Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of large-capitalization companies. For this fund, the sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations which fall within the range of companies in the Russell 1000® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in foreign securities. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, index futures and options to hedge against market risk or to enhance returns. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 30% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending</p>

¹ Voya International Index Option is only available to account owners previously invested in the Vanguard FTSE All World ex-US ETF Portfolio, an option offered by the prior program manager, as of March 1, 2013.

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Large Cap Value Option	Through its investments in Voya Large Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital and current income. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of dividend-paying, large-capitalization issuers. The sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell 1000® Value Index at the time of purchase. Equity securities include common and preferred stocks, warrants, and convertible securities. The fund may invest in foreign securities, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may also invest up to 20% of its assets in small- and mid-capitalization companies. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	Through its investments in Voya MidCap Opportunities Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-sized U.S. companies. The sub-adviser defines mid-sized companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the range of companies in the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may also invest in derivative instruments including futures or index futures that have a similar profile to the benchmark of the fund. The fund typically uses derivatives for the purpose of maintaining equity market exposure on its cash balance. The fund may also invest in foreign securities. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Fund (sub-advised by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; Lazard Asset Management LLC; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. The fund invests at least 65% of its assets in equity securities of companies organized under the laws of, or with principal offices located in, a number of different countries outside of the United States, including companies in countries in emerging markets. The fund does not seek to focus its investments in a particular industry or country. The fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization. The equity securities in which the fund may invest include, but are not limited to, common stocks, preferred stocks, depositary receipts, rights and warrants to buy common stocks, privately placed securities, and IPOs. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including options, futures, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund typically uses derivatives to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying assets, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund invests its assets in foreign investments which are denominated in U.S. dollars, major reserve currencies and currencies of other countries and can be affected by fluctuations in exchange rates. To attempt to protect against adverse changes in currency exchange rates, the fund may, but will not necessarily use special techniques such as forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Initial Public Offerings, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value investing

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Hahn Capital Management, LLC; LSV Asset Management; and Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-capitalization companies. The sub-advisers define mid-capitalization companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell Midcap® Index and the S&P MidCap 400® Index at the time of purchase. The fund focuses on securities that the sub-advisers believe are undervalued in the marketplace. The fund expects to invest primarily in securities of U.S.-based companies, but may also invest in securities of non-U.S. companies, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivatives, including futures, as a substitute for securities in which the fund can invest, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investing, Index Strategy, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing
Voya Short Term Bond Option	Through its investments in Voya Short Term Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks maximum total return. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a diversified portfolio of bonds or derivative instruments having economic characteristics similar to bonds. The average dollar-weighted maturity of the fund will not exceed 3 years. Because of the fund's holdings in asset-backed, mortgage-backed, and similar securities, the fund's average dollar-weighted maturity is equivalent to the average weighted maturity of the cash flows in the securities held by the fund given certain prepayment assumptions (also known as weighted average life). The fund invests in non-government issued debt securities, issued by companies of all sizes, rated investment-grade, but may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in high yield securities, (commonly referred to as "junk bonds"). The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; U.S. government securities, securities of foreign governments, and supranational organizations; mortgage-backed and asset-backed debt securities; municipal bonds, notes, and commercial paper; and debt securities of foreign issuers. The fund may engage in dollar roll transactions and swap agreements, including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, and total return swaps. The fund may use options, options on swap agreements and futures contracts involving securities, securities indices and interest rates to hedge against market risk, to enhance returns, and as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset. In addition, private placements of debt securities (which are often restricted securities) are eligible for purchase along with other illiquid securities. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities
Voya Small Company Option	Through its investments in Voya Small Company Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks growth of capital primarily through investment in a diversified portfolio of common stock of companies with smaller market capitalizations. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of small-capitalization companies. The sub-adviser defines small-capitalization companies as those companies included in the S&P SmallCap 600® Index or the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase, or if not included in either index, have a market capitalization that falls within the range of the market capitalizations of companies included in the S&P SmallCap 600® Index or the Russell 2000® Index. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, put and call options. The fund typically uses derivative instruments to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest, to a limited extent, in foreign stocks. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Small-Capitalization Company, Value Investing

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks total return. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies included in the S&P 500® Index (“Index”) or equity securities of companies that are representative of the index (including derivatives). The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a “passive management” approach designed to track the performance of the Index, which is comprised of stocks of large U.S. companies. The portfolio usually attempts to replicate the performance of the Index by investing all, or substantially all, of its assets in stocks that make up the Index. The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures and other derivatives as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio’s cash position. In the event that the portfolio’s market value is \$50 million or less, in order to replicate investment in stocks listed on the Index, the sub-adviser may invest the entire amount of the portfolio’s assets in index futures, in exchange-traded funds, or in a combination of index futures and exchange-traded funds, subject to any limitation on the portfolio’s investments in such securities. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Derivatives, Index Strategy, Market, Liquidity, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option:	<p>Through its investments in VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Portfolio (sub-advised by BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.), the Option seeks to maximize real return, consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in inflation-indexed bonds of varying maturities issued by the U.S. and non-U.S. governments, their agencies or instrumentalities, and U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. Inflation-indexed bonds are debt instruments that are structured to provide protection against inflation. For purposes of satisfying the 80% requirement, the portfolio may also invest in derivative instruments that have economic characteristics similar to inflation-indexed bonds. The value of an inflation-indexed bond’s principal or the interest income paid on the bond is adjusted to track changes in an official inflation measure. Inflation-indexed bonds issued by a foreign government are generally adjusted to reflect a comparable inflation index, calculated by the foreign government. “Real return” equals total return less the estimated cost of inflation, which is typically measured by the change in an official inflation measure. The portfolio maintains an average portfolio duration that is within ±20% of the duration of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index. The portfolio may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-investment-grade bonds (high-yield or “junk bonds”) or debt securities of emerging market issuers. The portfolio also may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers, and may invest, without limit, in U.S. dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers. The portfolio may also purchase: U.S. Treasuries and agency securities, commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, investment-grade corporate bonds, and asset-backed securities. Non-investment-grade bonds acquired by the portfolio will generally be in the lower rating categories of the major rating agencies (BB or lower by S&P Global Ratings or Ba or lower by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc.) or will be determined by the management team to be of similar quality. Split rated bonds will be considered to have the higher of the two credit ratings. The portfolio may buy or sell options or futures, or enter into swaps, interest rate, or foreign currency exchange transactions, (collectively, commonly known as “derivatives”). The portfolio typically uses derivatives as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset and/or as part of a strategy designed to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk. The portfolio may also use derivatives to enhance returns, in which case their use would involve leveraging risk. The portfolio may seek to obtain market exposure to the securities in which it primarily invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or by using other investment techniques. The portfolio may also invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Inflation-Index Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>

Supplement No. 1 dated June 30, 2019
To the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description
and Participation Agreement dated April 1, 2019

This Supplement amends the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description"). You should review this information carefully and keep it with your current copy of the Program Description. Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Program Description.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Effective August 9, 2019, VY® BrandywineGLOBAL - Bond Portfolio replaces VY® Goldman Sachs Bond Portfolio within all Investment Options.

Effective August 9, 2019, Voya Investment Management Co. LLC replaces J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc., as one of the sub-advisers within the Voya Multi-Manager Emerging Markets Equity Fund.

Effective March 31, 2019 "Appendix D: Investment Results" is updated to reflect current returns.

CHANGES TO PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Program Description is revised as follows:

Changes to Program Summary

Effective August 9, 2019, the line item entitled "Investment Options" in the section entitled "Program Summary" is deleted and replaced with the following:

Account Owners can choose from among 21 Options, including 5 Static Allocation Options, 4 Age-Based Options, and 12 Single Fund Options. Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Options' investments include shares in Voya mutual funds and other mutual funds managed by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.; Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC; Brookfield Investment Funds; Credit Suisse Asset Management, LLC; Delaware Investments Fund Advisers; Hahn Capital Management, LLC; Lazard Asset Management LLC; LSV Asset Management; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; Van Eck Associates Corporation; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP. See "Investment Options" on page 7 and "Appendix A: Investment Options" for details.

Changes to Appendix B

Effective August 9, 2019, "Appendix B: Allocations to Underlying Funds" of the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description and Participation Agreement, dated April 1, 2019 (the "Program Description") is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the revised "Appendix B: Allocations to Underlying Funds" to remove all references to VY® Goldman Sachs Bond Portfolio and replace with VY® BrandywineGLOBAL - Bond Portfolio. There are no changes to the allocation percentages for any of the Options.

Changes to Appendix D

Effective March 31, 2019, "Appendix D: Investment Results" of the Iowa Advisor 529 Plan Program Description is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the revised "Appendix D: Investment Results."

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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APPENDIX B: ALLOCATIONS TO UNDERLYING FUNDS

The following table includes each Option's investment allocation among the Underlying Funds as of December 31, 2018 and revised on August 9, 2019. For more information about an Underlying Fund, please see the Underlying Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information. You may obtain copies of the Voya and VY® Underlying Funds' prospectuses, statements of additional information, and most recent semi-annual and annual shareholder reports by calling the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127. To obtain such documents for the Credit Suisse Commodity Return Strategy Fund, you may call 1-877-870-2874 or at www.credit-suisse.com/us/funds and for Brookfield Global Listed Real Estate Fund you may call 1-855-244-4859 or at <https://publicsecurities.brookfield.com/en>.

Underlying Fund	Underlying Fund									
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Age-Based Option										
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	2.0	2.0	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	2.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option			5.0	2.0	5.0	2.0	8.0			
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option										
Static Allocation Option										
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	3.0	1.0	2.0							
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	2.0	1.0	2.0							
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	2.0	2.0	6.0	2.0						
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	2.0	2.0	5.0	2.0						
Single Fund Option										
Voya Government Money Market Option								100		
Voya Intermediate Bond Option										
Voya International Index Option								100		
Voya Large Cap Growth Option									100	
Voya Large Cap Value Option										100
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option										100
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option										100
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option										100
Voya Short Term Bond Option										100
Voya Small Company Option										100
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option										100
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option										100
VY® BrandywineGLOBAL - Bond Portfolio										
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Portfolio										
Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio										
Voya US High Dividend Low Volatility Fund										
Voya U.S. Bond Index Portfolio										
Voya Small Company Fund										
Voya Short Term Bond Fund										
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund										
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Fund										
Voya Multi-Manager Emerging Markets Equity Fund										
Voya MidCap Opportunities Fund										
Voya Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio										
Voya Large Cap Value Fund										
Voya Large Cap Growth Portfolio										
Voya Large-Cap Growth Fund										
Voya International Index Portfolio										
Voya Intermediate Bond Fund										
Voya Index Plus LargeCap Portfolio										
Voya High Yield Bond Fund										
Voya Government Money Market Portfolio										
Voya Global Bond Fund										
Voya Floating Rate Fund										
Credit Suisse Commodity Return Strategy Fund										
Brookfield Global Listed Real Estate Fund										

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APPENDIX D: INVESTMENT RESULTS

The table below shows the average annual total returns after deducting ongoing fees for each Option as of March 31, 2019. The performance data reflects past performance with and without any applicable sales or redemption charges, but does not reflect the \$25 annual maintenance fee, which is waived in certain circumstances. If these amounts were reflected, returns would be less than those shown. For comparison purposes, the table also shows the returns for a benchmark index that, as of the date of this Program Description, applies to each Option. The indices are not available for investment and the returns for the indices do not reflect sales charges, fees, brokerage commissions, taxes, or other expenses of investing. To obtain up-to-date performance information for any Option, please visit the IAdvisor 529 Plan's website at www.iowaadvisor529.com or contact your financial advisor. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.**

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of March 31, 2019 ^{1,2}												
Option/Index	Class	Without Sales Charges					With Sales Charges					
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	A	2.97	8.86	5.99	N/A	7.60	-1.95	7.12	4.97	N/A	6.74	03/01/2013
	C	2.19	8.07	5.21	N/A	6.81	1.19	8.07	5.21	N/A	6.81	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 0-5 Composite Index		5.36	10.40	7.40	N/A	9.08	5.36	10.40	7.40	N/A	9.08	
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	A	3.13	7.30	5.15	N/A	6.29	-1.76	5.59	4.14	N/A	5.44	03/01/2013
	C	2.36	6.54	4.41	N/A	5.53	1.36	6.54	4.41	N/A	5.53	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 6-10 Composite Index		5.24	8.60	6.40	N/A	7.57	5.24	8.60	6.40	N/A	7.57	
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	A	3.58	5.71	4.21	N/A	4.80	-1.34	4.01	3.20	N/A	3.96	03/01/2013
	C	2.83	4.96	3.46	N/A	4.04	1.83	4.96	3.46	N/A	4.04	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 11-15 Composite Index		5.36	6.76	5.27	N/A	5.86	5.36	6.76	5.27	N/A	5.86	
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	A	3.69	4.12	3.20	N/A	3.56	-1.20	2.43	2.19	N/A	2.73	03/01/2013
	C	2.87	3.34	2.42	N/A	2.79	1.87	3.34	2.42	N/A	2.79	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 16-17 Composite Index		4.87	4.85	4.02	N/A	4.34	4.87	4.85	4.02	N/A	4.34	
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	A	3.15	2.19	1.90	N/A	1.76	-1.77	0.55	0.92	N/A	0.95	03/01/2013
	C	2.41	1.42	1.15	N/A	1.01	1.41	1.42	1.15	N/A	1.01	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 18+ Composite Index		4.01	2.65	2.53	N/A	2.29	4.01	2.65	2.53	N/A	2.29	
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	A	2.48	9.05	6.10	N/A	7.69	-2.36	7.30	5.07	N/A	6.83	03/01/2013
	C	1.70	8.24	5.30	N/A	6.88	0.70	8.24	5.30	N/A	6.88	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Aggressive Composite Index		5.09	10.72	7.59	N/A	9.23	5.09	10.72	7.59	N/A	9.23	
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	A	2.86	7.96	5.54	N/A	6.61	-2.06	6.24	4.53	N/A	5.76	03/01/2013
	C	2.10	7.15	4.75	N/A	5.81	1.10	7.15	4.75	N/A	5.81	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Growth Composite Index		5.30	9.37	6.85	N/A	7.94	5.30	9.37	6.85	N/A	7.94	
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	A	3.05	6.31	4.57	N/A	5.10	-1.81	4.61	3.56	N/A	4.26	03/01/2013
	C	2.29	5.54	3.80	N/A	4.32	1.29	5.54	3.80	N/A	4.32	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Moderate Composite Index		5.14	7.50	5.71	N/A	6.22	5.14	7.50	5.71	N/A	6.22	
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	A	3.77	4.90	3.66	N/A	3.94	-1.17	3.20	2.65	N/A	3.11	03/01/2013
	C	2.98	4.09	2.86	N/A	3.16	1.98	4.09	2.86	N/A	3.16	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Conservative Composite Index		5.41	5.76	4.56	N/A	4.79	5.41	5.76	4.56	N/A	4.79	
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	A	3.89	2.37	2.67	N/A	2.31	-1.03	0.74	1.68	N/A	1.49	03/01/2013
	C	3.19	1.66	1.93	N/A	1.56	2.19	1.66	1.93	N/A	1.56	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index		4.48	2.03	2.74	N/A	2.23	4.48	2.03	2.74	N/A	2.23	
Voya International Index Option	A	-4.98	6.40	1.37	N/A	3.87	-9.48	4.69	0.39	N/A	3.04	03/01/2013
	C	-5.72	5.59	0.59	N/A	3.09	-6.66	5.59	0.59	N/A	3.09	03/01/2013
MSCI EAFE® Index		-3.71	7.27	2.33	N/A	4.94	-3.71	7.27	2.33	N/A	4.94	
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	A	11.08	14.79	12.17	N/A	13.63	5.79	12.93	11.08	N/A	12.72	03/01/2013
	C	10.24	13.94	11.32	N/A	12.77	9.24	13.94	11.32	N/A	12.77	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Growth Index		12.75	16.53	13.50	N/A	15.50	12.75	16.53	13.50	N/A	15.50	

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of March 31, 2019 ^{1,2}												
		Without Sales Charges						With Sales Charges				
Option/Index	Class	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
Voya Large Cap Value Option	A	4.09	9.39	5.58	N/A	8.33	-0.85	7.63	4.56	N/A	7.47	03/01/2013
	C	3.33	8.59	4.76	N/A	7.50	2.33	8.59	4.76	N/A	7.50	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Value Index		5.67	10.45	7.72	N/A	10.45	5.67	10.45	7.72	N/A	10.45	
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	A	3.34	11.30	8.45	N/A	10.39	-1.57	9.51	7.39	N/A	9.51	03/01/2013
	C	2.53	10.45	7.63	N/A	9.56	1.53	10.45	7.63	N/A	9.56	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Growth Index		11.51	15.06	10.89	N/A	13.52	11.51	15.06	10.89	N/A	13.52	
Voya Government Money Market Option	A	1.10	0.46	0.28	N/A	0.23	1.10	0.46	0.28	N/A	0.23	03/01/2013
	C	1.10	0.46	0.28	N/A	0.23	1.10	0.46	0.28	N/A	0.23	03/01/2013
iMoney Net Government Institutional Index		1.79	0.91	0.55	N/A	0.51	1.79	0.91	0.55	N/A	0.51	
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	A	-6.17	5.11	1.17	N/A	1.77	-	3.42	0.18	N/A	0.81	01/24/2014
	C	-6.90	4.30	0.40	N/A	1.00	-7.83	4.30	0.40	N/A	1.00	01/24/2014
MSCI EAFE® Index		-3.71	7.27	2.33	N/A	2.72	-3.71	7.27	2.33	N/A	2.72	
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	A	-1.42	7.31	4.97	N/A	8.71	-6.10	5.58	3.96	N/A	7.84	03/01/2013
	C	-2.16	6.48	4.14	N/A	7.86	-3.14	6.48	4.14	N/A	7.86	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Value Index		2.89	9.50	7.22	N/A	10.35	2.89	9.50	7.22	N/A	10.35	
Voya Short Term Bond Option	A	2.44	1.00	0.78	N/A	0.79	-2.42	-0.63	-0.19	N/A	-0.02	03/01/2013
	C	1.62	0.23	0.02	N/A	0.03	0.62	0.23	0.02	N/A	0.03	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-3 Year Government/Credit Bond Index		3.03	1.32	1.22	N/A	1.12	3.03	1.32	1.22	N/A	1.12	
Voya Small Company Option	A	-3.09	8.62	5.65	N/A	9.04	-7.69	6.87	4.63	N/A	8.17	03/01/2013
	C	-3.86	7.82	4.85	N/A	8.22	-4.83	7.82	4.85	N/A	8.22	03/01/2013
Russell 2000® Index		2.05	12.92	7.05	N/A	10.45	2.05	12.92	7.05	N/A	10.45	
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	A	8.44	12.39	9.82	N/A	12.00	3.27	10.58	8.76	N/A	11.11	03/01/2013
	C	7.57	11.55	9.00	N/A	11.16	6.57	11.55	9.00	N/A	11.16	03/01/2013
S&P 500® Index		9.50	13.51	10.91	N/A	13.12	9.50	13.51	10.91	N/A	13.12	
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	A	1.59	0.74	0.62	N/A	-0.74	-3.24	-0.89	-0.35	N/A	-1.53	03/01/2013
	C	0.88	0.04	-0.13	N/A	-1.47	-0.12	0.04	-0.13	N/A	-1.47	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. TIPS Index		2.70	1.70	1.94	N/A	0.48	2.70	1.70	1.94	N/A	0.48	

1. Updated performance information is available online at www.iowaadvisor529.com
2. The performance data shown represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment returns and principal value will fluctuate, so that investor's units, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance data cited.
3. Performance results for Class A units reflect a maximum initial sales charge of 4.75% imposed at the time of purchase.
4. Performance results for Class C units reflect a CDSC of 1.00% imposed at the end of year one.

Please keep this Program Description with your other records about the IAdvisor 529 Plan. Investing is an important decision. Before making any contributions to the IAdvisor 529 Plan, please read and understand this Program Description, including any supplements hereto that may be issued from time to time. These documents contain important information about the IAdvisor 529 Plan, including information about investment risks, and should be retained for future reference.

Definitions for capitalized terms may be found under “Key Terms” in this Program Description.

This Program Description does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of a security in the IAdvisor 529 Plan by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such an offer, solicitation, or sale. The Trust, through the Trustee, has entered into a program management agreement with the Program Manager whereby the Program Manager and other parties will provide for the management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

No dealer, broker, salesperson, or other person has been authorized by the State, the Trust, the Trustee, or the Program Manager to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Program Description and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the State, the Trust, the Trustee, or the Program Manager.

Accounts in the IAdvisor 529 Plan may only be established, and contributions to Accounts may only be made, through financial intermediaries that have entered into a selling, service, or similar agreement with the Distributor.

No security issued by the IAdvisor 529 Plan has been registered with or approved by the SEC or any state securities commission and the Trust is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. In addition, interests in the IAdvisor 529 Plan are units in the Trust that are exempt from the registration requirements of the federal securities laws, although they are subject to regulation as “municipal fund securities.” Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has determined whether this Program Description is accurate or complete, nor have they made any determination as to whether anyone should purchase Trust units. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

An Account in the IAdvisor 529 Plan should be used only to save for the Qualified Education Expenses of a Beneficiary. Such Accounts are not intended for use, and should not be used, by any taxpayer for the purpose of evading federal or state taxes or tax penalties. The tax information contained in this Program Description was written to support the promotion and marketing of the IAdvisor 529 Plan and was neither written nor intended to be used, and cannot be used, by any taxpayer for the purpose of evading federal or state taxes or avoiding tax penalties. Taxpayers should consult with a qualified advisor to seek tax advice based on their own particular circumstances.

If you are not an Iowa taxpayer, consider before investing whether your home state or the Beneficiary’s home state offers a 529 plan that provides its taxpayers with favorable state tax or other state benefits such as financial aid, scholarship funds, and protection from creditors that may only be available through investment in the home state’s 529 plan, and which are not available through investment in the IAdvisor 529 Plan. This Program Description contains limited information about the state tax consequences of investing in the IAdvisor 529 Plan. Therefore, please consult your financial, tax, or other advisor to learn more about how state based benefits (or any limitations) would apply to your specific circumstances.

Prospective Account Owners should consider many factors before deciding to contribute to a 529 plan such as the IAdvisor 529 Plan, including the 529 plan’s investment options and their performance histories, the 529 plan’s flexibility and features, the reputation and expertise of the 529 plan’s investment manager(s), the 529 plan’s maximum contribution limit, the 529 plan’s fees and expenses, and federal and state and/or local tax benefits associated with an investment in the 529 plan.

Participation in the IAdvisor 529 Plan does not guarantee that contributions and the investment return on contributions, if any, will be adequate to cover future education expenses or that the Beneficiary will be admitted or permitted to continue to attend a particular educational institution.

In addition to the IAdvisor 529 Plan, the Trust also offers the College Savings Iowa 529 Plan, a 529 plan sold directly to investors. The College Savings Iowa 529 Plan is not described in this Program Description. It offers different investment options, includes different Underlying Funds with different investment advisers or sub-advisers, offers different benefits, and is marketed differently than the IAdvisor 529 Plan. The College Savings Iowa 529 Plan may also assess different fees, withdrawal penalties, and sales commissions, if any, relative to those assessed by the IAdvisor 529 Plan. Offering materials for the College Savings Iowa 529 Plan are available online at www.collegesavingsiowa.com.

The information contained in this Program Description is considered to be accurate as of the date on the front cover and is subject to change without notice. However, neither delivery of this Program Description nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the IAdvisor 529 Plan, the Trust, the Trustee or the Program Manager since the date of this Program Description.

The Options, the securities held by the Options, and securities issued by the IAdvisor 529 Plan (for example, your investment in an Option) are not insured or guaranteed by the United States; the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the State; the Trust; the Trustee; any agency or instrumentality of the federal government or of the State; any Underlying Funds or other issuers of securities held by the Options; the Program Manager or any of its affiliates; any agent, representative, or subcontractor retained in connection with the IAdvisor 529 Plan; or any other person. Account values can vary based on the Option’s performance and market conditions and may be more or less than the amount invested. Your Account may lose value.

Account Owners should periodically assess, and if appropriate, adjust their investment choices with their investment time horizons, risk tolerances and investment objectives in mind.

KEY TERMS

Capitalized terms used in this Program Description are defined as follows:

1940 Act: Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and exemptive orders thereunder.

Account: An account in the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Account Owner: An individual of legal age, an individual's legal representative, a trust, an estate, or an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Code and exempt from taxation under Section 501(a) of the Code with the authority to open an Account for the Beneficiary, or a qualified custodian under the UGMA/UTMA, who must sign an Account Application establishing an Account. In certain cases, the Account Owner and Beneficiary may be the same person.

Age-Based Option: Each Option that is designed for those saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and that invests in multiple Underlying Funds and that has an investment allocation based on the Beneficiary's age indicated on the Account Application or later provided to the Program Manager. Age-Based Options may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons.

AIP: Automatic Investment Plan, which allows periodic automated debits from a checking or savings account at another financial institution to contribute to an Account.

Beneficiary: The individual designated by an Account Owner to receive the benefit of an Account.

CDSC: Contingent deferred sales charge.

Code: Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Distributor: Voya Investments Distributor, LLC.

Eligible Educational Institution: An institution as defined in Section 529(e) of the Code. Generally, the term includes accredited postsecondary educational institutions in the United States and certain institutions abroad that offer credit toward an associate's degree, a bachelor's degree, a graduate-level or professional degree, or another recognized postsecondary credential and certain postsecondary vocational and proprietary institutions. Eligible Educational Institutions must be eligible to participate in U.S. Department of Education student financial aid programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. § 1088).

EFT: Electronic Funds Transfer.

IABLE: Iowa's Section 529A plan which is part of the Iowa Able Savings Plan Trust.

IAdvisor 529 Plan: Iowa Advisor 529 Plan.

IRS: U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

K-12 Institution: Any elementary or secondary public, private, or religious school. For Iowa income tax purposes, "elementary or secondary school" means an elementary or secondary school in Iowa, which is accredited under Iowa Code Section 256.11 and adheres to the provisions of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Iowa Code Chapter 216.

Member of the Family: An individual defined in Section 529 of the Code as follows:

- Father, mother, or an ancestor of either;
- Child or a descendant of a child;
- Stepfather or stepmother;
- Brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister;
- Brother or sister of the father or mother;
- Brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, or mother-in-law;
- Son or daughter of a brother or sister;
- Spouse of the Beneficiary or of any of the individuals mentioned above; or
- First cousin.

For this purpose, a child includes a son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter, and eligible foster child. A brother or sister includes a half-brother and half-sister.

MSRB: Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

NAV: Net Asset Value. The NAV per unit of an Option is calculated by dividing the Option's net assets by the number of outstanding units on a given date.

Non-Qualified Withdrawal: A Non-Qualified Withdrawal generally is any withdrawal from an Account that is **not**:

- A Qualified Withdrawal; or
- A Qualified Rollover.

NRSRO: Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization.

NYSE: New York Stock Exchange.

Option: Any investment option available to Account Owners through the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Program Description: This program description and participation agreement, including any supplements that may be issued from time to time.

Program Manager: Voya Funds Services, LLC; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Voya Investments Distributor, LLC, which collectively provide for the management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Qualified Education Expenses: A "qualified higher education expense" as defined in section 529(e)(3) of the Code, as amended by Pub. L. No. 115-97, and elementary and secondary school expenses for tuition described in section 529(c)(7) of the Code, subject to the limitations imposed by section 529(e)(3)(A) of the Code. Generally, Qualified Education Expenses for higher education include tuition, room and board, fees, expenses for the purchase of computer or peripheral equipment, computer software, or Internet access and related services used primarily by

the Beneficiary during any of the years the Beneficiary is enrolled at an Eligible Educational Institution, and the cost of books, supplies and equipment required for the enrollment or attendance of a Beneficiary at an Eligible Educational Institution, as well as expenses for special needs services in the case of a special needs Beneficiary who incurs such expenses in connection with enrollment or attendance at an Eligible Educational Institution. Expenses for computer software designed for sports, games, or hobbies are not Qualified Education Expenses for higher education unless the software is predominantly educational in nature. Qualified Education Expenses include tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at K-12 Institutions up to a maximum amount described in "Qualified Withdrawals" in the Program Summary.

Qualified Withdrawal: Any distribution that is used to pay for the Qualified Education Expenses of a Beneficiary.

Qualified Rollover: A distribution of amounts from a qualified tuition program, as defined by Section 529 of the Code which, within 60 days of such distribution, is transferred: (1) to another qualified tuition program for the benefit of the same Beneficiary, provided that it has been at least 12 months from the date of a previous transfer to a qualified tuition program for that Beneficiary; (2) to another qualified tuition program (or an Account in the IAdvisor 529 Plan or College Savings Iowa 529 Plan) for the benefit of a Member of the Family of the Beneficiary; or (3) to a Section 529A ABLE Account for the Beneficiary or Member of the Family of the Beneficiary, subject to ABLE Account contribution limits. See "Tax Treatment – Recapture" for a discussion regarding the Iowa tax treatment of Qualified Rollovers.

SEC: U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Single Fund Option: Each Option that invests in a single Underlying Fund.

State: State of Iowa.

Static Allocation Option: Each Option that invests in multiple Underlying Funds and that has a fixed investment allocation based upon a specific risk- or style-based investment strategy (unless a modification is approved by the Trustee).

Transfer Agent: BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc., which provides transfer agency and recordkeeping services for the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Trust: The Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust, as created by the State.

Trustee: Treasurer of the State and the administrator of the Trust and the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

UGMA: Uniform Gifts to Minors Act.

UTMA: Uniform Transfers to Minors Act.

Underlying Funds: Mutual funds and other investments in which the Options invest.

The following summary is intended only to highlight key features of the IAdvisor 529 Plan. It does not fully describe the IAdvisor 529 Plan. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the remainder of this Program Description.

PROGRAM SUMMARY

The Program	The IAdvisor 529 Plan of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust. The Treasurer of the State of Iowa serves as Trustee of the Trust.
Program Manager	Voya Funds Services, LLC; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Voya Investments Distributor, LLC, which collectively provide for the management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.
Choosing a share class	You can choose from among several unit classes, each with different sales charges and expenses. If no unit class is designated, Class A shares, which are subject to an initial sales charge, will be automatically selected. See “Choosing a Unit Class” on page 7 for details.
Minimum initial contribution	\$250 per Option. The minimum initial contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through AIPs or payroll direct deposits: \$50 per month per Option for AIPs; \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Minimum subsequent contribution	\$50 per Option (\$50 per month per Option for AIPs). The minimum subsequent contribution is reduced for Account Owners that make contributions through payroll direct deposits: \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposits. See “Minimum Contributions” on page 11 for details.
Maximum contribution limit	\$420,000 (subject to periodic adjustment). See “Maximum Contributions” on page 12 for details.
Participation	An Account Owner and Beneficiary must be a U.S. citizen or resident alien with a valid Social Security number or taxpayer identification number. An Account Owner must be a minimum of 18 years of age and have a permanent U.S. address (not a P.O. box). There are no restrictions on state of residency or income. Certain other entities, including custodial accounts, with a valid taxpayer identification number, may participate. A Beneficiary may be any age. See “The Application Process” on page 10 for details.
Eligible Schools	For higher education, savings may be used at any eligible postsecondary school in the United States and certain institutions abroad. See “Eligible Educational Institutions” on page 13 for details. For K-12 education, savings may be used for tuition at elementary or secondary public, private or religious schools up to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “K-12 Institutions” on page 13 for details.
Federal tax benefits	Earnings accrue free of federal income tax. Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to federal income tax or an additional 10% tax. There is no federal gift tax on contributions of up to \$15,000 per year per Beneficiary (\$30,000 for married couples electing to split gifts); or on a lump sum gift of \$75,000 (single filer) and \$150,000 (married couples) that would be prorated over five taxable years. Contributions are generally considered completed gifts to the Beneficiary for federal gift and estate tax purposes. Each Account Owner has a lifetime exemption that may be applied to gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts referred to above or an individual’s gross estate. This lifetime exemption is adjusted for inflation and is currently \$11,400,000 for each Account Owner. A married couple may elect to split gifts and apply their combined exemption of \$22,800,000 to gifts by either of them. The top gift tax rate is 40%. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Iowa tax benefits	Iowa tax benefits related to the IAdvisor 529 Plan are available only to Iowa taxpayers. An Account Owner may reduce their Iowa taxable income up to a maximum of \$3,387 in 2019 (adjusted annually for inflation) per Beneficiary. This deduction applies to each Account Owner. For example, married Account Owners who contribute to separate accounts on behalf of their two children can deduct up to \$13,548 (4 x \$3,387). Accrued earnings and Qualified Withdrawals are not subject to Iowa income tax. See “Tax Treatment” on page 15 for details.
Qualified Withdrawals	Use the Account to pay for Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary at any Eligible Educational Institution. Use of the Account to pay for tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at any elementary or secondary public, private or religious school is subject to a maximum of \$10,000 per taxable year per Beneficiary from all 529 Plans. See “Qualified Withdrawals” on page 13 for details.
Investment Options	Account Owners can choose from among 21 Options, including 5 Static Allocation Options, 4 Age-Based Options, and 12 Single Fund Options. Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Options’ investments include shares in Voya mutual funds and other mutual funds managed by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.; Brookfield Investment Funds; Credit Suisse Asset Management, LLC; Delaware Investments Fund Advisers; Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.; Hahn Capital Management, LLC; J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.; Lazard Asset Management LLC; LSV Asset Management; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; Van Eck Associates Corporation; Voya Investment Management Co. LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP. See “Investment Options” on page 7 for details.
Program expenses and fees	Account Owners bear the fees charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan and the expenses of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. An Account Owner’s financial intermediary may also charge fees in addition to the fees and expenses described in this Program Description. See “Fee Structure” on page 10 for details.

PROGRAM SUMMARY

Program and investment risks	An investment in the IAdvisor 529 Plan is subject to investment risks, regardless of which Option(s) an Account Owner selects. An Account Owner may lose money, including any principal. Investments are not insured or guaranteed by the United States; the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the State; the Trust; the Trustee; any agency or instrumentality of the federal government or of the State. In addition, Account Owners are exposed to the risks of the Underlying Funds in which their selected Options invest. See "IAdvisor 529 Plan Risks and Considerations" on page 17 and "Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options" for details.
Investment performance	Account values can vary based on an Option's performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Performance may be substantially affected over time by changes in an Option's investment allocation and/or changes to an Option's underlying investments. See "Appendix D: Investment Results" for details.
Changes in investment selection	Once an Option selection has been made, federal tax law allows an Account Owner to change the investment selection twice per calendar year and at any time a change in the Beneficiary is made to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. See "Investment Changes" on page 7 for details.
Contact information	<p><u>Regular Mail</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management P.O. Box 9659 Providence, RI 02940-9659</p> <p><u>Overnight/Courier</u> IAdvisor 529 Plan c/o Voya Investment Management 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581-1722</p> <p>1-800-774-5127 www.IAdvisor529.com</p>

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INTRODUCTION

The IAdvisor 529 Plan is part of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust created by the State of Iowa under Chapter 12D of the Code of Iowa. It is intended to constitute a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Code.

The IAdvisor 529 Plan is designed as a savings vehicle for Qualified Education Expenses. Interests in the IAdvisor 529 Plan are municipal fund securities issued by the Trust. The IAdvisor 529 Plan is administered and overseen by the Trustee. The Program Manager provides, directly or through affiliates and subcontractors, distribution, investment management, marketing, administration, and recordkeeping services. The Program Manager has designated the Transfer Agent, to provide transfer agency and recordkeeping services for the IAdvisor 529 Plan. All references to the receipt or processing of transaction and maintenance requests throughout this Program Description refer, as applicable, to the receipt and processing of such requests by the Transfer Agent. The Distributor is the primary distributor of interests in the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

INVESTMENT OPTIONS

An Account Owner may choose from the Age-Based, Static Allocation, and Single Fund Options described in "Appendix A: Investment Options." Contributions go toward purchasing units of the selected Option(s). In general, an Account Owner may select only one Option for an Account, except that an Account Owner may select multiple Single Fund Options for an Account. If an Account Owner wishes to invest in multiple Options but is not permitted to do so for a single Account, the Account Owner may open other Accounts for the same or a different Beneficiary. However, the Account Owner will be charged an annual maintenance fee for each Account.

The IAdvisor 529 Plan offers a variety of Options, each with a different investment objective, because investors have different investment needs, time horizons, and risk tolerances. The Age-Based and Static Allocation Options seek to achieve their investment objectives through investments in multiple Underlying Funds. Each Single Fund Option seeks to achieve its investment objective through investments in a single Underlying Fund. The Options' investment allocations among the Underlying Funds are included in "Appendix B: Allocations to Underlying Funds."

The Age-Based Options and Static Allocation Options are monitored daily by the Program Manager which seeks to ensure that those Options stay within 3% of their target investment allocations. In the event that market fluctuations cause such an Option's investments to fall outside of its target investment allocation, the Program Manager will take steps to realign the Option's investments within a commercially reasonable period.

Account values can vary based on an Option's performance and market conditions and may be more or less than the amount an Account Owner invested. The investment performance of each Option is included in "Appendix D: Investment Results." **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.** Performance may be substantially affected over time by changes in the Options' investment allocations and underlying investments. You could lose money (including any principal) if you invest in any of the Options. The Options are offered in accordance with the investment policy established by the Trustee. The Trustee reserves the right to change the investment policy for the IAdvisor 529 Plan at any time.

The Options, the securities held by the Options, and securities issued by the IAdvisor 529 Plan (including your investment in an Option) are not insured or guaranteed by the United States; the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the State; the Trust; the Trustee; any agency or instrumentality of the federal government or of the State; any Underlying Funds or other issuers of securities held by the Options; the Program Manager or any of its affiliates; any agent, representative, or subcontractor retained in connection with the IAdvisor 529 Plan; or any other person.

The Options and their underlying investments may be changed without the approval of Account Owners or Beneficiaries.

If an Account Owner selects an Age-Based Option, contributions are invested in the Age-Based Option corresponding to the actual or hypothetical age of the Beneficiary indicated on the Account Application or later provided to the Program Manager. The Age-Based Options are designed for college savings and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. The Age-Based Options constitute separate age-bands designed for Beneficiaries of different ages. An Account for a younger Beneficiary will be invested in an Age-Based Option that primarily invests in equity Underlying Funds in order to maximize return potential and to capitalize on the longer investment time frame. An Account for an older Beneficiary will be invested in an Age-Based Option that primarily invests in fixed income Underlying Funds in order to preserve capital as the Beneficiary approaches college age. As the Beneficiary ages, the Account is automatically reinvested in the Age-Based Option corresponding to the age of the Beneficiary. These automatic reinvestments, when applicable, occur during August. You have the flexibility to purchase an Age-Based Option based on your Beneficiary's actual age or a hypothetical age if you wish to be invested in more aggressive or conservative age-bands than have been designed for Beneficiaries of certain ages.

Investment changes

Contributions to an Account generally stay in the chosen Option until disbursement or until an Account Owner selects a new Option. An Account Owner may make an investment change for previously contributed amounts only twice per calendar year or upon a change in the Account's Beneficiary to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. Investment changes may be requested by submitting an Investment Option Reallocation Form to the Program Manager. Certain investment changes may also be allowed via online Account access at www.iowaadvisor529.com or by calling the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127.

If an Account Owner in the IAdvisor 529 Plan owns multiple Accounts for the same Beneficiary under the Trust, an investment selection change made on any individual Account for a Beneficiary will be considered an investment change for all Accounts for that Beneficiary. Investment changes made to multiple Accounts for the same Beneficiary on the same day constitute a single investment change.

For these purposes, the IAdvisor 529 Plan will treat a transfer of assets made directly between an Account in the IAdvisor 529 Plan and an account in another 529 plan sponsored by the State for the same Beneficiary as an investment change subject to the rules described above.

For an Account invested in an Age-Based Option, changing the age of the Beneficiary may be considered an investment change.

CHOOSING A UNIT CLASS

Subject to eligibility, Account Owners may select from among Class A units and Class C units of each Option. Each unit class has different sales charges and expenses. Determining which unit class is best for you will depend on the dollar amount you are contributing and the age of your Account's Beneficiary, among other factors, including when you plan to withdraw assets from your Account. Based on your personal situation, your financial intermediary can help you decide which share class makes the most sense.

Certain financial intermediaries may not offer all available unit classes. Please contact your financial intermediary to determine which unit class or classes it offers. An Account Owner must designate a unit class on the Application. If no unit class is designated, Class A units, which are subject to an initial sales charge, will be automatically selected.

Class A units

You can buy Class A units at NAV per share plus any applicable initial sales charge, which is outlined in the table below. This initial sales charge schedule does not apply to Accounts opened prior to March 1, 2013. Out of the sales charge paid by an Account Owner, the Program Manager will pay to the applicable selling institution the commission also as shown in the table below:

Purchase Amount	Initial Sales Charge¹	Selling Institution Commission¹
\$0 - \$999,999	4.75%	4.25%
\$1,000,000 +	none	1.00% ²

1. Initial sales charges and selling institution commissions are not applicable to Accounts that purchase shares of the Voya Government Money Market Option.
2. For Class A units purchased in an amount of \$1,000,000 or more (excluding units of the Voya Government Money Market Option), the Distributor will pay, out of its own assets, a commission of 1.00% to your financial intermediary. In this case, if you sell (redeem) your units within 18 months of purchase, you will pay a CDSC of 1.00% of your original purchase price. If you exchange units of an Option that are subject to a CDSC into the Voya Government Money Market Option, which is not subject to a CDSC, the CDSC will continue to apply to your new units at the same CDSC rate that was applicable to your original units. Your new units will continue to age for CDSC purposes from the date that the original units were purchased.

For Accounts opened prior to March 1, 2013 invested in a fixed-income option (defined as greater than 50% investment in fixed-income) up-front sales charge and selling institution commission are shown in the table below:

Purchase Amount	Up-Front Sales Charge	Selling Institution Commission
\$0 - \$49,999	3.75%	3.00%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3.25%	2.75%
\$100,000 - \$349,999	2.25%	1.75%
\$350,000 - \$749,999	1.75%	1.50%
\$750,000 +	none	1.00%

The dollar amount of the applicable sales charge is the difference between the price of the units purchased and the NAV of those units. Because of rounding in the calculation of the offering price, the actual sales charge you pay may be more or less than that calculated using the percentages shown in the table above.

Class A units are also subject to an annual distribution and service fee of 0.25% of the class's average daily net assets, all of which compensates your financial intermediary for providing ongoing services to you. Rights to these ongoing payments generally begin in the 13th month following a purchase of Class A units. Effective March 1, 2013, the Program Manager has agreed to waive the annual distribution and service fee for the Voya Government Money Market Option. This waiver may be terminated at any time without prior notice.

To obtain lower sales charges on new purchases, an Account Owner may use rights of accumulation. A financial intermediary who wishes to exercise rights of accumulation for an Account Owner must do so in writing at the time of the initial purchase or subsequent purchase.

Rights of accumulation

An Account Owner's purchase of Class A units will not be subject to an initial sales charge, or will be subject to a reduced initial sales charge, if the purchase amount of the Class A units plus the combined current market value of the Account Owner's existing Class A and Class C units in any Option (excluding "load-waived" Class A units, as defined below) reaches an applicable discount level. The discount levels for Accounts opened on or after to March 1, 2013 and Accounts opened prior to March 1, 2013 correspond to the initial sales charge schedules set forth in "Class A units" above. An Account Owner (or his or her financial intermediary) must provide the Program Manager with written information to verify that a sales charge discount is applicable at the time of the investment, or any subsequent investment, is made. An Account Owner may also take into account the combined current market value of Class A units and Class C units in any Option owned by a spouse or domestic partner, or by a child or grandchild if he or she is under the age of 21.

Examples of Account ownership with the IAdvisor 529 Plan include the following:

- Trust accounts established by you and/or a member of your immediate family. However, if the person(s) who established the trust is deceased, the trust account may be aggregated with accounts of the person who is the primary beneficiary of the trust;
- Individual purchases made by you and/or a member of your immediate family as a trustee if the investments are for a single trust estate; or
- UGMA/UTMA accounts if you and/or a member of your immediate family is the beneficiary or custodian.

Sales charge waivers

The Trustee and/or the Program Manager may waive any fee if it is determined that circumstances warrant such waiver, and may revise or discontinue, in whole or in part, any fee waivers at any time without notice. To the extent that the annual distribution and service fee is waived, your financial intermediary will not receive service fees as described further in this section.

Class A units may be purchased without the initial sales charge; such units are known as "load-waived" Class A units. Waiver of the initial sales charge is conditioned on the receipt of notice before you contribute, indicating that your financial intermediary is waiving his or her commission. The initial sales charge for Class A units may be waived if the purchase is made:

- By existing Account Owners currently holding load-waived Class A units of the relevant Options;
- From proceeds of a redemption of Class A units of the same Option within 60 days of the date of redemption;
- By Account Owners opening new Accounts in the Voya Government Money Market Option (if you purchase Class A units of the Voya Government Money Market Option and did not pay a sales charge, you must pay the applicable sales charge on an exchange into Class A units of another Option);
- By a qualified registered investment adviser who buys through a broker-dealer or service agent who has entered into an agreement with the Distributor that allows for such purchase;

- By employees of a registered broker-dealer who has an agreement with the Distributor;
- By any current or retired officer, director, trustee, or employee (or member of their immediate family) of the Program Manager or one of its affiliates;
- By employees (or a member of their immediate family) of the investment managers of the Underlying Funds and the service providers to the IAdvisor 529 Plan;
- By such other persons that are approved by the Trustee and the Program Manager; or
- With assets rolled over or transferred to an Account in IAdvisor 529 Plan from another Section 529 program. While the initial sales charge waiver is intended primarily for investors rolling over or transferring assets with respect to which initial sales charges have previously been paid a particular selling institution may choose to not make the initial sales charge waiver available for any rollovers or transfers, or to extend the initial sales charge waiver to all rollovers or transfers to an Account in IAdvisor 529 Plan by such a selling institution's clients regardless of whether initial sales charges previously have or have not been paid with respect to the assets being rolled over or transferred.

Class C units

You can buy Class C units at NAV without an initial sales charge. Class C units are subject to an annual distribution and service fee of 1.00% of the applicable Option's daily net assets (except Class C units of the Voya Government Money Market Option, which are subject to an annual distribution and service fee of 0.25% of the Option's average daily net assets). Of the annual 1.00% fee, an annual 0.25% service fee and an annual 0.75% asset-based sales charge compensate your financial intermediary. For the Voya Government Money Market Option, all the 0.25% annual distribution and service fee compensates your financial intermediary. Rights to these ongoing payments generally begin in the 13th month following a purchase of Class C units.

Effective March 1, 2013, the Program Manager has agreed to waive the annual distribution and service fee for the Voya Government Money Market Option. This waiver may be terminated at any time without prior notice.

For purchases of Class C units (excluding Class C units of the Voya Government Money Market Option), the Distributor may pay, out of its own assets, a commission of 1.00% of the amount invested in the Option to your financial intermediary.

If you sell (redeem) your Class C units within one year of purchase, you will have to pay a CDSC of 1.00% of your original purchase price. If you exchange units of an Option that are subject to a CDSC into the Voya Government Money Market Option, which is not subject to a CDSC, the CDSC will continue to apply to your new units at the same CDSC rate that was applicable to your original units. Your new units will continue to age for CDSC purposes from the date that the original units were purchased.

Class C units automatically convert into Class A units after being owned for a certain period of time. For Class C units purchased prior to March 2013, the Class C units convert into Class A units in April 2019. For Class C units purchased during or after March 2013, the Class C units convert into Class A units after the 73rd month of ownership (*i.e.*, six years and one month). Immediately following conversion, converted Class C units are subject to the fee structure applicable to Class A units. No CDSCs are imposed when Class C units convert to Class A units.

A CDSC is not assessed on Qualified Withdrawals or withdrawals made within one year of the death or permanent disability of the Beneficiary or due to receipt of a scholarship by the Beneficiary. To avoid being assessed a CDSC, you must submit satisfactory evidence of such death, permanent disability, or scholarship. In addition, the CDSC may be waived in connection with certain Account closings and distributions initiated by the Trustee or the Program Manager as described in this Program Description.

Compensation to dealers and servicing agents

In addition to dealer reallowances and payments made by each Option for distribution and account owner servicing, the Program Manager and its affiliates make additional payments ("Additional Payments") to certain selling or account owner servicing agents for the Options, which include broker/dealers. These Additional Payments are made in connection with the sale and distribution of units of the Options or for services to the Options and their Account Owners. These Additional Payments, which may be significant, are paid by the Program Manager or its affiliates out of their revenues.

In return for these Additional Payments, the Program Manager expects to receive certain marketing or servicing advantages that are not generally available to mutual funds or 529 plans that do not make such payments. Such advantages are expected to include, without limitation, placement of the Options on a list of mutual funds or 529 plans offered as investment options to the selling agent's clients (sometimes referred to as "shelf space"), access to the selling agent's registered representatives, and/or ability to assist in training and educating the selling agent's registered representatives.

Certain selling or account owner servicing agents receive these Additional Payments to supplement amounts payable by the Options under the account owner servicing plans. In exchange, these agents provide services including, but not limited to, establishing and maintaining accounts and records; answering inquiries regarding purchases, exchanges, and redemptions; processing and verifying purchase, redemption, and exchange transactions; furnishing account statements and confirmations of transactions; processing and mailing monthly statements, 529 plan program descriptions or other plan offering documents, account owner reports, and other SEC or MSRB required communications; and providing the types of services that might typically be provided by the Transfer Agent (for example, the maintenance of omnibus or omnibus-like accounts, the use of the National Securities Clearing Corporation for the transmission of transaction information and the transmission of account holder mailings).

The Additional Payments may create potential conflicts of interest between an investor and a selling agent who is recommending a particular 529 plan, such as the IAdvisor 529 Plan, or a particular Option of the IAdvisor 529 Plan, over other 529 plans or Options. Before contributing, you should speak with your financial consultant and review carefully any disclosure by the selling agent as to what monies the consultant receives from 529 plan advisors and distributors, as well as how your financial intermediary is compensated.

The Additional Payments are typically paid in fixed dollar amounts or based on the number of customer accounts maintained by the selling or account owner servicing agent or based on a percentage of sales and/or assets under management or a combination of the above. The Additional Payments are either up-front or ongoing or both. The Additional Payments differ among selling and account owner servicing agents.

FEE STRUCTURE

Account Owners bear the fees charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan and also indirectly bear the costs of investing in the Underlying Funds. An Account will be subject to the fees that are charged against the assets of the Option(s) in which the Account invests, an account fee, certain transaction fees and, depending on the class of the Option selected, any applicable sales charges. Financial intermediaries through whom you invest in the IAdvisor 529 Plan may charge you fees in addition to the fees described in this section. Any such additional fee is a matter between you and your financial intermediary and is not the responsibility of the IAdvisor 529 Plan, the Trustee, the Trust, the State, or any agency thereof, or its affiliates or subcontractors.

The Program Manager may change the fees charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan at any time, subject to the approval of the Trustee. In the future, the IAdvisor 529 Plan's fees and expenses could be higher or lower than those discussed in this Program Description. These fees and expenses are described in "Appendix E: Total Estimated Annual Fees And Expenses" and "Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution."

The approximate cost of investing in the Age-Based Options will vary among Account Owners because the age-band in which an Account Owner invests depends on the actual or hypothetical age of the Beneficiary and the expenses of the various age-bands differ based on their varying investment allocations. The Trust is audited annually by Iowa's Auditor of State, or its designee, which has the expertise in auditing and accounting. The Trust's financial statements as of their most recent fiscal year are available by calling 1-800-774-5127.

Annual asset-based fees

Each Option charges an annual asset-based fee. This is an ongoing fee calculated at an annualized rate based on the average daily net assets of the Option. The annual asset-based fee for each Option is made up of different components consisting of the expenses of its Underlying Fund(s), as discussed further below; a program manager administration and management fee payable to the Program Manager (the "Program Manager Fee"), which may be reduced or waived from time to time; an investment advisory fee payable to the Program Manager (the "Advisory Fee"); and an administrative fee payable to the Trustee (the "Iowa Administration Fee") that is used by the State to offset expenses the Trustee deems appropriate in connection with the Trust. The Trustee or the Program Manager may, from time to time, voluntarily agree to reduce or waive fees. Voluntary waivers may be modified or terminated at any time.

With respect to the expenses of the Underlying Funds, each Option pays a *pro rata* share of the expenses of the Underlying Funds in which it invests. Estimated Underlying Fund expenses are based on a weighted average of each Underlying Fund's net expense ratio, as reported in the Underlying Fund's prospectus in effect at the time this Program Description was prepared. The amount of the Underlying Fund expenses charged to an Option is based on the amount of each Underlying Fund held and the expense ratio of that Underlying Fund.

The fees for all Options are computed daily using daily net assets and are payable monthly.

Rollover distribution fees

An Account Owner may be able to rollover all or part of the balance of an Account to an account in another qualified tuition program or ABLE account without adverse federal income tax consequences. See "Tax Treatment – Taxation of Rollovers" for more information. Accounts initiating a rollover to any account other than another qualified tuition program sponsored by the State will be charged a \$75 rollover fee. The rollover fee will be waived for rollovers into ABLE accounts.

Service and transaction fees

An annual maintenance fee of \$25, payable to the Program Manager, may be charged to all Accounts that do not qualify for a fee waiver. The fee is paid in arrears on a date agreed to by the Trustee and the Program Manager (currently in December) and is non-refundable. The annual fee will be waived if the Account balance in each selected Option is greater than \$25,000 or if there is an AIP or payroll direct deposit of \$100 per month in each selected Option (active for the 12 previous months without interruption) or for Accounts established by employees of the Program Manager and its affiliates. Should you withdraw your entire Account balance prior to the annual fee being paid, the fee will be deducted at the time of withdrawal.

The IAdvisor 529 Plan reserves the right to charge an Account in any circumstance in which the IAdvisor 529 Plan incurs expenses on behalf of the Account (e.g., when a check, AIP, payroll direct deposit, or electronic bank transfer is returned unpaid by the financial institution upon which it is drawn). The IAdvisor 529 Plan may deduct the fees and charges identified in this paragraph directly from your Account. If you request delivery of withdrawal proceeds or any other item by express delivery service, the IAdvisor 529 Plan may charge you for this service. Additional fees apply regarding research and outgoing rollovers. Please note that all fee amounts listed below are subject to change.

Service or Transaction Type	Fee Amount
Returned check, and rejected AIP, payroll direct deposit, or electronic bank transfer	\$25
Overnight delivery	\$15
Federal wire transfer	\$10
Research fee	\$25
Outgoing rollover	\$75

Accounts opened through a financial intermediary

Accounts opened through financial intermediaries may have additional fees and features. The Program Manager and/or your financial intermediary may, at their discretion, choose to waive certain fees that they receive, as described in "Choosing a Unit Class." Your financial intermediary can help you determine which class is best for you.

THE APPLICATION PROCESS

A prospective Account Owner must complete and sign an Account Application. At the time of enrollment, the Account Owner must designate a Beneficiary for the Account. There may be only one Beneficiary per Account. The Beneficiary is not required to be related to the Account Owner. An Account Owner may have multiple Accounts for the same or different Beneficiaries, subject to the maximum contribution limit on an aggregate basis. For the current maximum contribution limit, please refer to the "Program Summary." An Account Owner may name a successor Account Owner to assume control of the Account in the event of the original Account Owner's death. A valid social security number (or taxpayer identification number) must be provided for the Account Owner, the successor Account Owner, and the Beneficiary.

At the time of enrollment, the Account Owner must provide an Option selection for the Account. The Account Owner maintains control over the Account and is responsible for directing investments, whether contributed by the Account Owner or by another person, and withdrawals. The Beneficiary has no control over the assets of the Account and may not direct withdrawals from the Account.

The custodian for a minor under the UGMA/UTMA may open an Account that is subject to additional limitations, such as the inability to change the Beneficiary and certain restrictions on withdrawals. A custodian should consult his or her tax advisor for additional information concerning these restrictions before opening an Account.

Personal information

The Program Manager acts in accordance with a customer identification program and obtains certain personal information from the Account Owner in order to verify the Account Owner's identity. If the Account Owner does not provide the following information as requested on the Account Application—full name, date of birth (if applicable), social security number or taxpayer identification number, and street address—the Program Manager may refuse to open the Account. If reasonable efforts to verify this information are unsuccessful, the Program Manager may take certain actions on the Account without prior notice to the Account Owner, including rejecting contribution requests, suspending Account services, or closing the Account. Units redeemed as a result of closing an Account will be valued at the NAV calculated at the next close of business of the NYSE after the Program Manager decides to close the Account; the risk of market loss and any tax implications as a result of the liquidation will be the Account Owner's responsibility.

UGMA/UTMA and other custodial accounts and trusts

The custodian of an Account established or being opened under a state's UGMA, UTMA, or similar law may open an Account in his or her custodial capacity. These types of Accounts involve additional restrictions that do not apply to regular Accounts. A custodian who uses such funds to establish an Account must indicate that the Account is custodial by checking the appropriate box on the Account Application. None of the Program Manager, the Underlying Funds, the Trust, the Trustee, the State, or the IAdvisor 529 Plan will be liable for any consequences related to a custodian's improper use, transfer, or characterization of custodial funds.

A UGMA/UTMA custodian must establish an Account in his or her custodial capacity separate from any Accounts he or she may hold in his or her individual capacity in order to contribute UGMA/UTMA assets. In general, UGMA/UTMA custodial accounts are subject to the following additional requirements and restrictions:

- The custodian will not be able to change the Beneficiary of the Account;
- The custodian will not be permitted to change the Account Owner to anyone other than a successor custodian during the term of the custodial account under applicable UGMA/UTMA law; and
- The custodian must notify the Program Manager when the custodianship terminates and the Beneficiary is legally entitled to take control of the Account. At that time, the Beneficiary will become the Account Owner and will become subject to the provisions of the IAdvisor 529 Plan applicable to non-UGMA/UTMA Account Owners. Also, custodians or Beneficiaries will need to complete certain forms at that time to document the termination of the custodianship.

In addition, certain tax consequences described herein may differ in the case of Accounts opened by a custodian under applicable UGMA/UTMA law.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Minimum contributions

Except as otherwise noted, the minimum initial contribution to the IAdvisor 529 Plan is \$250 per Option (\$50 per month per Option for AIPs or \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposit). Each additional contribution must be in the minimum amount of \$50 per Option (\$50 per month per Option for AIPs or \$25 per pay period per Option through payroll direct deposit). The Program Manager has the right to waive initial investment minimums at any time.

Who may contribute

Once you have established an Account for a Beneficiary, anyone (including your friends and family) may make a contribution to your Account. Please note there may be gift or other adverse tax consequences to the contributor and/or the Account Owner. A person, other than the Account Owner, who contributes to an Account will not retain any rights with respect to such contribution. For example, only the Account Owner may give investment instructions for contributions or request withdrawals from the Account.

Methods of contribution

Contributions may only be made by check, AIP, payroll direct deposit (including government allotments), EFT, or federal wire. The IAdvisor 529 Plan does not accept cash, checks drawn on financial institutions outside the United States, starter checks, or credit card checks and may elect not to accept third-party checks. No securities will be accepted as contributions.

Contributions by check

An Account Owner making an initial contribution by check or money order must send an initial minimum contribution of \$250 per Option with his or her Account Application. The check must be made payable to "IAdvisor 529 Plan."

AIP

The Account Owner may authorize the IAdvisor 529 Plan to perform periodic automated debits from a checking or savings account at another financial institution to contribute to his or her Account. To initiate an AIP, the Account Owner must: (1) complete the AIP section of the Account Application and submit a voided check or savings account deposit slip; (2) submit an Account Maintenance Form and a voided check or savings account information after the Account has been established; or (3) make a change to an AIP via online access at www.iowaadvisor529.com. An authorization to perform automated periodic contributions will remain in effect until the IAdvisor 529 Plan has received notification of its termination. The Account Owner or the IAdvisor 529 Plan may terminate the AIP at any time. Requests for changes to, or termination of, an AIP must be received at least two business days before the day of the month that the AIP is regularly scheduled to occur. There is no charge for establishing an AIP.

Direct deposits from payroll

An Account Owner may be eligible to make automatic, periodic contributions to his or her Account by payroll direct deposit, including direct deposit from government allotments (for example, Social Security or the military). Contributions by payroll direct deposit will only be permitted from employers able to meet the IAdvisor 529 Plan's operational and administrative requirements for 529 program payroll contributions. In order to enroll in the IAdvisor 529 Plan via automatic direct deposits, please submit the Payroll Direct Deposit Authorization Form, which can be downloaded at www.iowaadvisor529.com.

EFT

The Account Owner may authorize the IAdvisor 529 Plan to withdraw funds by EFT from a checking or savings account by calling an Account representative at 1-800-774-5127 or by using the online Account access services at www.iowaadvisor529.com. To establish the EFT option, an Account Owner must either: (1) select it on the new Account Application and submit a voided check or savings account information; or (2) submit an Account Maintenance Form and a voided check or savings account information after the Account has been established.

Qualified Rollover Contributions

Qualified Rollover contributions to an Account must be accompanied by the appropriate form, as well as any other information required by the IAdvisor 529 Plan. See "Required information for certain contributions" for details. A Qualified Rollover to an Account for the benefit of the same Beneficiary may not be made within 12 months of a previous Qualified Rollover for that Beneficiary without adverse federal income tax consequences. In other cases, the rollover may be considered a Non-Qualified Withdrawal, the earnings portion of which may be subject to applicable federal and state and/or local taxes, potentially including the additional 10% federal tax. A Qualified Rollover contribution will be permitted only to the extent that the aggregate balance of all Accounts under the Trust for the new Beneficiary, including the amount of such transfer, would not exceed the maximum Account limit as described in the "Program Summary."

If a Qualified Rollover contribution of at least \$25,000 is made to the IAdvisor 529 Plan from another state's 529 plan and a rollover fee is charged, the Program Manager will reimburse the rollover fee charged (up to \$75 per Qualified Rollover) by the previous 529 plan. The Program Manager will not reimburse the Account for other charges imposed, such as CDSCs, finder's fees, or annual Account charges. The amount of the reimbursement will be credited to the Account into which the Qualified Rollover contribution is made and the reimbursement will be treated as a contribution by the Account Owner to the Account. You may wish to consult your tax advisor regarding any potential tax implications related to such reimbursement. In order to receive the reimbursement, a copy of a statement showing the fee must be provided to the Program Manager within 30 days of the assets being transferred.

Purchases of Class A units with assets rolled over or transferred to an Account in IAdvisor 529 Plan from another Section 529 program may be made without initial sales charges. See "Choosing a unit Class – Sales charge waivers" for more information

The Program Manager reserves the right to discontinue the reimbursement program at any time.

Required information for certain contributions

When making a contribution to the IAdvisor 529 Plan using assets previously invested in a Coverdell Education Savings Account ("ESA"), a qualified U.S. Savings Bond, or another qualified tuition program, the contributor must indicate the source of the contribution and provide the Program Manager with the following documentation, as applicable:

- In the case of a contribution from an ESA, an account statement issued by the financial institution that acted as custodian of the ESA that shows basis and earnings in the ESA.
- In the case of a contribution from the redemption of a qualified U.S. Savings Bond, an account statement or Form 1099-INT issued by the financial institution that redeemed the bond showing interest from the redemption of the bond.
- In the case of a Qualified Rollover contribution from another qualified tuition program, a statement issued by the distributing program that shows the earnings portion of the distribution. In the case of any direct transfer between qualified tuition programs, the distributing program must provide the IAdvisor 529 Plan a statement that sets forth this information.

Until the IAdvisor 529 Plan receives the documentation described above, as applicable, the IAdvisor 529 Plan will treat the entire amount of the contribution as earnings.

Maximum contribution

Contributions to an Account will not be permitted to the extent that the contribution would cause the aggregate balance of all Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust (IAdvisor and College Savings Iowa 529 Plans) accounts for the same Beneficiary to exceed the maximum allowable contribution limit. The maximum allowable contribution limit is based on the aggregate market value of the account(s) for a Beneficiary at the time of contribution, not on the aggregate contributions made to accounts. Accounts that have reached the maximum allowable contribution limit may continue to increase in value due to market fluctuation. For the current maximum allowable contribution limit, please refer to the "Program Summary."

Pursuant to Section 529 of the Code, the Trustee is required to set the maximum allowable contribution limit for all Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust accounts for a Beneficiary. The Trustee evaluates the maximum allowable contribution limit periodically and may make adjustments deemed to be appropriate. Information concerning the current maximum allowable contribution limit may be obtained through the Program Manager. It is possible that federal law might impose different limits on maximum allowable contributions in the future.

Excess contributions

The IAdvisor 529 Plan will not accept any contribution to the extent that the maximum contribution limit is exceeded or to the extent that the contribution causes the maximum contribution limit to be exceeded. Excess contributions will be returned to the contributor.

Contribution policies and fees

Following receipt of any contributions, the IAdvisor 529 Plan reserves the right, subject to applicable law, not to allow withdrawals of those contributions (or their equivalent) for up to seven calendar days. The Program Manager may impose a fee on any check, AIP investment, payroll direct deposit, or purchase via EFT returned unpaid by the financial institution upon which it is drawn, which may be deducted from the Account. See "Service and transaction fees" for details.

Account Owners will receive statements confirming investments purchased and such other information as may be required by law. If an error has been made in the amount of the contribution, or the Option used is not what the Account Owner selected, the Account Owner has 60 days from the date of the statement to notify the Program Manager of the error.

The Program Manager uses reasonable procedures to confirm that transaction requests are genuine. The Program Manager may be responsible if it does not follow these procedures. The Account Owner may be responsible for losses resulting from fraudulent or unauthorized instructions received by the Program Manager, provided that the Program Manager reasonably believes the instructions were genuine. To safeguard your Account, please keep your information confidential. Contact the Program Manager immediately if you believe that there is a discrepancy between a transaction you performed and the confirmation statement you received, or if you believe that someone has obtained unauthorized access to your Account.

A contribution may be refused or rejected, in whole or in part, if it appears to be an abuse of the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Ownership of contributions and earnings

Although contributions to an Account can be made by anyone, the Account Owner retains ownership and control of all contributions, as well as all earnings credited to the Account up to the date they are directed for disbursement. A Beneficiary or contributor who is not the Account Owner has no control over any of the Account assets.

WITHDRAWALS

An Account Owner may make withdrawals from his or her Account at any time. An Account Owner may also terminate his or her participation in the IAdvisor 529 Plan at any time by withdrawing the entire Account balance. In the event of a withdrawal or termination, the withdrawal is effected at the NAV calculated at the next close of business of the NYSE after the IAdvisor 529 Plan's receipt and the acceptance of a properly completed request. See "Tax Treatment – Federal taxation on contributions and withdrawals" for details.

Account Owners are responsible for making the determination as to whether a withdrawal is a Qualified Withdrawal or a Non-Qualified Withdrawal and for including this information on the Withdrawal Request Form. As part of this determination, Account Owners are responsible for monitoring and complying with the aggregate limit per tax year applicable to withdrawals used to pay for tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at K-12 Institutions. If an Account Owner indicates on the Withdrawal Request Form that a withdrawal is a Qualified Withdrawal, such a withdrawal may be paid:

- Directly to a Eligible Educational Institution
- Directly to a K-12 Institution
- Directly to the Account Owner
- Directly to a Beneficiary for Qualified Education Expenses for higher education at an Eligible Educational Institution

If an Account Owner indicates on the Withdrawal Request Form that a withdrawal is a Non-Qualified Withdrawal, that withdrawal may only be paid to the Account Owner.

Qualified Withdrawals

The recipient of any withdrawal, not the IAdvisor 529 Plan, is responsible for determining whether the withdrawal is a Qualified Withdrawal for tax purposes. If an Eligible Educational Institution refunds any portion of an amount previously withdrawn from an Account and treated as a Qualified Withdrawal, you may be required to treat the amount of the refund as a Non-Qualified Withdrawal for federal income tax purposes, unless you contribute such amount to a qualified tuition program for the same Beneficiary not later than 60 days after the date of the refund. At the time of this printing, the IRS has indicated that they intend to propose rules that would treat refunds from K-12 institutions similar, but such rules have not yet been proposed. Different treatment may apply if the refund is used to pay other Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary. You should consult a qualified tax advisor regarding Qualified Withdrawals.

Eligible Educational Institutions

Generally, Eligible Educational Institutions for higher education include accredited postsecondary education institutions in the United States and certain institutions abroad that offer credit toward an associate's degree, a bachelor's degree, a graduate-level or professional degree, or another recognized postsecondary credential and certain postsecondary vocational and proprietary institutions. Such Eligible Educational Institutions must be eligible to participate in U.S. Department of Education student financial aid programs. To search for an Eligible Educational Institution, please visit www.fasfa.gov.

K-12 Institutions

Qualified Education Expenses include tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at any elementary or secondary public, private or religious school described in section 529(c)(7) of the Code, up to a yearly maximum that applies to all qualified tuition programs with respect to a Beneficiary. For Iowa income tax purposes, "elementary or secondary school" means an elementary or secondary school in Iowa, which is accredited under Iowa Code Section 256.11 and adheres to the provisions of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Iowa Code Chapter 216.

Qualified Education Expenses

Qualified Education Expenses must be incurred for the benefit of the Beneficiary. To qualify as a Qualified Education Expense for higher education, the cost of room and board must be incurred during an academic period during which the Beneficiary is enrolled or accepted for enrollment in a degree, certificate or other program that leads to a recognized educational credential awarded by a post-secondary Eligible Educational Institution while attending at least half-time. Room and board expenses that may be treated as Qualified Education Expenses generally will be limited to the room and board allowance calculated by the Eligible Educational Institution in its "cost of attendance" for purposes of determining eligibility for federal education assistance for that year. For students living in housing owned or operated by the Eligible Educational Institution, if the actual amount charged for room and board is higher than the "cost of attendance" figure, the actual amount may be treated as qualified room and board costs.

A Beneficiary will be considered to be enrolled at least half-time if he or she is enrolled for at least half the full-time academic workload for the course of study being pursued as determined under the standards of the Eligible Educational Institution where he or she is enrolled. The institution's standard for a full-time workload must equal or exceed a standard established by the U.S. Department of Education under the

Higher Education Act of 1965, as in effect on August 5, 1997. A Beneficiary is not required to be enrolled at least half-time to use a Qualified Withdrawal to pay for expenses relating to tuition, fees, books, supplies, equipment, and special needs services.

Any reference to Qualified Education Expenses also includes a reference to tuition in connection with enrollment or attendance at a K-12 Institution up to the maximum amount described in the "Program Summary".

Non-Qualified Withdrawals

In accordance with Section 529 of the Code, the earnings portion of a Non-Qualified Withdrawal will be treated as income to the recipient and is subject to applicable federal and state and/or local income tax. In addition, to satisfy the requirements of Section 529, the earnings portion of a Non-Qualified Withdrawal may be subject to an additional 10% federal tax. Although the Program Manager will report the earnings portion of all distributions, it is the ultimate responsibility of the Account Owner to calculate and report any tax liability. Account Owner may wish to consult with a tax advisor regarding the potential tax implications of any distribution.

Distributions used to qualify for an American Opportunity Tax Credit or Lifetime Learning Credit

A distribution for Qualified Education Expenses that is taken into account by a Beneficiary (or a person who can claim the Beneficiary as a dependent) in qualifying for an American Opportunity Tax Credit or Lifetime Learning Credit (two federal income tax credits that are available to taxpayers with marginal adjusted gross incomes below a certain level who incur qualified tuition and related expenses) constitutes a Non-Qualified Withdrawal.

Other withdrawals

Death of Beneficiary

In the event of the death of the Beneficiary, the Account Owner may authorize a change in the Beneficiary for the Account or request the withdrawal of the Account balance. A distribution made to a beneficiary of an estate (or to the Beneficiary's estate) due to the death of the Beneficiary will not be subject to the additional 10% federal tax on earnings, but the earnings portion of such distribution will be subject to any applicable federal and state and/or local income tax.

Disability of Beneficiary

If the Beneficiary becomes disabled, the Account Owner may authorize a change in the Beneficiary for the Account or request the withdrawal of all or a portion of the Account balance. For this purpose, disability is defined by federal tax law as the Beneficiary's inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or to be of long-continued and indefinite duration. A distribution due to the disability of the Beneficiary will not be subject to the additional 10% federal tax on earnings, but the earnings portion of such distribution will be subject to any applicable federal and state and/or local income tax.

Receipt of scholarship

If the Beneficiary receives a qualified scholarship (including a payment under the G.I. Bill or an appointment to a U.S. military service academy), Account assets up to the amount of the scholarship or cost of attendance at a U.S. military service academy may be withdrawn by the Account Owner without imposition of the additional 10% federal tax on earnings. A qualified scholarship includes certain educational assistance allowances under federal law, as well as certain payments for education expenses (or attributable to attendance at certain educational institutions) that are exempt from federal income tax. The earnings portion of a distribution due to a qualified scholarship will be subject to any applicable federal and state and/or local income tax.

Residual Account balances

If the Account Owner does not use the funds for the Beneficiary for any reason and funds remain in the Account, the Account Owner can choose from three options. First, if the Account Owner requests, the remaining funds (including earnings) may be withdrawn by the Account Owner and treated as a Non-Qualified Withdrawal. Earnings will be subject to any applicable federal and state and/or local income tax, potentially including the additional 10% federal tax on earnings. Second, the Account Owner may authorize a change of Beneficiary for the Account to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. See "Changing the Beneficiary" for details. Third, the Account Owner may keep the funds in the Account to pay future Qualified Education Expenses (such as graduate or professional school expenses) of the current Beneficiary. The last two options do not constitute Non-Qualified Withdrawals.

Withdrawal Request Form

To make a withdrawal from an Account, the Account Owner may submit a Withdrawal Request Form and provide such other information or documentation as the IAdvisor 529 Plan may from time to time require. Upon acceptance of a properly completed request, the Program Manager will process the withdrawal from the Account at the next calculated NAV and will generally send the proceeds of the withdrawal within three business days of receiving the request. Payment of the withdrawal may be made by check, wire transfer, or EFT. The Program Manager may charge a fee for a federal wire redemption.

Certain withdrawals may be allowed by calling the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127 or by using online Account access services at www.iowaadvisor529.com.

Signature guarantee

A medallion signature guarantee is required for withdrawals addressed to a place other than the address or financial institution account on file, withdrawals made within 30 days of an address change, or for transfers in ownership in any amount. A signature guarantee is verification of the authenticity of the signature given by certain authorized institutions. A medallion signature guarantee may be obtained from a domestic bank or trust company, broker, dealer, clearing agency, savings association, or other financial institution which is participating in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Association. Please note that signature guarantees are not provided by a notary public.

CHANGES TO AN ACCOUNT

Change of Account Owner

An Account Owner may designate a successor Account Owner (to the extent permissible under applicable law) to succeed to all of the current Account Owner's rights, title, and interest in an Account (including the right to change the Beneficiary) upon the incapacity or death of the current Account Owner. Such designation must either be on the original Account Application or submitted separately in writing, and is not effective until

it is received and accepted by the Program Manager. An Account Owner may add, change, or revoke the designation of a successor Account Owner by submitting a Change of Registration Form. If no successor Account Owner has been designated by the Account Owner at the time of his or her death, and the Beneficiary is younger than age 18, a surviving parent or legal guardian will become the Account Owner; if the Beneficiary is age 18 or older, he or she will become the Account Owner.

Upon the death of an Account Owner, the successor Account Owner must notify College Savings Iowa by submitting a completed Participant Agreement and a certified copy of the death certificate. The change in ownership of the Account will become effective for the successor Account Owner once this paperwork has been received and processed.

All other requests to transfer ownership to a successor Account Owner must be submitted in writing. A medallion signature guarantee is required for transfer of Accounts in any amount. See "Signature guarantee" for details. Please contact the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127 for information needed to complete the change of ownership.

Changing the Beneficiary

Section 529 of the Code generally allows for changes of the Beneficiary without adverse federal income tax consequences, as long as the new Beneficiary is a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. In addition, current proposed regulations provide that no federal gift tax or generation-skipping transfer tax will result from a change of the Beneficiary unless the new Beneficiary is in a lower generation than the current Beneficiary. Any change of the Beneficiary to a person who is not a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary may be treated as a Non-Qualified Withdrawal.

To initiate a change of Beneficiary, the Account Owner must complete and submit a Change of Registration Form (and any additional information or documentation required by the IAdvisor 529 Plan) to the Program Manager. The change will be made upon the Program Manager's receipt and acceptance of a properly completed form.

An Account Owner who chooses the Age-Based Option should note that the Program Manager will change the Age-Based Option in which the Account is invested if the age of the new Beneficiary is not in the same age range as the previous Beneficiary. This may occur if the new Beneficiary is older or younger than the original Beneficiary.

TAX TREATMENT

This section summarizes some of the key aspects of the federal and state tax treatment of contributions to, and withdrawals from, 529 plan accounts. The information provided below is not exhaustive. It is based on an understanding of current law and regulatory interpretations relating to 529 plans generally, and it is meant to provide Account Owners with general background about the tax characteristics of these programs. This section does not constitute legal or tax advice. The IAdvisor 529 Plan strongly encourages Account Owners and Beneficiaries to consult their tax and legal advisors regarding the consequences of participating in a 529 plan account.

The tax and legal information provided below is based on the Code and on proposed regulations in effect as of the date of this document, as well as other administrative guidance and announcements issued by the IRS and the U.S. Department of Treasury. It is possible that the U.S. Congress, the U.S. Department of Treasury, the IRS, or the courts may take action that will affect the tax treatment of 529 plan contributions, earnings, or withdrawals. Individual state legislation may affect the state tax treatment of 529 plans for residents of that state.

If you are not an Iowa taxpayer, consider before investing whether your home state or the Beneficiary's home state offers a 529 plan that provides its taxpayers with favorable state tax or other benefits that may only be available through investment in the home state's 529 plan, and which are not available through investment in the IAdvisor 529 Plan. Since different states have different tax provisions, this Program Description contains limited information about the Iowa state tax consequences of investing in the IAdvisor 529 Plan. Therefore, please consult your financial, tax, or other advisor to learn more about how state-based benefits (or any limitations) would apply to your specific circumstances. Keep in mind that state-based benefits should be one of many appropriately weighted factors to be considered when making an investment decision.

Taxation of 529 plans generally

529 plans allow individuals, trusts, and certain corporate entities to provide for certain education related expenses of a Beneficiary in a tax advantaged manner. To be eligible for these tax benefits, the funds from a 529 plan account must be used to pay the Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary.

Federal taxation of contributions and withdrawals

Federal law does not allow a deduction for contributions to 529 plans. However, the income earned on any such contributions generally may grow free of federal income tax. Qualified Withdrawals and Qualified Rollovers are not subject to federal income tax. The earnings portion of a Non-Qualified Withdrawal is treated as income to the person who receives it and thus is subject to applicable federal and state and/or local income taxes and potentially an additional 10% federal tax.

The additional 10% federal tax does not apply to:

- A Qualified Withdrawal;
- A withdrawal made to a beneficiary of an estate (or to the estate of the Beneficiary) on or after the death of the Beneficiary;
- A withdrawal attributable to the long-continued or permanent disability of the Beneficiary; or
- A withdrawal by reason of the receipt of a nontaxable scholarship, allowance, or similar payment (including a payment under the GI Bill or an appointment to a U.S. military service academy) by the Beneficiary (to the extent the amount withdrawn does not exceed the amount of the scholarship, allowance or similar payment);
- A distribution for Qualified Education Expenses that are taken into account by a Beneficiary (or a person who can claim the Beneficiary as a dependent) in qualifying for an American Opportunity Credit or Lifetime Learning Credit; or
- A Qualified Rollover.

The proportion of contributions and earnings for each withdrawal is determined by the IAdvisor 529 Plan based on the relative portions of the Account from which the withdrawal was made representing earnings and contributions as of the withdrawal date.

Taxation of Rollovers

An Account Owner may receive all or part of the money in a 529 plan account without adverse federal income tax consequences if, within 60 days of the withdrawal from the distributing account, the money is transferred: (1) to another qualified tuition program for the benefit of the same Beneficiary, provided that it has been at least 12 months from the date of a previous transfer to a qualified tuition program for that Beneficiary; (2) to the credit of another designated beneficiary under a qualified tuition program who is a Member of the Family of the Beneficiary of the Account with respect to which the distribution was made; or (3) to an ABLE Account for the same Beneficiary or a Member of the Family, subject to applicable ABLE contribution limits.

Taxation of transfers

An individual generally may transfer into a 529 plan account, without adverse federal income tax consequences, all or part of:

- Money from an education savings account for the same Beneficiary, described in Section 530 of the Code.
- Proceeds from the redemption of a qualified U.S. Savings Bond, described in Section 135 of the Code.

Please consult your tax advisor.

Federal gift and estate tax issues

Contributions (including certain Qualified Rollover contributions) to a 529 Plan account generally are considered completed gifts to the Beneficiary and are eligible for the applicable annual exclusion from federal gift and generation-skipping transfer taxes. For the current contribution amounts exempt from federal gift tax and the current gift tax rate, please refer to the "Program Summary."

Except in the situations described in this paragraph, if the Account Owner were to die while assets remained in a 529 plan account, the value of the Account would not be included in the Account Owner's estate. In cases where contributions to a 529 plan account exceed the applicable annual exclusion amount for a single Beneficiary, the contributions may be subject to federal gift tax and, possibly, the generation-skipping transfer tax in the year of contribution. However, in these cases, a contributor may elect to apply the contribution against the annual exclusion equally over a five-year period. This option is applicable only for contributions up to five times the available annual exclusion amount in the year of the contribution. Once this election is made, if the contributor makes any additional gifts to the same Beneficiary in the same or the next four years, such gifts may be subject to federal gift or generation-skipping transfer taxes in the calendar year of the gift. However, any excess gifts may be applied against the contributor's federal lifetime gift-tax exclusion.

In addition, to the extent not previously used in prior years, each Account Owner has a federal lifetime exemption that may be applied to gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts referred to above or an individual's gross estate. For the current lifetime exemption, please refer to the "Program Summary." While federal gift tax returns are required for gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts referred to in the Program Summary (including gifts that the Account Owner elects to treat as having been made ratably over a five-year period), no federal gift tax will be due until the federal lifetime exemption has been used.

If the Account Owner chooses to use the five-year forward election and dies before the end of the five-year period, the portion of the contribution allocable to the years remaining in the five-year period (beginning with the year after the Account Owner's death) would be included in the Account Owner's estate for federal estate-tax purposes. If the Beneficiary of a 529 plan account is changed or amounts in an Account are rolled over to a new Beneficiary of the same generation as the former Beneficiary (or an older generation), a federal gift or generation-skipping transfer tax will not apply. If the new Beneficiary is of a younger generation than the former Beneficiary, there may be a taxable gift to the extent of the amount transferred. Federal generation-skipping transfer taxes may apply if the new Beneficiary is in a younger generation than the original Beneficiary. The five-year rule explained above may be applicable here. In certain circumstances, the gross estate of a Beneficiary may include the value of the 529 plan account. Please consult with your tax advisor for further information.

Federal estate, gift, and generation-skipping tax issues arising in conjunction with 529 plans can be quite complicated. You should consult your tax advisor if you have any questions about these issues.

Iowa state tax considerations

The following discussion applies only with respect to Iowa taxes. Iowa tax benefits offered in connection with the IAdvisor 529 Plan are available only to Iowa taxpayers. You should consult with a qualified tax advisor regarding the application of Iowa tax benefits to your particular circumstances. Any references to specific dollar amounts in this section are current only as of the date of this Program Description; you should consult with a qualified tax advisor to learn if the amounts have been updated.

Contributions

Account Owners who are Iowa taxpayers may be entitled to deduct from their Iowa taxable incomes a maximum annual amount of their contributions (adjusted annually for inflation) per Beneficiary. For the current maximum annual contribution deduction, please refer to the "Program Summary." A rollover from a qualified tuition program of another state to an Account will be treated as a contribution eligible for the Iowa income tax deduction. Contributions to an Account by an Account Owner (or others) do not result in Iowa taxable income to the Beneficiary.

In general, a taxpayer is permitted a contribution deduction from Iowa taxable income for a contribution to an Account during the tax year. An Iowa taxpayer may elect to treat contributions made on or before the deadline (excluding extensions) for filing an Iowa individual income tax return as having been made in the preceding year in order to claim the allowable annual deduction for such preceding year.

The Iowa income tax deduction is available only to Account Owners and not to others who make contributions to the Account. Therefore, it is recommended that each Iowa contributor establish a separate Account if he or she wishes to take advantage of the state tax deduction.

Earnings

Earnings from the investment of contributions to an Account will not be included in the Iowa taxable income of the Account Owner or Beneficiary either while in the Account or upon withdrawal.

Recapture

Contributions to an Account that were previously deducted by an Account Owner for Iowa income tax purposes must be included in Iowa taxable income when distributed, unless, and to the extent, they are used to pay for Qualified Education Expenses. For Iowa income tax purposes, a rollover to a non-Iowa 529 plan (or a non-Iowa ABLE Plan) will be treated as a Non-Qualified Withdrawal and taxed as income to the extent

previously deducted as a contribution to the IAdvisor 529 Plan. For Iowa income tax purposes, a withdrawal for payment of tuition at a K-12 school which is not accredited under Iowa Code Section 256.11 or does not adhere to the provisions of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Iowa Code Chapter 216 will be treated as a Non-Qualified Withdrawal and taxed as income to the extent previously deducted as a contribution to the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Taxes Imposed by Other Jurisdictions

Prospective Account Owners should consider the potential impact of income taxes imposed by jurisdictions other than the State. It is possible that other state or local taxes apply to withdrawals from and/or accumulated earnings within IAdvisor 529 Plan, depending on the residency or domicile, or sources of taxable income of the Account Owner or the Beneficiary. Account Owners and Beneficiaries should consult their tax advisors about the applicability, if at all, of state or local taxes of other jurisdictions.

Coordination with other education expense benefit programs

The tax benefits afforded the IAdvisor 529 Plan and other 529 plans must be coordinated with other programs designed to provide tax benefits for meeting education expenses, in order to avoid the duplication of such benefits. The coordinated programs include education savings accounts under Section 530 of the Code, the American Opportunity Tax Credit, and Lifetime Learning Credit under Section 25A of the Code.

Education savings accounts

You may contribute money to, or withdraw money from, both a 529 plan account and an education savings account in the same year. However, to the extent the total withdrawals from both programs exceed the amount of the Beneficiary's Qualified Education Expenses, the Beneficiary must allocate his or her Qualified Education Expenses between both such withdrawals in order to determine how much may be treated as qualified withdrawals under each program.

American Opportunity Tax Credit and Lifetime Learning Credit

The use of an American Opportunity Tax Credit or Lifetime Learning Credit by a qualifying Account Owner and Beneficiary will not affect participation in or receipt of benefits from a 529 plan, so long as any withdrawal from your 529 account is not used for the same expenses for which the credit is claimed. For example, you may claim an American Opportunity Tax Credit credit to pay for tuition, and request a distribution from your IAdvisor 529 Plan Account for room and board expenses. The American Opportunity Tax Credit replaces the previous Hope Scholarship Tax Credit.

IAVISOR 529 PLAN RISKS AND CONSIDERATIONS

Investing in the IAdvisor 529 Plan involves certain risks, including the possibility that you may lose money over short or even long periods. In addition to the investment risks of the Options, there are certain risks related to the IAdvisor 529 Plan generally. These risks are described below. The information should not be construed as legal, financial, or tax advice. A prospective Account Owner should consult an attorney or financial or tax advisor with any legal, business, or tax questions he or she may have.

No guarantee of income or principal

Contributions are subject to standard investment risks including, but not limited to, market and interest rate risks. The value of an Account may increase or decrease over time based on the performance of an Option. This may result in the value of the Account being more or less than amounts contributed. None of the Program Manager, the Underlying Funds, the Trustee, the State, or any instrumentality thereof, makes any guarantee of, nor has any legal obligations to ensure, the ultimate payout of any amount, including a return of contributions made to an Account. In addition, no level of investment return is guaranteed by the Program Manager, the Underlying Funds, the Trustee, the State or any instrumentality thereof. The IAdvisor 529 Plan is NOT backed by the full faith and credit of the State or any other governmental entity.

Limited investment direction

In general, an Account Owner, contributor, or Beneficiary is limited in directing the investment of an Account other than the initial Option selection. Once an Option selection has been made, federal law limits investment changes for existing balances to twice per calendar year and at any time of a change in the Beneficiary of the Account to a Member of the Family of the current Beneficiary. You may change the allocation of future contributions at any time. The ongoing management of the Trust is the responsibility of the Trustee. The Trustee has control over the Options and reserves the right to change them at its discretion. This reservation of right includes, but is not limited to, the ability to change the Options' investment allocations, close Options to Accounts and/or additional contributions, and add new Options. Any such action affecting an Option may result in an Account being reinvested in an Option different from the Option selected by an Account Owner.

Allocation methodology risk

An Account in an Age-Based Option is subject to the risk that the allocation methodology will not meet an investor's goals. The allocation methodology will not eliminate the market volatility, which could reduce the amount of funds available when the Account Owner intends to begin to withdraw a portion or all of the Account Owner's investment in the Option. This risk is greater for an Account Owner who begins to withdraw a portion or all of the Account Owner's investment in the Option, in or around the Beneficiary's date of enrollment. Accordingly, Account Owners should periodically assess, and if appropriate, adjust their investment choices with their investment time horizons, risk tolerances, and investment objectives in mind.

Illiquidity

The circumstances in which Account assets may be withdrawn without a penalty or adverse tax consequences are limited. This reduces the liquidity of an investment in an Account.

Potential program adjustments

The Trustee may, during the life of the IAdvisor 529 Plan, make changes to the IAdvisor 529 Plan, such as adding, closing, or consolidating Options. No consent or approval from Account Owners is required in connection with such changes. Account Owners who have established Accounts prior to the time a change is made available may be prohibited from participating in such changes, unless they open new Accounts. In addition, the Trustee may, at any time, change an Option's investment policy by, but not limited to, changing its investment objective, modifying the target investment allocation, or changing its underlying investments. Any such change could negatively impact performance of the affected Option. There is no assurance that the investment policy for an Option will remain in effect for the duration of your investment.

The Program Manager may not continue to provide management, administration, distribution, recordkeeping, and certain administrative services to the IAdvisor 529 Plan for the entire period an Account is open. The Program Manager's agreement to provide these services is set to expire on March 1, 2020. The agreement may be terminated sooner or extended longer under certain circumstances. The Trustee may hire new or additional IAdvisor 529 Plan managers in the future to manage all or part of the IAdvisor 529 Plan's assets. The Options and the Underlying Funds may be changed. There is no assurance that the IAdvisor 529 Plan fees and charges or the other terms and conditions of the Participation Agreement will continue without material change.

Status of federal and state law and regulations governing the program

Federal and state law and regulations governing the administration of 529 programs could change in the future. In addition, federal and state laws regarding the funding of education expenses, treatment of financial aid, and tax matters also could change in the future. It is unknown what effect these kinds of changes could have on an Account. You should also consider the potential impact of any other state laws applicable to your Account.

No indemnification

The Program Manager and its affiliates; the Underlying Funds; the Trustee; the Trust; and the State or any instrumentality thereof do not indemnify any Account holder or Beneficiary against losses or other claims arising from the official or unofficial acts, negligent or otherwise, of the Program Manager and its affiliates, the Trustee, the Trust, or State employees.

No guarantee of admittance

Participation in the IAdvisor 529 Plan does not guarantee or otherwise provide a commitment that the Beneficiary will be admitted to or allowed to continue to attend or receive a degree from any educational institution. Participation in the IAdvisor 529 Plan does not guarantee that a Beneficiary will be treated as a state resident of any state for tuition or any other purpose.

No guarantee investments will cover education expenses

There is no guarantee that the future Account value will be sufficient to cover Qualified Education Expenses at the time of withdrawal.

Suitability

The Trustee, the Program Manager, the Underlying Funds, the Trust, and the State and instrumentalities thereof, except as required by law, make no representations regarding the appropriateness of the IAdvisor 529 Plan as an investment. Other types of investments may be more appropriate depending upon an Account Owner's investment objectives, financial status, tax situation, risk tolerance, or age. There are programs and investment options other than the IAdvisor 529 Plan available as education investment alternatives. They may entail tax and other fee or expense consequences and features different from the IAdvisor 529 Plan, including, for example, different investments and different levels of account owner control. Anyone considering contributions in the IAdvisor 529 Plan may wish to consider these alternatives and/or consult a tax or financial intermediary to seek advice concerning the appropriateness of this investment prior to opening an Account.

Education savings and investment alternatives

In addition to the programs offered by the Trust, specifically the IAdvisor 529 Plan and the College Savings Iowa 529 Plan, there are many other qualified tuition programs, including programs designed to provide prepaid college tuition and certain other education expenses, as well as other education savings and investment alternatives. These alternative programs may offer different investment vehicles, and may result in different tax and other consequences. They may have different eligibility requirements and other features, as well as fees and expenses that may be more or less than those charged by the IAdvisor 529 Plan. You should consider alternative programs before establishing an Account in the IAdvisor 529 Plan.

Eligibility for financial aid

Federal financial aid. As with other investment accounts, the value of Account assets may be taken into account in a student's federal financial aid determinations. If the Account Owner is the student's parent, the Account balance may be treated as a parental asset. As a general matter, a smaller percentage of such parental assets (under current law, a maximum of 5.64%) than of student assets (under current law, 20%) is deemed available in each year to the student, and accordingly parental assets generally have a lesser impact than student assets for purposes of determining federal financial aid eligibility. In cases where the Account Owner is a dependent student (whether through an UGMA/UTMA custodian or directly), the available balance is treated as a parental asset, and accordingly a maximum of 5.64% of such Account assets will be deemed available to the student in each year for federal financial aid purposes. In cases where the Account Owner is an independent student, the available balance is treated as a student asset, and accordingly 20% of the Account assets are deemed available to the student in each year for federal financial aid purposes. Assets in an Account not owned by a parent or student generally are not considered in the student's need analysis for federal financial aid purposes.

School-based financial aid. Some educational institutions have indicated that they will consider the balances in a qualified tuition plan savings account when determining eligibility for financial aid provided by such institutions. You should consult your financial aid advisor for more information.

Iowa State funded financial aid. For Iowa residents, Accounts are not considered when determining eligibility for state financial aid programs in Iowa. If you are not an Iowa resident, check with your state for more information.

Medicaid and other federal and Iowa state benefits

The effect of an Account on eligibility for Medicaid or other state and federal benefits is uncertain. It is possible that an Account will be viewed as a "countable resource" in determining an individual's financial eligibility for Medicaid. Withdrawals from an Account during certain periods also may have the effect of delaying the disbursement of Medicaid payments. You should consult a qualified advisor to determine how a 529 plan account may affect eligibility for Medicaid or other state and federal benefits.

Creditor protection

The Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005 expressly excludes from an individual debtor's bankruptcy estate (and, therefore, will not be available for distribution to such individual's creditors), certain assets that have been contributed to a 529 plan account. However, bankruptcy protection for 529 plan assets is limited and has certain conditions. To be protected, the Beneficiary must be a child, stepchild, grandchild, or step-grandchild of the individual who files for bankruptcy protection. In addition, contributions made to all 529 plan

accounts for the same Beneficiary (meaning that your Account for a Beneficiary would be aggregated with any other account you have for the same Beneficiary in a 529 plan in another state) are protected as follows: (1) there is no protection for any assets that are contributed less than 365 days before the bankruptcy filing; (2) assets are protected in an amount up to \$5,850 if they have been contributed between 365 and 720 days before the bankruptcy filing; and (3) assets are fully protected if they have been contributed more than 720 days before the bankruptcy filing. This information is not meant to be individual advice, and you should consult with a qualified advisor concerning your individual circumstances and the applicability of Iowa law.

OTHER INFORMATION

Investment policies

The Program Manager shall ensure that the investment of any contributions to the IAdvisor 529 Plan shall be made in the appropriate Option selected by the Account Owner within the same business day as received and accepted by the IAdvisor 529 Plan, in good form, prior to the close of the NYSE, normally 4 p.m., Eastern Time, and on the next succeeding business day if the contribution is received and accepted by the IAdvisor 529 Plan after the close of the NYSE. Excess contributions will not be invested. See "Excess contributions" for details.

Contributions to an Option will be invested at the unit value of the Option next determined after receipt and acceptance of the contribution by the IAdvisor 529 Plan, which is based on the NAV of the Option. The NAV of each Option is normally calculated as of the close of business of the NYSE. If securities held by an underlying mutual fund are traded in other markets on days when the NYSE is closed, an Option's value may fluctuate on days when Account Owners do not have access to the Option to purchase, make withdrawals, or change Options. An Option's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the Option's net assets by the number of outstanding units on a given date.

Statements and reporting

Confirmation statements will be mailed for any activity in the Account, except generally for AIP and direct deposits from payroll transactions. All Account Owners will generally receive quarterly Account statements that indicate the contributions made during that time period, cumulative contributions to the Account, disbursements made from the Account during that time period, and the total value of the Account at the end of that time period. Account Owners may not receive a quarterly Account statement if there is no Account activity, but all Account Owners will receive an annual summary of all Account activity for the calendar year.

Electronic delivery of program documents

You may elect to receive your Account statements, transaction confirmations, Program Descriptions, and other documents electronically. If you make this election, you will be notified by email when the most recent documents or statements are available for viewing and downloading at www.iowaadvisor529.com. For security reasons, online access to Account statements and transaction confirmations will require the establishment of a login ID and password prior to viewing.

To receive documents electronically, you must have an email account and an Internet browser that meets the requirements described in the Privacy and Security section of the IAdvisor 529 Plan's website at www.iowaadvisor529.com. The email address provided in your Account Application will be used to send email notifications to you. You may change your electronic delivery preferences or revoke your election to receive documents electronically at any time by logging in to your Account online at www.iowaadvisor529.com, or by calling 1-800-774-5127.

Householding

A single copy of a Program Description may be sent to Account Owners of the same household. If your household currently receives a single copy of a Program Description and you would prefer to receive multiple copies, please contact your financial intermediary, or call the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127.

Continuing disclosure

Because units in the Options are considered municipal fund securities, the Distributor is required under Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, to reasonably determine that the Trust has undertaken, in a written agreement for the benefit of Account Owners, to annually file certain financial information and operating data about the IAdvisor 529 Plan as well as notices of the occurrence of certain events with the MSRB, such as: any adverse tax opinion or other material events affecting the tax status of Accounts; material modifications to your rights as an Account Owner; or the bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Trust. You may access such financial information, operating data, and notices at emma.msrb.org.

Arbitration

Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this IAdvisor 529 Plan or the Participation Agreement, or the breach, termination or validity of this IAdvisor 529 Plan or the Participation Agreement, shall be settled by arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association (the "AAA") in accordance with its Commercial Arbitration Rules (except that if the Distributor is a party to the arbitration, it may elect that arbitration will instead be subject to its Code of Arbitration Procedure of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority) which are made part of this Agreement, and judgment on the award rendered by the arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

APPENDIX A: INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The following Options are offered through the IAdvisor 529 Plan:

Age-Based Options	Single Fund Options
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Voya Government Money Market Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Voya Intermediate Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Voya International Index Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Voya Large Cap Growth Option
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Voya Large Cap Value Option
	Voya MidCap Opportunities Option
Static Allocation Options	Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Voya Short Term Bond Option
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Voya Small Company Option
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Voya U.S. Stock Index Option
	VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option

The table below includes a description of each Option's investment strategy and principal investment risks. Each Option's principal investment risks correspond to the principal investment risks of each Underlying Fund in which the Option seeks to invest at least 5% of its net assets. As such, you should understand that an Option may be subject to additional investment risks. Additional detail about the principal investment risks listed below may be found in "Appendix C: Risks Applicable to the Investment Options."

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 85% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 15% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Age-Based Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 25% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 75% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalent, Company, Credit, Deflation, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Growth Investing, Inflation-Indexed Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Designed for Account Owners who are saving for the college education of the Beneficiary and may not be appropriate for K-12 time horizons. Invests primarily in conservative investments seeking protection of principal. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 5% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 95% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalent, Credit, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities
Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Invests primarily in aggressive investments, seeking capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 95% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 5% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investments, Growth Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Other Investment Companies, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments and seeks both capital appreciation and income with an emphasis on growth. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 83% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 17% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Foreign Investments, Growth Investing, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Invests in a combination of conservative and aggressive investments, seeking a balance of protection of principal and capital appreciation. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 65% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 35% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments, High-Yield Securities, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mid-Capitalization Companies, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Static Allocation Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Seeks current income while preserving capital and liquidity. Under normal circumstances the Option will allocate 45% of its assets to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in equity securities and 55% to Underlying Funds that primarily invest in fixed-income securities.	Asset Allocation, Cash/Cash Equivalents, Company, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Dividend, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investments, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage-and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities, Value Investing

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Government Money Market Option	Through its investments in Voya Government Money Market Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to provide investors with a high level of current income consistent with the preservation of capital and liquidity. The portfolio invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in government securities, cash and repurchase agreements collateralized fully by government securities or cash. For purposes of this policy, "government securities" mean any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing. In addition, under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in government securities and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by government securities. The portfolio invests in a portfolio of securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) that will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The portfolio may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis. The securities purchased by the portfolio are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, and other rules adopted by the SEC. Portfolio investments of the portfolio are valued based on the amortized cost valuation method pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may maintain a rating from one or more rating agencies that provide ratings on money market funds. There can be no assurance that the portfolio will maintain any particular rating or maintain it with a particular rating agency. To maintain a rating, the sub-adviser may manage the portfolio more conservatively than if it was not rated. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies that are money market funds to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. You could lose money by investing in the portfolio. Although the portfolio seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the portfolio is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The portfolio's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the portfolio, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the portfolio at any time.	Cash/Cash Equivalents, Credit, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Money Market Regulatory, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Repurchase Agreements, U.S. Government Securities, When Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Intermediate Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks to maximize total return through income and capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a portfolio of bonds, including but not limited to corporate, government and mortgage bonds, which, at the time of purchase, are rated investment-grade (for example, rated at least BBB- by S&P Global Ratings or Baa3 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) or have an equivalent rating by a NRSRO, or are of comparable quality if unrated. Although the fund may invest a portion of its assets in high-yield (high risk) debt instruments, commonly referred to as "junk bonds," rated below investment-grade, the fund will seek to maintain a minimum weighted average portfolio quality rating of at least investment-grade. Generally, the sub-adviser maintains a dollar-weighted average duration between three and ten years. The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; high quality money market instruments; municipal bonds; debt instruments of foreign issuers (including those located in emerging market countries); securities denominated in foreign currencies; foreign currencies; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; bank loans and floating rate secured loans ("Senior Loans"); and derivatives including futures, options, and swaps (including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps and total return swaps) involving securities, securities indices and interest rates, which may be denominated in the U.S. dollar or foreign currencies. The fund typically uses derivatives to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may seek to obtain exposure to the securities in which it invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or through other investment techniques such as buy backs and dollar rolls. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Bank Instruments, Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Floating Rate Loans, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest in Loans, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya International Index Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya International Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of a widely accepted international index ("Index"). The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies which are, at the time of purchase, included in the Index; convertible securities that are convertible into stocks included in the Index; other derivatives whose economic returns are, by design, closely equivalent to the returns of the Index or its components; and exchange-traded funds that track the index. Under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests all, or substantially all of its assets in these securities. The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a "passive management" approach designed to track the performance of the Index (currently, the MSCI EAFE® Index). The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio's cash position as well as forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge currency risk. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Derivatives, Focused Investing, Foreign Investing, Index Strategy, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Large-Cap Growth Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of large-capitalization companies. For this fund, the sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations which fall within the range of companies in the Russell 1000® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in foreign securities. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, index futures and options to hedge against market risk or to enhance returns. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 30% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Large Cap Value Option	Through its investments in Voya Large Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital and current income. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of dividend-paying, large-capitalization issuers. The sub-adviser defines large-capitalization companies as companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell 1000® Value Index at the time of purchase. Equity securities include common and preferred stocks, warrants, and convertible securities. The fund may invest in foreign securities, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may also invest up to 20% of its assets in small- and mid-capitalization companies. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Convertible Securities, Credit, Currency, Dividend, Foreign Investing, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	Through its investments in Voya MidCap Opportunities Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-sized U.S. companies. The sub-adviser defines mid-sized companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the range of companies in the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. The fund may also invest in derivative instruments including futures or index futures that have a similar profile to the benchmark of the fund. The fund typically uses derivatives for the purpose of maintaining equity market exposure on its cash balance. The fund may also invest in foreign securities. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Fund (sub-advised by Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited; Lazard Asset Management LLC; Polaris Capital Management, LLC; and Wellington Management Company LLP), the Option seeks long-term growth of capital. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities. The fund invests at least 65% of its assets in equity securities of companies organized under the laws of, or with principal offices located in, a number of different countries outside of the United States, including companies in countries in emerging markets. The fund does not seek to focus its investments in a particular industry or country. The fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization. The equity securities in which the fund may invest include, but are not limited to, common stocks, preferred stocks, depositary receipts, rights and warrants to buy common stocks, privately placed securities, and IPOs. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including options, futures, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund typically uses derivatives to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying assets, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund invests its assets in foreign investments which are denominated in U.S. dollars, major reserve currencies and currencies of other countries and can be affected by fluctuations in exchange rates. To attempt to protect against adverse changes in currency exchange rates, the fund may, but will not necessarily use special techniques such as forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.	Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Initial Public Offerings, Investing through Stock Connect, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value investing

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Fund (sub-advised by Hahn Capital Management, LLC; LSV Asset Management; and Wellington Management Company LLP), the Option seeks long-term capital appreciation. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of mid-capitalization companies. The sub-advisers define mid-capitalization companies as those companies with market capitalizations that fall within the collective range of companies within the Russell Midcap® Index and the S&P MidCap 400® Index at the time of purchase. The fund focuses on securities that the sub-advisers believe are undervalued in the marketplace. The fund expects to invest primarily in securities of U.S.-based companies, but may also invest in securities of non-U.S. companies, including companies located in countries with emerging securities markets. The fund may invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivatives, including futures, as a substitute for securities in which the fund can invest, for cash management, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Mid-Capitalization Company, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Value Investing</p>
Voya Short Term Bond Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Short Term Bond Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks maximum total return. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in a diversified portfolio of bonds or derivative instruments having economic characteristics similar to bonds. The average dollar-weighted maturity of the fund will not exceed 3 years. Because of the fund's holdings in asset-backed, mortgage-backed, and similar securities, the fund's average dollar-weighted maturity is equivalent to the average weighted maturity of the cash flows in the securities held by the fund given certain prepayment assumptions (also known as weighted average life). The fund invests in non-government issued debt securities, issued by companies of all sizes, rated investment-grade, but may also invest up to 10% of its total assets in high yield securities, (commonly referred to as "junk bonds"). The fund may also invest in: preferred stocks; U.S. government securities, securities of foreign governments, and supranational organizations; mortgage-backed and asset-backed debt securities; municipal bonds, notes, and commercial paper; and debt securities of foreign issuers. The fund may engage in dollar roll transactions and swap agreements, including credit default swaps, interest rate swaps, and total return swaps. The fund may use options, options on swap agreements and futures contracts involving securities, securities indices and interest rates to hedge against market risk, to enhance returns, and as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset. In addition, private placements of debt securities (which are often restricted securities) are eligible for purchase along with other illiquid securities. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Credit, Credit Default Swaps, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Interest Rate, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Market Capitalization, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Obligations, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>
Voya Small Company Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya Small Company Fund (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks growth of capital primarily through investment in a diversified portfolio of common stock of companies with smaller market capitalizations. The fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of small-capitalization companies. The sub-adviser defines small-capitalization companies as those companies included in the S&P SmallCap 600® Index or the Russell 2000® Index at the time of purchase, or if not included in either index, have a market capitalization that falls within the range of the market capitalizations of companies included in the S&P SmallCap 600® Index or the Russell 2000® Index. The fund may also invest in real estate-related securities, including real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in derivative instruments including, but not limited to, put and call options. The fund typically uses derivative instruments to seek to reduce exposure to other risks, such as currency risk, to substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset, and/or to seek to enhance returns in the fund. The fund may invest, to a limited extent, in foreign stocks. The fund may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The fund may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Currency, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, Growth Investing, Investment Model, Liquidity, Market, Other Investment Companies, Real Estate, Securities Lending, Small-Capitalization Company, Value Investing</p>

Single Fund Options	Investment Strategies	Principal Investment Risks
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	<p>Through its investments in Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio (sub-advised by Voya Investment Management Co. LLC), the Option seeks total return. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of companies included in the S&P 500® Index (“Index”) or equity securities of companies that are representative of the index (including derivatives). The portfolio invests principally in common stocks and employs a “passive management” approach designed to track the performance of the Index, which is comprised of stocks of large U.S. companies. The portfolio usually attempts to replicate the performance of the Index by investing all, or substantially all, of its assets in stocks that make up the Index. The portfolio may also invest in stock index futures and other derivatives as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities in the Index and to provide equity exposure to the portfolio’s cash position. In the event that the portfolio’s market value is \$50 million or less, in order to replicate investment in stocks listed on the Index, the sub-adviser may invest the entire amount of the portfolio’s assets in index futures, in exchange-traded funds, or in a combination of index futures and exchange-traded funds, subject to any limitation on the portfolio’s investments in such securities. The portfolio may invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Company, Derivatives, Index Strategy, Market, Liquidity, Market Capitalization, Other Investment Companies, Securities Lending</p>
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option:	<p>Through its investments in VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Portfolio (sub-advised by BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.), the Option seeks to maximize real return, consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management. The portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in inflation-indexed bonds of varying maturities issued by the U.S. and non-U.S. governments, their agencies or instrumentalities, and U.S. and non-U.S. corporations. Inflation-indexed bonds are debt instruments that are structured to provide protection against inflation. For purposes of satisfying the 80% requirement, the portfolio may also invest in derivative instruments that have economic characteristics similar to inflation-indexed bonds. The value of an inflation-indexed bond’s principal or the interest income paid on the bond is adjusted to track changes in an official inflation measure. Inflation-indexed bonds issued by a foreign government are generally adjusted to reflect a comparable inflation index, calculated by the foreign government. “Real return” equals total return less the estimated cost of inflation, which is typically measured by the change in an official inflation measure. The portfolio maintains an average portfolio duration that is within ±20% of the duration of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index. The portfolio may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-investment-grade bonds (high-yield or “junk bonds”) or debt securities of emerging market issuers. The portfolio also may invest up to 20% of its assets in non-dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers, and may invest, without limit, in U.S. dollar denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers. The portfolio may also purchase: U.S. Treasuries and agency securities, commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, investment-grade corporate bonds, and asset-backed securities. Non-investment-grade bonds acquired by the portfolio will generally be in the lower rating categories of the major rating agencies (BB or lower by S&P Global Ratings or Ba or lower by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc.) or will be determined by the management team to be of similar quality. Split rated bonds will be considered to have the higher of the two credit ratings. The portfolio may buy or sell options or futures, or enter into swaps, interest rate, or foreign currency exchange transactions, (collectively, commonly known as “derivatives”). The portfolio typically uses derivatives as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset and/or as part of a strategy designed to reduce exposure to other risks, such as interest rate or currency risk. The portfolio may also use derivatives to enhance returns, in which case their use would involve leveraging risk. The portfolio may seek to obtain market exposure to the securities in which it primarily invests by entering into a series of purchase and sale contracts or by using other investment techniques. The portfolio may also invest in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The portfolio may lend portfolio securities on a short-term or long-term basis, up to 33 1/3% of its total assets.</p>	<p>Credit, Currency, Deflation, Derivatives, Foreign Investing, High-Yield Securities, Inflation-Index Bonds, Interest Rate, Liquidity, Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities, Other Investment Companies, Prepayment and Extension, Securities Lending, Sovereign Debt, U.S. Government Securities</p>

APPENDIX C: RISKS APPLICABLE TO THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

Accounts are subject to a variety of investment risks that will vary depending upon the selected Option(s) and the applicable Underlying Funds. Provided below is a summary of the Underlying Funds' principal investment risks described in "Appendix A: Investment Options." Please note that the information provided below is only a summary of the Underlying Funds' principal investment risks. For more information about the investment risks of the Underlying Funds, please see their respective prospectuses and statements of additional information. You may obtain copies of the Underlying Funds' prospectuses and statements of additional information by calling the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127.

Asset Allocation: Investment performance depends on the manager's skill in allocating assets among Underlying Funds and asset classes based on judgments by the manager. There is a risk that the manager may allocate assets to an Underlying Fund or asset class that underperforms compared to other Underlying Funds or asset classes.

Bank Instruments: Bank instruments include certificates of deposit, fixed time deposits, bankers' acceptances, and other debt and deposit-type obligations issued by banks. Changes in economic, regulatory or political conditions, or other events that affect the banking industry may have an adverse effect on bank instruments or banking institutions that serve as counterparties in transactions with an Underlying Fund.

Borrowing: Borrowing creates leverage, which may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in an Underlying Fund's net asset value causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile than a fund that does not borrow. Borrowing for investment purposes is considered to be speculative and may result in losses to an Underlying Fund.

Cash/Cash Equivalents: Investments in cash or cash equivalents may lower returns and result in potential lost opportunities to participate in market appreciation which could negatively impact an Underlying Fund's performance and ability to achieve its investment objective.

Commodities: Commodity prices can have significant volatility, and exposure to commodities can cause the net asset value of an Underlying Fund's shares to decline or fluctuate in a rapid and unpredictable manner. A liquid secondary market may not exist for certain commodity investments, which may make it difficult for an Underlying Fund to sell them at a desirable price or at the price at which it is carrying them.

Company: The price of a company's stock could decline or underperform for many reasons including, among others, poor management, financial problems, reduced demand for company goods or services, regulatory fines and judgments, or business challenges. If a company declares bankruptcy or becomes insolvent, its stock could become worthless.

Concentration: As a result of an Underlying Fund "concentrating," as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, its assets in securities related to a particular industry or group of industries, an Underlying Fund may be subject to greater market fluctuations than a fund that is more broadly invested across industries. Financial, economic, business, and other developments affecting issuers in a particular industry or group of industries will have a greater effect on an Underlying Fund, and if securities of the particular industry or group of industries as a group fall out of favor, an Underlying Fund could underperform, or its net asset value may be more volatile than, funds that have greater industry diversification.

Convertible Securities: Convertible securities are securities that are convertible into or exercisable for common stocks at a stated price or rate. Convertible securities are subject to the usual risks associated with debt instruments, such as interest rate and credit risk. In addition, because convertible securities react to changes in the value of the stocks into which they convert, they are subject to market risk.

Counterparty: The entity with which an Underlying Fund conducts portfolio-related business (such as trading or securities lending), or that underwrites, distributes or guarantees investments or agreements that an Underlying Fund owns or is otherwise exposed to, may refuse or may become unable to honor its obligations under the terms of a transaction or agreement. As a result, that Underlying Fund may sustain losses and be less likely to achieve its investment objective. These risks may be greater when engaging in over-the-counter transactions or when an Underlying Fund conducts business with a limited number of counterparties.

Credit: The price of a bond or other debt instrument is likely to fall if the issuer's actual or perceived financial health deteriorates, whether because of broad economic or issuer-specific reasons. In certain cases, the issuer could be late in paying interest or principal, or could fail to pay its financial obligations altogether.

Credit Default Swaps: An Underlying Fund may enter into credit default swaps, either as a buyer or a seller of the swap. A buyer of a swap pays a fee to buy protection against the risk that a security will default. If no default occurs, an Underlying Fund will have paid the fee, but typically will recover nothing under the swap. A seller of a swap receives payment(s) in return for an obligation to pay the counterparty the full notional value of a security in the event of a default of the security issuer. As a seller of a swap, an Underlying Fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its total net assets, an Underlying Fund would be subject to investment exposure on the full notional value of the swap. Credit default swaps are particularly subject to counterparty, credit, valuation, liquidity and leveraging risks and the risk that the swap may not correlate with its underlying asset as expected. Certain standardized swaps are subject to mandatory central clearing. Central clearing is expected to reduce counterparty credit risk and increase liquidity; however, there is no assurance that central clearing will achieve that result, and in the meantime, central clearing and related requirements expose an Underlying Fund to new kinds of costs and risks. In addition, credit default swaps expose an Underlying Fund to the risk of improper valuation.

Currency: To the extent that an Underlying Fund invests directly or indirectly in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities denominated in, or that trade in, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies, it is subject to the risk that those foreign (non-U.S.) currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar or, in the case of hedging positions, that the U.S. dollar will decline in value relative to the currency being hedged by an Underlying Fund through foreign currency exchange transactions.

Deflation: Deflation occurs when prices throughout the economy decline over time - the opposite of inflation. When there is deflation, the principal and income of an inflation-protected bond will decline and could result in losses.

Derivatives: Derivative instruments are subject to a number of risks, including the risk of changes in the market price of the underlying securities, credit risk with respect to the counterparty, risk of loss due to changes in market interest rates and liquidity and volatility risk. The amounts required to purchase certain derivatives may be small relative to the magnitude of exposure assumed by an Underlying Fund. Therefore, the purchase of certain derivatives may have an economic leveraging effect on an Underlying Fund and exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value. Derivatives may not perform as expected, so an Underlying Fund may not realize the intended benefits. When used for hedging purposes, the change in value of a derivative may not correlate as expected with the currency, security or other risk being hedged. When used

as an alternative or substitute for direct cash investments, the return provided by the derivative may not provide the same return as direct cash investment. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives expose an Underlying Fund to the risk of improper valuation.

Dividend: Companies that issue dividend yielding equity securities are not required to continue to pay dividends on such securities. Therefore, there is the possibility that such companies could reduce or eliminate the payment of dividends in the future. As a result, an Underlying Fund's ability to execute its investment strategy may be limited.

Duration: One measure of risk for debt instruments is duration. Duration measures the sensitivity of a bond's price to market interest rate movements and is one of the tools used by a portfolio manager in selecting debt instruments. Duration is a measure of the average life of a bond on a present value basis which was developed to incorporate a bond's yield, coupons, final maturity and call features into one measure. As a point of reference, the duration of a non-callable 7% coupon bond with a remaining maturity of 5 years is approximately 4.5 years and the duration of a non-callable 7% coupon bond with a remaining maturity of 10 years is approximately 8 years. Material changes in market interest rates may impact the duration calculation. For example, the price of a bond with an average duration of 4.5 years would be expected to fall approximately 4.5% if market interest rates rose by one percentage point. Conversely, the price of a bond with an average duration of 4.5 years would be expected to rise approximately 4.5% if market interest rates dropped by one percentage point.

Floating Rate Loans: In the event a borrower fails to pay scheduled interest or principal payments on a floating rate loan, an Underlying Fund will experience a reduction in its income and a decline in the market value of such investment. This will likely reduce the amount of dividends paid and may lead to a decline in the net asset value. If a floating rate loan is held by an Underlying Fund through another financial institution, or an Underlying Fund relies upon another financial institution to administer the loan, the receipt of scheduled interest or principal payments may be subject to the credit risk of such financial institution. Investors in floating rate loans may not be afforded the protections of the anti-fraud provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, because loans may not be considered "securities" under such laws. Additionally, the value of collateral, if any, securing a floating rate loan can decline or may be insufficient to meet the issuer's obligations under the loan. Furthermore, such collateral may be difficult to liquidate. No active trading market may exist for many floating rate loans and many floating rate loans are subject to restrictions on resale. Transactions in loans typically settle on a delayed basis and may take longer than 7 days to settle. As a result, an Underlying Fund may not receive the proceeds from a sale of a floating rate loan for a significant period of time, which may affect an Underlying Fund's ability to repay debt, to fund redemptions, to pay dividends, to pay expenses, or to take advantage of new investment opportunities.

Focused Investing: To the extent that an Underlying Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities related to a particular industry, sector, market segment, or geographic area, its investments will be sensitive to developments in that industry, sector, market segment, or geographic area. An Underlying Fund is subject to the risk that changing economic conditions; changing political or regulatory conditions; or natural and other disasters affecting the particular industry, sector, market segment, or geographic area in which an Underlying Fund focuses its investments could have a significant impact on its investment performance and could ultimately cause an Underlying Fund to underperform, or its net asset value to be more volatile than, other funds that invest more broadly.

Foreign Investing: Investing in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may result in an Underlying Fund experiencing more rapid and extreme changes in value than a fund that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies due to: smaller markets; differing reporting, accounting, and auditing standards; nationalization, expropriation, or confiscatory taxation; foreign currency fluctuations, currency blockage, or replacement; potential for default on sovereign debt; or political changes or diplomatic developments, which may include the imposition of economic sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments and supranational organizations. Markets and economies throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, and conditions or events in one market, country or region may adversely impact investments or issuers in another market, country or region. Foreign investment risks may be greater in developing and emerging markets than in developed markets.

Growth Investing: Prices of growth stocks are more sensitive to investor perceptions of the issuing company's growth potential and may fall quickly and significantly if investors suspect that actual growth may be less than expected. There is a risk that funds that invest in growth-oriented stocks may underperform other funds that invest more broadly. Growth stocks tend to be more volatile than value stocks, and may underperform the market as a whole over any given time period.

High-Yield Securities: Lower quality securities (including securities that have fallen below investment-grade and are classified as "junk bonds" or "high yield securities") have greater credit risk and liquidity risk than higher quality (investment-grade) securities, and their issuers' long-term ability to make payments is considered speculative. Prices of lower quality bonds or other debt instruments are also more volatile, are more sensitive to negative news about the economy or the issuer, and have greater liquidity and price volatility risk.

Index Strategy: An Underlying Fund that seeks to track an index's performance and does not use defensive strategies or attempt to reduce its exposure to poor performing securities in an index may underperform the overall market. To the extent an Underlying Fund's investments track its target index, such Underlying Fund may underperform other funds that invest more broadly. The correlation between an Underlying Fund's performance and index performance may be affected by an Underlying Fund's expenses and the timing of purchases and redemptions of an Underlying Fund's shares. In addition, an Underlying Fund's actual holdings might not match the index and an Underlying Fund's effective exposure to index securities at any given time may not precisely correlate.

Inflation-Indexed Bonds: If the index measuring inflation falls, the principal value of inflation-indexed bonds will be adjusted downward, and consequently the interest payable on these securities (calculated with respect to a smaller principal amount) will be reduced. In addition, inflation-indexed bonds are subject to the usual risks associated with debt instruments, such as interest rate and credit risk. Repayment of the original bond principal upon maturity (as adjusted for inflation) is guaranteed in the case of U.S. Treasury inflation-indexed bonds. For bonds that do not provide a similar guarantee, the adjusted principal value of the bond repaid at maturity may be less than the original principal.

Infrastructure Companies: Infrastructure companies are subject to the risks of adverse economic, regulatory, political, legal, demographic, environmental, and other developments affecting the success of project they operate or finance. Infrastructure companies may be adversely affected by, among other things, high interest costs related to capital construction programs, costs associated with environmental and other regulations, difficulty in raising adequate capital on reasonable terms, the effect of economic slowdown, surplus capacity, increased competition, uncertainties concerning the availability of fuel at reasonable prices, and the effects of energy conservation policies, among other factors.

Initial Public Offerings: Investments in initial public offerings ("IPOs") and companies that have recently gone public have the potential to produce substantial gains for an Underlying Fund. However, there is no assurance that an Underlying Fund will have access to profitable IPOs or that the IPOs in which an Underlying Fund invests will rise in value. Furthermore, the value of securities of newly public companies may decline in value shortly after the IPO. When an Underlying Fund's asset base is small, the impact of such investments on an Underlying Fund's return will be

magnified. If an Underlying Fund's assets grow, it is likely that the effect of an Underlying Fund's investment in IPOs on an Underlying Fund's return will decline.

Interest in Loans: The value and the income streams of interests in loans (including participation interests in lease financings and assignments in secured variable or floating rate loans) will decline if borrowers delay payments or fail to pay altogether. A significant rise in market interest rates could increase this risk. Although loans may be fully collateralized when purchased, such collateral may become illiquid or decline in value.

Interest Rate: With bonds and other fixed rate debt instruments, a rise in market interest rates generally causes values to fall; conversely, values generally rise as market interest rates fall. The higher the credit quality of the instrument, and the longer its maturity or duration, the more sensitive it is likely to be to interest rate risk. In the case of inverse securities, the interest rate paid by the securities is a floating rate, which generally will decrease when the market rate of interest to which the inverse security is indexed increases and will increase when the market rate of interest to which the inverse security is indexed decreases. As of the date of this Program Description, market interest rates in the United States are near historic lows, which may increase an Underlying Fund's exposure to risks associated with rising market interest rates. Rising market interest rates could have unpredictable effects on the markets and may expose fixed-income and related markets to heightened volatility. To the extent that an Underlying Fund invests in fixed-income securities, an increase in market interest rates may lead to increased redemptions and increased portfolio turnover, which could reduce liquidity for certain investments, adversely affect values, and increase costs. Increased redemptions may cause an Underlying Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so and may lower returns. If dealer capacity in fixed-income markets is insufficient for market conditions, it may further inhibit liquidity and increase volatility in the fixed-income markets. Further, recent and potential future changes in government policy may affect interest rates

Investing through Stock Connect: Shares in mainland China-based companies that trade on Chinese stock exchanges such as the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange ("China A-Shares") may be purchased directly or indirectly through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect ("Stock Connect"), a mutual market access program designed to, among other things, enable foreign investment in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") via brokers in Hong Kong. There are significant risks inherent in investing in China A-Shares through Stock Connect. The underdeveloped state of PRC's investment and banking systems subjects the settlement, clearing, and registration of China A-Shares transactions to heightened risks. Stock Connect can only operate when both PRC and Hong Kong markets are open for trading and when banking services are available in both markets on the corresponding settlement days. As such, if either or both markets are closed on a U.S. trading day, an Underlying Fund may not be able to dispose of its China A-Shares in a timely manner, which could adversely affect an Underlying Fund's performance.

Investment Model: A manager's proprietary model may not adequately allow for existing or unforeseen market factors or the interplay between such factors. Underlying Funds that are actively managed, in whole or in part, according to a quantitative investment model can perform differently from the market as a whole based on the investment model and the factors used in the analysis, the weight placed on each factor, and changes from the factors' historical trends. Mistakes in the construction and implementation of the investment models (including, for example, data problems and/or software issues) may create errors or limitations that might go undetected or are discovered only after the errors or limitations have negatively impacted performance. There is no guarantee that the use of these investment models will result in effective investment decisions for an Underlying Fund. Volatility management techniques may not always be successful in reducing volatility, may not protect against market declines, and may limit the Underlying Fund's participation in market gains, negatively impacting performance even during periods when the market is rising. During sudden or significant market rallies, such underperformance may be significant. Moreover, volatility management strategies may increase portfolio transaction costs, which may increase losses or reduce gains. An Underlying Fund's volatility may not be lower than that of the Index during all market cycles due to market factors.

Investment by Other Funds: Various other mutual funds and/or funds-of-funds, including some Voya mutual funds, may be allowed to invest in the Underlying Funds. In some cases, an Underlying Fund may serve as a primary or significant investment vehicle for a fund-of-fund. If investments by these other funds result in large inflows of cash to or outflows of cash from the Underlying Fund, the Underlying Fund could be required to sell securities or invest cash at times, or in ways, that could negatively impact its performance, speed the realization of capital gains, or increase transaction costs. While it is very difficult to predict the overall impact of these transactions over time, there could be adverse effects on portfolio management. These transactions also could increase transaction costs or portfolio turnover or affect the liquidity of the Underlying Fund's portfolio. So long as an Underlying Fund accepts investments by other investment companies, it will not purchase securities of other investment companies, except to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act or under the terms of an exemptive order granted by the SEC. To the extent that one or a few shareholders own a significant portion of the Underlying Fund, the risks described above will be greater.

Issuer Non-Diversification: A "non-diversified" investment company is subject to the risks of focusing investments in a small number of issuers, industries or foreign currencies, including being more susceptible to risks associated with a single economic, political or regulatory occurrence than a more diversified portfolio might be.

Leverage: Certain transactions and investment strategies may give rise to leverage. Such transactions and investment strategies include, but are not limited to: borrowing, dollar rolls, reverse repurchase agreements, loans of portfolio securities, short sales, and the use of when-issued, delayed-delivery or forward-commitment transactions. The use of certain derivatives may also increase leveraging risk and adverse changes in the value or level of the underlying asset, rate, or index may result in a loss substantially greater than the amount paid for the derivative. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value, causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile. The use of leverage may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks. The use of leverage may cause an Underlying Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its obligations or to meet regulatory requirements resulting in increased volatility of returns. Leverage, including borrowing, may cause an Underlying Fund to be more volatile than if an Underlying Fund had not been leveraged.

Liquidity: If a security is illiquid, an Underlying Fund might be unable to sell the security at a time when an Underlying Fund's manager might wish to sell, or at all. Further, the lack of an established secondary market may make it more difficult to value illiquid securities, exposing an Underlying Fund to the risk that the price at which it sells illiquid securities will be less than the price at which they were valued when held by an Underlying Fund. The prices of illiquid securities may be more volatile than more liquid investments. The risks associated with illiquid securities may be greater in times of financial stress. An Underlying Fund could lose money if it cannot sell a security at the time and price that would be most beneficial to an Underlying Fund.

Manager: Each Underlying Fund, except index funds, is subject to manager risk because it is an actively managed investment portfolio. The adviser, the sub-adviser, or each individual portfolio manager will apply investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions,

but there can be no guarantee that these will produce the desired results. The loss of their services could have an adverse impact on the adviser's or sub-adviser's ability to achieve the investment objectives.

Market: Stock prices may be volatile or have reduced liquidity in response to real or perceived impacts of factors including, but not limited to, economic conditions, changes in market interest rates, and political events. Stock markets tend to be cyclical, with periods when stock prices generally rise and periods when stock prices generally decline. Any given stock market segment may remain out of favor with investors for a short or long period of time, and stocks as an asset class may underperform bonds or other asset classes during some periods. Additionally, legislative, regulatory or tax policies or developments in these areas may adversely impact the investment techniques available to a manager, add to costs and impair the ability of an Underlying Fund to achieve its investment objectives.

Market Capitalization: Stocks fall into three broad market capitalization categories - large, mid, and small. Investing primarily in one category carries the risk that, due to current market conditions, that category may be out of favor with investors. If valuations of large-capitalization companies appear to be greatly out of proportion to the valuations of mid- or small-capitalization companies, investors may migrate to the stocks of mid- and small-sized companies causing a fund that invests in these companies to increase in value more rapidly than a fund that invests in larger companies. Investing in mid- and small-capitalization companies may be subject to special risks associated with narrower product lines, more limited financial resources, smaller management groups, more limited publicly available information, and a more limited trading market for their stocks as compared with larger companies. As a result, stocks of mid- and small-capitalization companies may be more volatile and may decline significantly in market downturns.

Master Limited Partnership: Master Limited Partnerships ("MLPs") are limited partnerships in which ownership interests are publicly traded. MLPs often own or own interests in properties or businesses that are related to oil and gas industries, including pipelines. MLP may also invest in other types of investments, including credit-related investments. Investments held by MLPs may be illiquid. Certain MLP units may trade infrequently and in limited volume and may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than securities of larger or more broadly based companies. Investments in MLPs may adversely affect the ability of an Underlying Fund to qualify for special tax treatment as a regulated investment company.

Mid-Capitalization Company: Investments in mid-capitalization companies may involve greater risk than is customarily associated with larger, more established companies due to the greater business risks of a limited operating history, smaller size, limited markets and financial resources, narrow product lines, less management depth, and more reliance on key personnel. Consequently, the securities of mid-capitalization companies may have limited market stability and may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than securities of larger, more established growth companies or the market averages in general.

Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities: Defaults on, or low credit quality or liquidity of the underlying assets of the asset-backed (including mortgage-backed) securities may impair the value of these securities and result in losses. There may be limitations on the enforceability of any security interest or collateral granted with respect to those underlying assets and the value of collateral may not satisfy the obligation upon default. These securities also present a higher degree of prepayment and extension risk and interest rate risk than do other types of debt instruments.

Money Market Regulatory: Changes in government regulations may adversely affect the value of a security held by an Underlying Fund. In addition, the SEC has adopted amendments to money market fund regulation, which permit an Underlying Fund to impose discretionary or default liquidity fees or temporary suspensions of redemption due to declines in an Underlying Fund's weekly liquid assets. As of the date of this Program Description, the Board has elected not to subject an Underlying Fund to such liquidity fees or temporary suspensions of redemptions. These changes may result in reduced yields for money market funds, including an Underlying Fund, which may invest in other money market funds. The SEC or other regulators may adopt additional money market fund reforms, which may impact the structure and operation or performance of an Underlying Fund.

Municipal Obligations: The municipal securities market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities. Among other risks, investments in municipal securities are subject to the risk that the issuer may delay payment, restructure its debt, or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its debt.

Natural Resources/Commodity Securities: The operations and financial performance of companies in natural resources industries may be directly affected by commodity prices. This risk is exacerbated for those natural resources companies that own the underlying commodity.

Operational: An Underlying Fund, its service providers, and other market participants increasingly depend on complex information technology and communications systems to conduct business functions. These systems are subject to a number of different threats or risks that could adversely affect an Underlying Fund and its shareholders, despite the efforts of an Underlying Fund and its service providers to adopt technologies, processes, and practices intended to mitigate these risks. Cyber-attacks, disruptions, or failures that affect an Underlying Fund's service providers, counterparties, market participants, or issuers of securities held by an Underlying Fund may adversely affect an Underlying Fund and its shareholders, including by causing losses or impairing the Underlying Fund's operations.

Other Investment Companies – Money Market Funds: A money market fund may only invest in other investment companies that qualify as money market funds under Rule 2a-7 of the 1940 Act. The risk of investing in such money market funds is that such money market funds may not comply with Rule 2a-7. You will pay a proportionate share of the expenses of those other investment companies (including management fees, administration fees, and custodial fees) in addition to the expenses of an Underlying Fund. The investment policies of the other investment companies may not be the same as those of an Underlying Fund; as a result, an investment in the other investment companies may be subject to additional or different risks than those to which an Underlying Fund is typically subject.

Other Investment Companies: The main risk of investing in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), is the risk that the value of the securities underlying an investment company might decrease. Shares of investment companies that are listed on an exchange may trade at a discount or premium from their net asset value. You will pay a proportionate share of the expenses of those other investment companies (including management fees, administration fees, and custodial fees) in addition to the expenses of an Underlying Fund. The investment policies of the other investment companies may not be the same as those of an Underlying Fund; as a result, an investment in the other investment companies may be subject to additional or different risks than those to which an Underlying Fund is typically subject.

Over-the-Counter Investments: Investments purchased over-the-counter ("OTC"), including securities and derivatives, can involve greater risks than securities traded on recognized stock exchanges. OTC securities are generally securities of smaller or newer companies that may have limited product lines and markets compared to larger companies. They also can have less management depth, more reliance on key personnel,

and less access to capital and credit. OTC securities tend to trade less frequently and in lower volume, and as a result have greater liquidity risk. Many of the protections afforded to participants on some organized exchanges, such as the performance guarantee of an exchange clearing house, are not available in connection with OTC derivatives transactions. Additionally, OTC investments are generally purchased either directly from a dealer or in negotiated transactions with the issuer and as such may expose an Underlying Fund to counterparty risk.

Prepayment and Extension: Many types of debt instruments are subject to prepayment and extension risk. Prepayment risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt instrument will pay back the principal earlier than expected. This may occur when interest rates decline. Prepayment may expose an Underlying Fund to a lower rate of return upon reinvestment of principal. Also, if a debt instrument subject to prepayment has been purchased at a premium, the value of the premium would be lost in the event of prepayment. Extension risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt instrument will pay back the principal later than expected. This may occur when interest rates rise. This may negatively affect performance, as the value of the debt instrument decreases when principal payments are made later than expected. Additionally, an Underlying Fund may be prevented from investing proceeds it would have received at a given time at the higher prevailing interest rates.

Real Estate: Investing in real estate companies and REITs may subject an Underlying Fund to risks similar to those associated with the direct ownership of real estate, including losses from casualty or condemnation, changes in local and general economic conditions, supply and demand, market interest rates, zoning laws, regulatory limitations on rents, property taxes, and operating expenses in addition to terrorist attacks, war, or other acts that destroy real property. Investments in REITs are affected by the management skill and creditworthiness of the REIT. An Underlying Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of expenses, including management fees, paid by each REIT in which it invests.

Repurchase Agreements: In the event that the other party to a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligations, an Underlying Fund would generally seek to sell the underlying security serving as collateral for the repurchase agreement. However, the value of collateral may be insufficient to satisfy the counterparty's obligation and/or an Underlying Fund may encounter delay and incur costs before being able to sell the security. Such a delay may involve loss of interest or a decline in price of the security, which could result in a loss. In addition, if an Underlying Fund is characterized by a court as an unsecured creditor, it would be at risk of losing some or all of the principal and interest involved in the transaction.

Restricted Securities: Securities that are not registered for sale to the public under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are referred to as "restricted securities." These securities may be sold in private placement transactions between issuers and their purchasers and may be neither listed on an exchange nor traded in other established markets. Many times these securities are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale. As a result of the absence of a public trading market, the prices of these securities may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to value than publicly traded securities. The price realized from the sale of these securities could be less than the amount originally paid or less than their fair value if they are resold in privately negotiated transactions. In addition, these securities may not be subject to disclosure and other investment protection requirements that are afforded to publicly traded securities. Certain investments may include investment in smaller, less seasoned issuers, which may involve greater risk.

Securities Lending: Securities lending involves two primary risks: "investment risk" and "borrower default risk." When lending securities, an Underlying Fund will receive cash or U.S. government securities as collateral. Investment risk is the risk that an Underlying Fund will lose money from the investment of the cash collateral received from the borrower. Borrower default risk is the risk that an Underlying Fund will lose money due to the failure of a borrower to return a borrowed security. Securities lending may result in leverage. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value, causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile. The use of leverage may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks.

Short Sales: Short sales involve selling a security an Underlying Fund does not own in anticipation that the security's price will decline. When an Underlying Fund sells a security short and the price of that security rises, it creates a loss. Short sales create leverage which may exaggerate any increase or decrease in an Underlying Fund's net asset value causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile than a fund that does not engage in short sales.

Small-Capitalization Company: Investments in small-capitalization companies may involve greater risk than is customarily associated with larger, more established companies due to the greater business risks of a limited operating history, small size, limited markets and financial resources, narrow product lines, less management depth and more reliance on key personnel. The securities of smaller companies are subject to liquidity risk as they are often traded over-the-counter and may not be traded in volume typical on a national securities exchange.

Sovereign Debt: These securities are issued or guaranteed by foreign government entities. Investments in sovereign debt are subject to the risk that a government entity may delay payment, restructure its debt, or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its sovereign debt. Some of these reasons may include cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, political considerations, social changes, the relative size of its debt position to its economy or its failure to put in place economic reforms required by the International Monetary Fund or other multilateral agencies. If a government entity defaults, it may ask for more time in which to pay or for further loans. There is no legal process for collecting sovereign debts that a government does not pay or bankruptcy proceeding by which all or part of sovereign debt that a government entity has not repaid may be collected.

Special Situations: A "special situation" arises when, in a manager's opinion, securities of a particular company will appreciate in value within a reasonable period because of unique circumstances applicable to the company. Special situations investments often involve much greater risk than is inherent in ordinary investments. Investments in special situation companies may not appreciate and an Underlying Fund's performance could suffer if an anticipated development does not occur or does not produce the anticipated result.

U.S. Government Securities: U.S. government securities are obligations of, or guaranteed by, the U.S. government, its agencies or government-sponsored enterprises. U.S. government securities are subject to market and interest rate risk, and may be subject to varying degrees of credit risk. Some U.S. government securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and are guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the U.S. Treasury. These include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury such as U.S. Treasury notes, bills and bonds, as well as indirect obligations including certain securities of the Government National Mortgage Association, the Small Business Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, among others. Other U.S. government securities are not direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, but rather are backed by the ability to borrow directly from the U.S. Treasury, including certain securities of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, and the U.S. Postal Service. Still other agencies and instrumentalities are supported solely by the credit of the agency or instrumentality itself and are neither guaranteed nor insured by the U.S. government and therefore involve greater risk. These include securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal Farm Credit Bank, among others.

Consequently, the investor must look principally to the agency issuing or guaranteeing the obligation for ultimate repayment. No assurance can be given that the U.S. government would provide financial support to such agencies if it is not obligated to do so by law. The impact of greater governmental scrutiny into the operations of certain agencies and government-sponsored enterprises may adversely affect the value of securities issued by these entities. U.S. government securities may be subject to varying degrees of credit risk and all U.S. government securities may be subject to price declines due to changing market interest rates. Securities directly supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government have less credit risk.

Value Investing: Securities that appear to be undervalued may never appreciate to the extent expected. Further, because the prices of value-oriented securities tend to correlate more closely with economic cycles than growth-oriented securities, they generally are more sensitive to changing economic conditions, such as changes in market interest rates, corporate earnings and industrial production. The manager may be wrong in its assessment of a company's value and the securities an Underlying Fund holds may not reach their full values. A particular risk of an Underlying Fund's value approach is that some holdings may not recover and provide the capital growth anticipated or a security judged to be undervalued may actually be appropriately priced. The market may not favor value-oriented securities and may not favor equities at all. During those periods, an Underlying Fund's relative performance may suffer. There is a risk that funds that invest in value-oriented stocks may underperform other funds that invest more broadly.

When Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments: When issued securities, delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security an Underlying Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. These investments may result in leverage. The use of leverage may exaggerate any increase or decrease in the net asset value, causing an Underlying Fund to be more volatile. The use of leverage may increase expenses and increase the impact of an Underlying Fund's other risks. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, an Underlying Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

Zero-Coupon Bonds and Pay-in-Kind Securities: Zero-coupon bonds and pay-in-kind securities may be subject to greater fluctuations in price due to market interest rate changes than conventional interest-bearing securities. An Underlying Fund may have to pay out the imputed income on zero-coupon bonds without receiving the actual cash currency resulting in a loss.

APPENDIX D: INVESTMENT RESULTS

The table below shows the average annual total returns after deducting ongoing fees for each Option as of March 31, 2018. The performance data reflects past performance with and without any applicable sales or redemption charges, but does not reflect the \$25 annual maintenance fee, which is waived in certain circumstances. If these amounts were reflected, returns would be less than those shown. For comparison purposes, the table also shows the returns for a benchmark index that, as of the date of this Program Description, applies to each Option. The indices are not available for investment and the returns for the indices do not reflect sales charges, fees, brokerage commissions, taxes, or other expenses of investing. To obtain up-to-date performance information for any Option, please visit the IAdvisor 529 Plan's website at www.iowaadvisor529.com or contact your financial advisor. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.**

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of March 31, 2018 ^{1,2}												
Option/Index	Class	Without Sales Charges					With Sales Charges					Inception Date
		1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	A	11.39	6.56	8.21	N/A	8.53	6.09	4.86	7.16	N/A	7.50	03/01/2013
	C	10.51	5.82	7.43	N/A	7.75	9.51	5.82	7.43	N/A	7.75	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 0-5 Composite Index		12.16	7.74	9.46	N/A	9.82	12.16	7.74	9.46	N/A	9.82	
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	A	8.83	5.37	6.66	N/A	6.92	3.69	3.67	5.62	N/A	5.90	03/01/2013
	C	8.14	4.63	5.91	N/A	6.16	7.14	4.63	5.91	N/A	6.16	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 6-10 Composite Index		9.71	6.40	7.75	N/A	8.03	9.71	6.40	7.75	N/A	8.03	
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	A	6.38	3.98	4.88	N/A	5.04	1.34	2.31	3.87	N/A	4.04	03/01/2013
	C	5.55	3.24	4.10	N/A	4.28	4.55	3.24	4.10	N/A	4.28	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 11-15 Composite Index		7.05	4.86	5.79	N/A	5.96	7.05	4.86	5.79	N/A	5.96	
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	A	3.65	2.74	3.43	N/A	3.53	-1.24	1.08	2.43	N/A	2.54	03/01/2013
	C	2.86	1.99	2.65	N/A	2.77	1.86	1.99	2.65	N/A	2.77	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 16-17 Composite Index		4.38	3.51	4.12	N/A	4.24	4.38	3.51	4.12	N/A	4.24	
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	A	1.03	1.24	1.47	N/A	1.49	-3.75	-0.40	0.49	N/A	0.52	03/01/2013
	C	0.29	0.49	0.73	N/A	0.74	-0.71	0.49	0.73	N/A	0.74	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Age 18+ Composite Index		1.73	1.81	1.95	N/A	1.96	1.73	1.81	1.95	N/A	1.96	
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	A	12.41	6.91	8.42	N/A	8.74	7.06	5.20	7.37	N/A	7.71	03/01/2013
	C	11.58	6.13	7.62	N/A	7.94	10.58	6.13	7.62	N/A	7.94	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Aggressive Composite Index		13.44	8.15	9.71	N/A	10.07	13.44	8.15	9.71	N/A	10.07	
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	A	11.15	6.11	7.11	N/A	7.37	5.90	4.40	6.07	N/A	6.34	03/01/2013
	C	10.30	5.29	6.31	N/A	6.56	9.30	5.29	6.31	N/A	6.56	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Growth Composite Index		11.98	7.13	8.20	N/A	8.47	11.98	7.13	8.20	N/A	8.47	
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	A	8.69	4.76	5.35	N/A	5.51	3.55	3.07	4.33	N/A	4.50	03/01/2013
	C	7.94	3.99	4.55	N/A	4.72	6.94	3.99	4.55	N/A	4.72	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Moderate Composite Index		9.53	5.67	6.27	N/A	6.44	9.53	5.67	6.27	N/A	6.44	
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	A	5.82	3.48	3.87	N/A	3.97	0.83	1.81	2.87	N/A	2.98	03/01/2013
	C	5.01	2.70	3.08	N/A	3.19	4.01	2.70	3.08	N/A	3.19	03/01/2013
Voya 529 Conservative Composite Index		6.56	4.23	4.56	N/A	4.66	6.56	4.23	4.56	N/A	4.66	
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	A	1.37	1.27	2.04	N/A	2.00	-3.41	-0.36	1.04	N/A	1.03	03/01/2013
	C	0.57	0.54	1.29	N/A	1.25	-0.43	0.54	1.29	N/A	1.25	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index		1.20	1.20	1.82	N/A	1.80	1.20	1.20	1.82	N/A	1.80	
Voya International Index Option	A	14.21	4.80	5.51	N/A	5.71	8.78	3.13	4.48	N/A	4.70	03/01/2013
	C	13.32	4.01	4.70	N/A	4.91	12.32	4.01	4.70	N/A	4.91	03/01/2013
MSCI EAFE® Index		14.80	5.55	6.50	N/A	6.73	14.80	5.55	6.50	N/A	6.73	
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	A	19.32	10.84	13.66	N/A	14.14	13.64	9.05	12.57	N/A	13.05	03/01/2013
	C	18.49	9.99	12.81	N/A	13.28	17.49	9.99	12.81	N/A	13.28	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Growth Index		21.25	12.90	15.53	N/A	16.05	21.25	12.90	15.53	N/A	16.05	
Voya Large Cap Value Option	A	4.97	5.48	8.64	N/A	9.19	0.00	3.79	7.57	N/A	8.14	03/01/2013
	C	4.23	4.61	7.77	N/A	8.34	3.23	4.61	7.77	N/A	8.34	03/01/2013
Russell 1000® Value Index		6.95	7.88	10.78	N/A	11.42	6.95	7.88	10.78	N/A	11.42	
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	A	16.27	8.37	11.27	N/A	11.83	10.73	6.63	10.18	N/A	10.76	03/01/2013
	C	15.42	7.54	10.44	N/A	11.00	14.42	7.54	10.44	N/A	11.00	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Growth Index		19.74	9.17	13.31	N/A	13.91	19.74	9.17	13.31	N/A	13.91	
Voya Government Money Market Option	A	0.30	0.10	0.06	N/A	0.06	0.30	0.10	0.06	N/A	0.06	03/01/2013
	C	0.30	0.10	0.06	N/A	0.06	0.30	0.10	0.06	N/A	0.06	03/01/2013
Citigroup 3 Month Treasury Bill Index		1.07	0.49	0.31	N/A	0.31	1.07	0.49	0.31	N/A	0.31	
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	A	15.77	4.73	N/A	N/A	3.76	10.30	3.03	N/A	N/A	2.56	01/24/2014
	C	14.94	3.95	N/A	N/A	2.98	13.94	3.95	N/A	N/A	2.98	01/24/2014

Average Annual Total Returns (%) as of March 31, 2018 ^{1,2}												
Without Sales Charges							With Sales Charges					
Option/Index	Class	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	1 Yr ^{3,4}	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception	Inception Date
MSCI EAFE® Index		14.80	5.55	N/A	N/A	4.33	14.80	5.55	N/A	N/A	4.33	
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	A	8.22	5.54	10.00	N/A	10.83	3.06	3.84	8.94	N/A	9.77	03/01/2013
	C	7.36	4.67	9.13	N/A	9.95	6.36	4.67	9.13	N/A	9.95	03/01/2013
Russell Midcap® Value Index		6.50	7.23	11.11	N/A	11.88	6.50	7.23	11.11	N/A	11.88	
Voya Short Term Bond Option	A	-0.19	0.23	0.50	N/A	0.47	-4.92	-1.39	-0.48	N/A	-0.49	03/01/2013
	C	-0.90	-0.54	-0.26	N/A	-0.28	-1.90	-0.54	-0.26	N/A	-0.28	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-3 Year Government/Credit Bond Index		0.24	0.66	0.76	N/A	0.75	0.24	0.66	0.76	N/A	0.75	
Voya Small Company Option	A	5.11	7.84	10.93	N/A	11.61	0.11	6.12	9.85	N/A	10.54	03/01/2013
	C	4.34	7.05	10.11	N/A	10.78	3.34	7.05	10.11	N/A	10.78	03/01/2013
Russell 2000® Index		11.79	8.39	11.47	N/A	12.18	11.79	8.39	11.47	N/A	12.18	
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	A	12.91	9.66	12.18	N/A	12.72	7.55	7.91	11.09	N/A	11.64	03/01/2013
	C	12.10	8.87	11.34	N/A	11.88	11.10	8.87	11.34	N/A	11.88	03/01/2013
S&P 500® Index		13.99	10.78	13.31	N/A	13.85	13.99	10.78	13.31	N/A	13.85	
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	A	0.00	-0.11	-1.19	N/A	-1.19	-4.76	-1.71	-2.15	N/A	-2.13	03/01/2013
	C	-0.77	-0.83	-1.92	N/A	-1.92	-1.76	-0.83	-1.92	N/A	-1.92	03/01/2013
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. TIPS Index		0.92	1.30	0.05	N/A	0.05	0.92	1.30	0.05	N/A	0.05	

1. Updated performance information is available online at www.iowaadvisor529.com
2. The performance data shown represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Investment returns and principal value will fluctuate, so that investor's units, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance data cited.
3. Performance results for Class A units reflect a maximum initial sales charge of 4.75% imposed at the time of purchase.
4. Performance results for Class C units reflect a CDSC of 1.00% imposed at the end of year one.

APPENDIX E: TOTAL ESTIMATED ANNUAL FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay when you purchase units in an Option. The Program Manager reserves the right to revise these fee arrangements at its discretion, subject to the approval of the Trustee.

Class A

Option	Annual Asset Based Fees ¹						Additional Investor Expenses	
	Estimated Underlying Investment Expenses	Advisory Fee ²	Program Manager Fee ³	Distribution and Service Fee ⁴	Iowa Admin Fee ³	Total Annual Asset-Based Fees ⁵	Maximum Initial Sales Charge ⁶	Annual Account Maintenance Fee
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	0.74%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.49%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	0.67%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.42%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	0.64%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.39%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	0.57%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.32%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	0.67%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.42%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	0.62%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.37%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	0.56%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.31%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	0.51%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.26%	4.75%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	0.45%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.20%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Government Money Market Option	0.34%	None	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	0.99%	None	\$25
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	0.35%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.10%	4.75%	\$25
Voya International Index Option	0.45%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.20%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	0.66%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.41%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Value Option	0.76%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.51%	4.75%	\$25
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	0.98%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.73%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	0.97%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.72%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	0.84%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.59%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Short Term Bond Option	0.51%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.26%	4.75%	\$25
Voya Small Company Option	1.05%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.80%	4.75%	\$25
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	0.27%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.02%	4.75%	\$25
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	0.53%	0.10%	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	1.28%	4.75%	\$25

Class C

Option	Annual Asset Based Fees ¹						Additional Investor Expenses	
	Estimated Underlying Investment Expenses	Advisory Fee ²	Program Manager Fee ³	Distribution and Service Fee ⁴	Iowa Admin Fee ³	Total Annual Asset-Based Fees ⁵	Maximum Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ⁶	Annual Account Maintenance Fee
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	0.74%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.24%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	0.67%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.17%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	0.64%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.14%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	0.57%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.07%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	0.67%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.17%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	0.62%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.12%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	0.56%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.06%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	0.51%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.01%	1.00%	\$25
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	0.45%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	1.95%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Government Money Market Option	0.34%	None	0.325%	0.25%	0.075%	0.99%	None	\$25
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	0.35%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	1.85%	1.00%	\$25
Voya International Index Option	0.45%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	1.95%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	0.66%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.16%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Large Cap Value Option	0.76%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.26%	1.00%	\$25
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	0.98%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.48%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	0.97%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.47%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	0.84%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.34%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Short Term Bond Option	0.51%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.01%	1.00%	\$25
Voya Small Company Option	1.05%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.55%	1.00%	\$25
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	0.27%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	1.77%	1.00%	\$25
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	0.53%	0.10%	0.325%	1.00%	0.075%	2.03%	1.00%	\$25

1. Expressed as an annual percentage of the average daily net assets of each Option.
2. The percentage charged for the Advisory Fee will decrease to 0.075% whenever assets in the IAdvisor 529 Plan exceed \$200 million and will continue to decrease over time as assets in the Options grow. Whenever assets in the IAdvisor 529 Plan exceed \$500 million, the Advisory Fee will be eliminated.
3. The percentage charged for the Program Manager Fee will decrease and the percentage charged for the Iowa Administration Fee will increase, in corresponding amounts, over time as assets in the Options grow, until assets exceed \$1 billion at which time the total percentage charged for the Program Manager Fee and the Iowa Administration Fee will be 0.375%.
4. Ongoing payments to dealers of the Annual Distribution and Service Fee will generally be made monthly at rates that are based on the average daily net assets held in an Account that designates a dealer of record. Rights to these ongoing payments generally begin in the 13th month following a purchase of Class A units and Class C units. Effective March 1, 2013, the Program Manager has agreed to waive the Annual Distribution and Service Fees for the Voya Government Money Market Option. This waiver may be terminated at any time without prior notice. Class C units automatically convert into Class A units after being owned for a certain period of time. For Class C units purchased prior to March 2013, the Class C units convert into Class A units in April 2019. For Class C units purchased during or after March 2013, the Class C units convert into Class A units after the 73rd month of ownership (i.e., six years and one month). Immediately following conversion, converted Class C units are subject to the fee structure applicable to Class A units. No CDSCs are imposed when Class C units convert to Class A units. Total Annual Asset Based Fees are the estimated total fees assessed against Accounts over the course of a year and do not include sales charges or the Annual Account Maintenance Fee. Please refer to Appendix F: Approximate Cost of a \$10,000 Contribution which shows the approximate cost of contribution in each of the Options over one-, three-, five-, and ten-year periods, including the \$25 Annual Account Maintenance Fee and sales charges.
5. There is no front-end sales charge if you purchase Class A units in an amount of \$1 million or more. For Accounts opened prior to March 1, 2013, the maximum sales charge for Class A units will be 3.75%, and Class A units purchased by such Accounts may qualify for initial sales charge discounts under rights of accumulation. See "Rights of Accumulation." If you purchased Class A units of the Voya Government Money Market Option and did not pay a sales charge, you must pay the applicable sales charge on an exchange into Class A units of another Option.
6. If you sell (redeem) your Class C units within 12 months of purchase, you will pay a CDSC of 1.00% of your purchase price. If you exchange units of an Option that are subject to a CDSC into the Voya Government Money Market Option, which is not subject to a CDSC, the CDSC will continue to apply to your new units at the same CDSC rate that was applicable to your original units. Your new units will continue to age for CDSC purposes from the date that the original units were purchased.

APPENDIX F: APPROXIMATE COST OF A \$10,000 CONTRIBUTION

The following table compares the approximate cost of contribution in the different share classes under the IAdvisor 529 Plan over different periods of time. The examples show estimated costs if you sold (redeemed) your units at the end of the period or continued to hold them. Your actual cost may be higher or lower than the amounts shown. The examples are based on the following assumptions:

- A \$10,000 contribution invested for the time periods shown.
- A 5% annually compounded rate of return on the net amount contributed throughout the period.
- All units are either redeemed at the end of the period shown for Qualified Education Expenses (the tables do not consider the impact of any potential local, state, or federal taxes on the redemption) or held.
- Total annual asset-based fees, including underlying investment and fund expenses, remain the same as those shown in previous fee structure table.
- Expenses for each Option include the entire Annual Account Maintenance Fee of \$25.
- The investor pays the applicable maximum initial sales charge in the current Class A fee structure, and any CDSCs applicable to units invested for the applicable periods in the current Class C fee structures.

Investment Option	Class	Status		Number of Years You Own Your Units			
				1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
IAdvisor 529 Aggressive Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	644	997	1,370	2,399
	Class C	Sold	\$	352	773	1,318	2,439
	Class C	Held	\$	252	773	1,318	2,439
IAdvisor 529 Growth Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	637	976	1,335	2,326
	Class C	Sold	\$	345	752	1,282	2,366
	Class C	Held	\$	245	752	1,282	2,366
IAdvisor 529 Moderate Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	635	968	1,320	2,295
	Class C	Sold	\$	342	743	1,267	2,334
	Class C	Held	\$	242	743	1,267	2,334
IAdvisor 529 Conservative Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	628	947	1,285	2,221
	Class C	Sold	\$	335	721	1,232	2,260
	Class C	Held	\$	235	721	1,232	2,260
IAdvisor 529 Age 0-5 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	637	976	1,335	2,326
	Class C	Sold	\$	345	752	1,282	2,366
	Class C	Held	\$	245	752	1,282	2,366
IAdvisor 529 Age 6-10 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	633	962	1,310	2,274
	Class C	Sold	\$	340	736	1,257	2,313
	Class C	Held	\$	240	736	1,257	2,313
IAdvisor 529 Age 11-15 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	627	944	1,280	2,211
	Class C	Sold	\$	334	718	1,227	2,250
	Class C	Held	\$	234	718	1,227	2,250
IAdvisor 529 Age 16-17 Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	622	929	1,255	2,158
	Class C	Sold	\$	329	703	1,201	2,196
	Class C	Held	\$	229	703	1,201	2,196
IAdvisor 529 Age 18+ Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	616	911	1,224	2,094
	Class C	Sold	\$	323	685	1,171	2,132
	Class C	Held	\$	223	685	1,171	2,132
Voya Intermediate Bond Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	607	882	1,174	1,986
	Class C	Sold	\$	313	655	1,120	2,024
	Class C	Held	\$	213	655	1,120	2,024
Voya International Index Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	616	911	1,224	2,094
	Class C	Sold	\$	323	685	1,171	2,132
	Class C	Held	\$	223	685	1,171	2,132
Voya Large Cap Growth Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	637	973	1,330	2,316
	Class C	Sold	\$	344	749	1,277	2,355
	Class C	Held	\$	244	749	1,277	2,355
Voya Large Cap Value Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	646	1,003	1,380	2,420
	Class C	Sold	\$	354	779	1,328	2,460
	Class C	Held	\$	254	779	1,328	2,460
Voya MidCap Opportunities Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	667	1,067	1,488	2,645
	Class C	Sold	\$	376	845	1,438	2,685
	Class C	Held	\$	276	845	1,438	2,685
Voya Government Money Market Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	596	849	1,118	1,866
	Class C	Sold	\$	226	389	669	1,449
	Class C	Held	\$	126	389	669	1,449
Voya Multi-Manager International Equity Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	666	1,064	1,483	2,635
	Class C	Sold	\$	375	842	1,433	2,675
	Class C	Held	\$	275	842	1,433	2,675
Voya Multi-Manager Mid Cap Value Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	654	1,026	1,419	2,503
	Class C	Sold	\$	362	803	1,368	2,542

Investment Option	Class	Status		Number of Years You Own Your Units			
				1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Voya Short Term Bond Option	Class C	Held	\$	262	803	1,368	2,542
	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	622	929	1,255	2,158
	Class C	Sold	\$	329	703	1,201	2,196
	Class C	Held	\$	229	703	1,201	2,196
Voya Small Company Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	674	1,087	1,523	2,716
	Class C	Sold	\$	383	866	1,472	2,756
	Class C	Held	\$	283	866	1,472	2,756
Voya U.S. Stock Index Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	599	858	1,133	1,899
	Class C	Sold	\$	305	630	1,079	1,937
	Class C	Held	\$	205	630	1,079	1,937
VY® BlackRock Inflation Protected Bond Option	Class A	Sold or Held	\$	624	935	1,265	2,179
	Class C	Sold	\$	331	709	1,212	2,218
	Class C	Held	\$	231	709	1,212	2,218

PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT

This Participation Agreement is entered into between the person ("Participant" or "Account Owner") whose name and signature appear on the attached account application ("Application"), the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust ("Trust"), and the State Treasurer of Iowa, acting as trustee ("Trustee") of the IAdvisor 529 Plan ("Advisor Program"). The Advisor Program was created under Chapter 12D of the Code of Iowa (the "Act") and designated to qualify for treatment as a qualified tuition program within the meaning of Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, or other guidance issued thereunder (collectively, the "Code"). The Advisor Program is administered by the Trustee. Terms used in this Participation Agreement and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings defined in the program description statement of the Advisor Program ("Program Description"), receipt of which is hereby acknowledged by the Participant. By signing the Application, you agree to be bound by the terms of this Participation Agreement, the Program Description and the administrative rules set forth in 781 of the Iowa Administrative Code Chapter 16 (the "Program Regulations") described below and represent that you have completed and agree to the terms of the Application.

By executing an Application, the Trust, the Trustee, and the Participant agree as follows:

1. General information. The Advisor Program was established so that persons may make contributions to accounts ("Accounts") established for the purpose of meeting the Qualified Education Expenses of designated beneficiaries of the Accounts.

2. Establishment of accounts. The Participant requests the Trustee establish one or more Accounts for the sole purpose of funding the Qualified Education Expenses of the beneficiary designated on the Application ("Beneficiary"). Voya Investments Distributor, LLC ("VID") and Voya Funds Services, LLC, and certain of their affiliates (collectively "Voya" or the "Program Manager") will establish the Account or Accounts, effective on receipt and acceptance by the Advisor Program of the completed Application and the minimum initial contribution required for each Account. Each Account will be governed by this Participation Agreement and the applicable Advisor Program rules, as set forth in Act and the Code. Account assets will be held, subject to the Act and the Code, for the exclusive benefit of the Participant and the Beneficiary.

3. Contributions to accounts.

(a) *Required initial contribution.* The Participant will make an initial contribution of at least \$250 to each Option at the time the Account is opened. The minimum initial contribution will be reduced if the Participant participates in an Automatic Investment Plan or payroll direct deposit as outlined in the Program Description.

(b) *Additional contributions.* The Participant may make additional minimum contributions in amounts as set forth in the Program Description or more per Option to any Account at any time, subject to the maximum limits on contributions described below.

(c) *Acceptable contribution methods.* Contributions to an Account may be made via check, wire transfer, electronic funds transfer, or any other method permitted by the Act and the Code. Qualified Rollover contributions to an Account from another qualified tuition program must be accompanied by the Incoming Rollover Form.

(d) *Maximum permissible contributions.* The Trustee, from time to time, will establish limits on the amount of contributions that may be made to Accounts for any one Beneficiary, as required by the Code, the Act, and applicable rules. Contributions in excess of those limits will not be accepted and will be returned to the contributor.

(e) *Right to refuse contributions.* Contributions may be refused, in whole or in part, if the Trustee or the Program Manager reasonably believes that the purpose is for other than funding the Qualified Education Expenses of the Beneficiary of an Account.

4. Designation of Beneficiary; change of Beneficiary. The Participant will name a Beneficiary for each Account on the Application. The Participant may change the Beneficiary of any Account without adverse federal income tax consequences, provided that the new Beneficiary is a Member of the Family, within the meaning of the Code, of the current Beneficiary. To change a Beneficiary, the Participant must complete and sign a Change of Registration Form. The change will be effective when the Program Manager has received and processed the Change of Registration Form. A change of Beneficiary will result in the assignment of a new Account number and may result in the reallocation of the Account's assets to an appropriate Option.

5. Distributions from accounts; termination of accounts.

(a) *Distributions from accounts.* The Participant may direct distributions from an Account by providing the Advisor Program with a Withdrawal Request Form and any additional information or documentation required by the State, Trustee, or the Program Manager.

(b) *Tax on non-qualified distributions.* The earnings portion of Non-Qualified Withdrawals will be subject to all applicable federal and state and/or local taxes, potentially including the additional 10% federal tax on earnings, for which the Participant or recipient shall be liable.

(c) *Termination of accounts.* The Participant, the Program Manager, or the Trustee may terminate an Account as provided under the Act, the Code, or the Advisor Program rules. If the Trustee, or the Program Manager finds that the Participant or a Beneficiary has provided false or misleading information to the Trustee, the Program Manager, or an Eligible Educational Institution with respect to an Account, the Trustee, the Program Manager, may terminate the Account. The remaining Account balance may be distributed to the Participant and may be treated as a Non-Qualified Withdrawal that is subject to all applicable federal and state and/or local taxes, potentially including the additional 10% federal tax on earnings, for which the Participant shall be liable.

6. Participant's representations. The Participant represents and agrees as follows:

(a) The Participant understands that the value of an Account will increase or decrease, based on the performance of the Option in which Account assets are invested; that each Option will invest in mutual funds or other securities selected by the Trustee; that the value of an Account may be more or less than the amount invested in the Account; and that all contributions to an Account are subject to investment risks, including the risk of loss of all or part of the Participant's contribution. Except for the initial placement of funds within one of the available Options, the Participant agrees that all investment decisions for the Options will be made by the Trustee and that the Participant will not direct the investment of any funds contributed to the Advisor Program, either directly or indirectly. THE PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THERE IS NO GUARANTEE OF A RATE OF INTEREST OR RETURN ON ANY ACCOUNT OR OF THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL, INTEREST, OR RETURN ON ANY ACCOUNT, OR THAT THE INTENDED TAX ADVANTAGES FOR THE ACCOUNT MAY BE AFFECTED BY FUTURE CHANGES IN TAX LAWS, REGULATIONS, OR RULES. INVESTMENTS ARE NOT INSURED OR GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES; THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION; THE STATE; THE TRUST; THE TRUSTEE; ANY AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OR OF THE STATE.

(b) The Participant is required to select an Option for each Account from among the choices provided on the Application. The Participant understands that the Option selected for an Account may be changed twice per calendar year and upon a change in the Beneficiary, except as permitted by the Code and any applicable regulations, rules, announcements, notices, or other guidance issued thereunder. The Participant understands that only the Trustee will have the authority to make decisions concerning the investments in which the Options will invest.

(c) The Participant understands that participation in the Advisor Program does not guarantee that any Beneficiary: (i) will be admitted as a student to any educational institution; (ii) if accepted, will be permitted to continue as a student; (iii) will graduate from any educational institution; (iv) will be treated as a state resident of any state for tuition purposes; or (v) will achieve any particular treatment under applicable federal or state financial aid programs. Further, the participant understands that participation in the Advisor Program does not guarantee in-state tuition rates.

(d) The Participant will not use an Account as collateral for any loan and agrees that any attempted use of an Account as collateral for a loan shall be void.

(e) The Participant will not assign or transfer any interest in any Account except as provided by the Code, the Act, or the Trustee and agrees that any attempted assignment or transfer of such an interest shall be void.

(f) The Participant understands that the Advisor Program will not lend money or other assets to any Participant or Beneficiary.

(g) The Participant has received, read, and understood the Program Description.

(h) The Advisor Program is established and maintained pursuant to Iowa State law and is intended to qualify for certain federal income tax consequences under the Code. Such Iowa State laws and the Code are subject to change, and the Trust, the Trustee, nor the Program Manager makes any representations that such Iowa State laws or the Code will not be changed or repealed.

(i) The Trustee or the Program Manager may redeem or close an Account, without the Account Owner's permission, in cases of suspicious, fraudulent, or illegal activity or activity that may otherwise expose the State, the Trust, the Trustee, the Advisor Program, or the Program Manager (or its affiliates) to legal, reputational, or other risk. Further, if an Account closure or redemption occurs as a result of the foregoing, any market loss, tax implications, penalties, or other expenses will be solely borne by the Account Owner.

7. Fees and expenses. The Trustee will make the following charges against the Advisor Program and the Accounts to pay for the costs of managing and administering the Advisor Program and the Accounts:

(a) *Daily charges.* Each Option of the Advisor Program will be subject to a daily asset-based charge as described in the Program Description.

(b) *Fees.* Each Account may be subject to fees charged in the amounts and as described in the Program Description.

(c) *Financial intermediary fees.* Accounts opened through broker/dealers or financial intermediaries, and in certain situations sold through VID, may be subject to initial and contingent deferred sales charges and will be subject to an ongoing annual charge, as described in the Program Description. In addition, the Program Manager may make additional payments, out of its own assets, as described in the Program Description, to such broker/dealers or financial intermediaries following the opening of an Account.

8. Necessity of qualification. The Advisor Program intends to qualify for favorable federal tax treatment under the Code. Because this qualification is vital to the Advisor Program, the Trustee may amend this Participation Agreement at any time if the Trustee decides that the change is needed to meet the requirements of the Code or its applicable regulations, Iowa State law, or applicable rules promulgated by the Trustee.

9. Reports. The Program Manager will send the Participant, at least annually, reports that show the value of each Account and activity in the Account during the previous year. If applicable, the Program Manager will provide tax reporting as required under the Act, the Code, and any applicable regulations.

10. Program Manager Rights and Responsibilities. The Program Manager reserves the right to:

(a) Freeze an Account or suspend Account services or do both when the Advisor Program has received reasonable notice of a dispute regarding the assets in an Account, including notice of a dispute in Account ownership or when the Advisor Program reasonably believes a fraudulent transaction may occur or has occurred;

(b) Freeze an Account or suspend Account services or do both upon the notification to the Advisor Program of the death of the Participant until the Advisor Program receives required documentation in good order and reasonably believes that it is lawful to transfer the Account ownership to the Successor Account Owner;

(c) Close an Account and distribute any funds within the Account to the Participant without the Participant's permission, in cases of threatening conduct or suspicious, fraudulent, or illegal activity; and

(d) Reject a contribution for any reason, including contributions that the Advisor Program believes are not in the best interests of the Advisor Program, an Option, or the Participants.

The risk of market loss, tax implications, penalties, and any other expenses, as a result of such an Account freeze, Account closure, or contribution rejection, will be solely the Participant's responsibility.

The Program Manager will provide each Participant with a fourth quarter statement. In addition, the Program Administrator will provide each Participant that had an Account with either contributions or withdrawals in the first, second, or third quarter with a quarterly statement for that Account.

11. Amendment and termination. The Trustee may from time to time, and without the consent of the Participant or of the Beneficiary, amend the Advisor Program, this Participation Agreement, the Program Description, or Advisor Program rules, and may suspend or terminate the Advisor Program, by giving written notice to the Participant, but a Participant's Account may not thereby be diverted from the exclusive benefit of the Participant and his or her Beneficiaries. Nothing contained in the Program Description, this Participation Agreement, or the Advisor Program rules is an agreement or representation by the Trustee or any other person that it will continue to maintain the Advisor Program indefinitely.

12. Disputes. Any claim by a Participant against the State, the Trust, the Trustee, the Advisor Program, or any of their respective officers, employees, or agents made pursuant to this Participation Agreement or the Advisor Program shall be made solely against the assets of the Advisor Program Account into which the Participant has invested and to which the Participant's claim relates. A Participant who has had a

substantial interest affected by a decision of the Trustee or the State may appeal to the Trustee or the State, respectively, in writing. The Trustee or the State shall review the documentation and other submissions and make a determination within 60 days. The Trustee or the State's appeal determination shall be in writing and returned to the appellant. All appeal decisions of the Trustee or the State shall be final.

13. Arbitration. The following is a pre-dispute arbitration clause, which is a condition to investing in the Advisor Program. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Advisor Program or the Participation Agreement, or the breach, termination or validity of this Advisor Program or the Participation Agreement, shall be settled by arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association (the "AAA") in accordance with its Commercial Arbitration Rules (except that if VID is a party to the arbitration, it may elect that arbitration will instead be subject to its Code of Arbitration Procedure of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority) which are made part of this Agreement, and judgment on the award rendered by the arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. To the extent permitted, the arbitrator(s) shall be selected from the securities industry.

By the Participant signing this Participation Agreement and upon acceptance of the Participant's initial contribution to the Advisor Program, the Participant and the other parties to this Agreement agree as follows:

- (a) All parties to this Participation Agreement are giving up important rights under state law, including the right to sue each other in court and the right to a trial by jury, except as provided by the rules of the arbitration forum;
- (b) Arbitration awards are generally final and binding; a party's ability to have a court reverse or modify an arbitration award is very limited;
- (c) The ability of the parties to obtain documents, witness statements and other discovery is generally more limited in arbitration than in court proceedings;
- (d) The potential costs of arbitration may be more or less than the cost of litigation;
- (e) The arbitrators do not have to explain the reason(s) for their award;
- (f) The panel of arbitrators will typically include a minority of arbitrators who were or are affiliated with the securities industry;
- (g) The rules of the arbitration forum may impose time limits for bringing a claim in arbitration;
- (h) In some cases, a claim that is eligible for arbitration may be brought in court; and
- (i) No person shall bring a putative or certified class action to arbitration, nor seek to enforce any pre-dispute arbitration agreement against any person who has initiated in court a putative class action; who is a member of a putative class who has opted out of the class with respect to any claims encompassed by the putative class action until: (i) the class certification is denied; (ii) the class is decertified; or (iii) the customer is excluded from the class by the court. Such forbearance to enforce an agreement to arbitrate shall not constitute a waiver of any rights under this agreement except to the extent set forth in this Section.

14. Miscellaneous. The substantive laws of Iowa will govern this Participation Agreement. The Application is incorporated by reference herein and the Participant's execution of the Application will constitute execution of this Participation Agreement. In the event that any clause, provision, or portion of this Participation Agreement is found to be invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, that clause or portion will be severed from this Participation Agreement and the remainder shall continue in full force and effect as if such clause or portion had never been included.

15. Definitions. Terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Advisor Program rules.

PRIVACY: IMPORTANT NOTICE

The Trustee considers protecting the privacy and security of the nonpublic, personal information it holds concerning each Account Owner and Beneficiary a top priority. The Trustee has also received assurance from the Program Manager that it is a top priority for the Program Manager. Specifically, both the Trustee and the Program Manager adhere to the following privacy policy for the benefit of current and past Account Owners and Beneficiaries.

Personal and financial information pertaining to Account Owners and Beneficiaries is not available to the public. However, financial intermediaries through which Account Owners may contribute may have their own policies regarding confidentiality of this information.

Types of information collected

The types of nonpublic, personal information collected by the Trustee, the Program Manager, and nonaffiliated third parties acting on the Program Manager's behalf may include:

- Information the Account Owner or Beneficiary provides to the IAdvisor 529 Plan on the Application or otherwise, such as name, address, and Social Security number;
- Information the Trustee, the Program Manager, and authorized third parties may acquire as a result of administering an Account, such as transactions (contributions or distributions) or account balance; and
- Information from third parties that assists us in servicing your account and marketing products to you to better serve your investment goals.

Limitation on sharing of information

Iowa State law provides that the Trustee and the Program Manager, acting as its agent, must keep personal and financial information pertaining to an Account Owner or a Beneficiary private, except that the Trustee may release to the appropriate State agency information necessary in determining a Beneficiary's eligibility for State financial aid for qualified higher education. Neither the Trustee nor the Program Manager will disclose such nonpublic, personal information to anyone except as permitted by law.

The Trustee or the Program Manager may in the future use information about the Account Owner or Beneficiary to identify and alert the Account Owner about savings or investment programs that may be of interest to the Account Owner. If the Account Owner does not want to receive such information, the Account Owner should call the Program Manager at 1-800-774-5127.

Security

The Trustee and Voya, maintain appropriate physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect this nonpublic, personal information about Account Owner and Beneficiaries.

IAdvisor 529 Plan
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P.O. Box 9659
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1-800-774-5127
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VOYA™